

Converting Colors

`RYB(104, 203, 196)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(104, 203, 196) contains.

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Color

R_YB(104, 203, 196)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6FCB68
RGB	111, 203, 104
RGB Percent	44%, 80%, 41%
CMY	0.5647, 0.2039, 0.5922
CMYK	0.45, 0.00, 0.49, 0.20
HSL	116°, 49%, 60%
HSV	116°, 49%, 80%
XYZ	30.4102, 47.0909, 20.5834
YIQ	164.2060, -23.0530, -50.2930

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

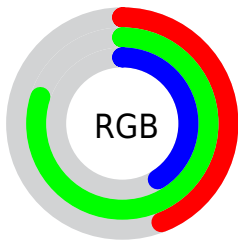
Format	Color
RYB	104, 203, 196
Decimal	7326568
CIELab	74.25, -47.02, 40.82
CIELCh	74, 62.266, 139.042
Yxy	47.0909, 0.3100, 0.4801
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285516648 (0xFF6FCB68)
YUV	164.2060, -29.6816, -46.6617
Hunter-Lab	68.6228, -40.9876, 30.2519

Details

The RYB color **104, 203, 196** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **66CC66**. A complement of this color would be **196, 104, 203**, and the grayscale version is **165, 165, 165**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **157, 255, 244**, and **53, 147, 148** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **84, 203, 195**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **124, 203, 197**.

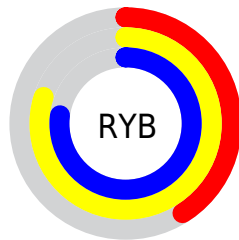
Distribution



Red (44%)

Green (80%)

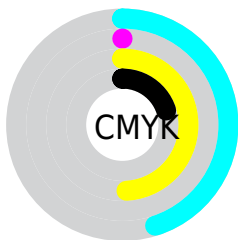
Blue (41%)



Red (41%)

Yellow (80%)

Blue (77%)

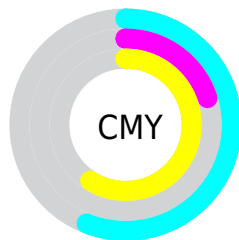


Cyan (45%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (49%)

Black (20%)



Cyan (56%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (59%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 104, 203, 196 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 104, 203, 196 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 104, 203, 196

255, 255, 255


 157, 255, 244


 184, 255, 243


 212, 255, 242


 241, 255, 241

 104, 203, 196

 79, 175, 171

 53, 147, 148

 15, 110, 122

 0, 96, 96

 0, 71, 71

 0, 48, 48

 0, 23, 23

 0, 0, 0

 104, 203, 196

 104, 203, 196

■ 84, 203, 195

■ 124, 203, 197

■ 63, 203, 193

■ 145, 203, 199

■ 43, 203, 192

■ 165, 203, 200

■ 23, 203, 190

■ 185, 203, 202

■ 3, 203, 189

■ 205, 203, 206

■ 0, 203, 189

■ 224, 203, 226

■ 243, 203, 246

■ 255, 203, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



67, 191, 79



104, 203, 196



0, 119, 209

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



104, 203, 196



0, 111, 255



255, 133, 148

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



104, 203, 196



196, 104, 203

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 134, 206



104, 203, 196



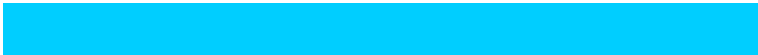
148, 170, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



104, 203, 196



0, 114, 255



232, 152, 255



255, 176, 98

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



104, 203, 196



0, 109, 211



232, 152, 255



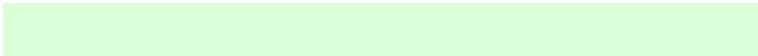
255, 131, 167

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



104, 203, 196



217, 255, 253



113, 203, 104



105, 128, 127



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



104, 203, 196



105, 255, 245



104, 174, 203



92, 102, 101



0, 166, 154



0, 38, 35

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



196, 104, 203



244, 105, 255



203, 104, 162



101, 92, 102



154, 0, 166



36, 0, 38

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 104, 203, 196 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 104, 203, 196 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 104, 203, 196 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 104, 203, 196.

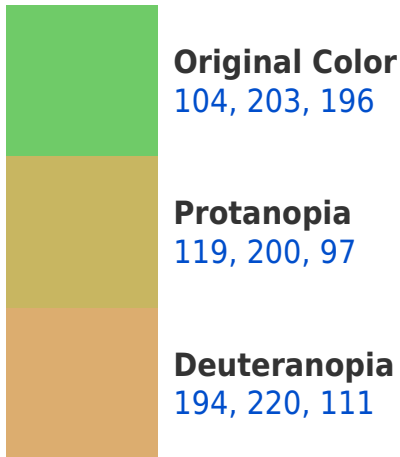


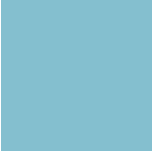
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 104, 203, 196.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
132, 165, 207

Trichromacy



Original Color

104, 203, 196



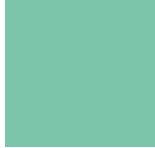
Protanomaly

100, 190, 122



Deuteranomaly

108, 184, 112



Tritanomaly

124, 168, 196

Monochromacy



Original Color

104, 203, 196



Achromatopsia

164, 164, 164



Achromatomaly

142, 178, 175

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 104, 203, 196 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(111, 203, 104)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(111, 203, 104)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(111, 203, 104) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(111, 203, 104) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 104, 203, 196 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(111, 203, 104) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(111, 203, 104) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(111, 203, 104)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(111, 203, 104); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 203, 104);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 203,  
104) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 104, 203, 196 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(111, 203, 104) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(111,  
203, 104) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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