

Converting Colors

`RYB(104, 69, 176)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(104, 69, 176) contains.

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Color

R_YB(104, 69, 176)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6845B0
RGB	104, 69, 176
RGB Percent	41%, 27%, 69%
CMY	0.5922, 0.7294, 0.3098
CMYK	0.41, 0.61, 0.00, 0.31
HSL	260°, 44%, 48%
HSV	260°, 61%, 69%
XYZ	15.6735, 10.3339, 42.2429
YIQ	91.6630, -13.4870, 40.6970

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

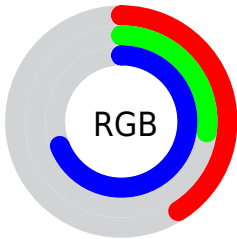
Format	Color
R_{YB}	104, 69, 176
Decimal	6833584
CIE _{Lab}	38.44, 39.55, -52.01
CIE _{LCh}	38, 65.345, 307.250
Yxy	10.3339, 0.2296, 0.1514
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285023664 (0xFF6845B0)
YUV	91.6630, 41.5781, 10.8195
Hunter-Lab	32.1464, 30.7746, -55.4093

Details

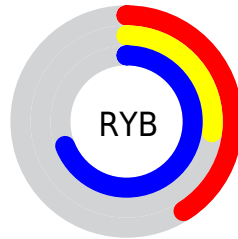
The RYB color **104, 69, 176** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663399**. A complement of this color would be **69, 176, 104**, and the grayscale version is **91, 91, 91**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **160, 119, 232**, and **48, 22, 122** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **92, 51, 176**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **116, 87, 176**.

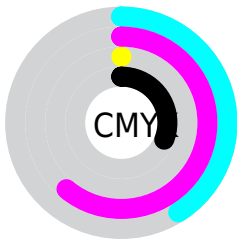
Distribution



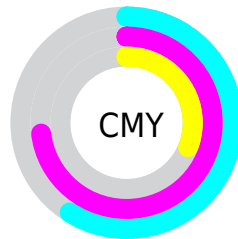
- Red (41%)
- Green (27%)
- Blue (69%)



- Red (41%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Blue (69%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (31%)



- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (73%)
- Yellow (31%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 104, 69, 176 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 104, 69, 176 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



104, 69, 176



104, 69, 176

255, 255, 255



76, 45, 149



160, 119, 232



48, 22, 122



188, 145, 255



13, 0, 97



217, 172, 255



0, 0, 73



246, 199, 255



0, 4, 49



255, 228, 255



0, 1, 27



0, 0, 0



104, 69, 176



104, 69, 176



92, 51, 176



116, 87, 176

■ 80, 34, 176

■ 128, 104, 176

■ 68, 16, 176

■ 140, 122, 176

■ 58, 0, 176

■ 151, 139, 176

■ 163, 157, 176

■ 175, 175, 176

■ 176, 192, 181

■ 176, 210, 187

■ 176, 227, 192

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 64, 197



104, 69, 176



161, 32, 133

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



104, 69, 176



138, 142, 0



0, 59, 113

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



104, 69, 176



69, 176, 104

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 78, 110



104, 69, 176



8, 100, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



104, 69, 176



172, 41, 28



0, 104, 66



0, 65, 154

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



104, 69, 176



178, 1, 98



0, 104, 66



0, 64, 112

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



104, 69, 176



202, 188, 230



69, 112, 176



98, 90, 115



242, 242, 242



115, 115, 115

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



104, 69, 176



117, 62, 230



156, 69, 176



83, 80, 89



50, 0, 153



8, 0, 26

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



176, 69, 141



230, 62, 175



69, 176, 156



89, 80, 86



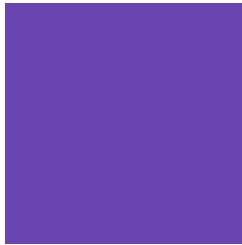
153, 0, 103



26, 0, 17

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 104, 69, 176 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 104, 69, 176 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

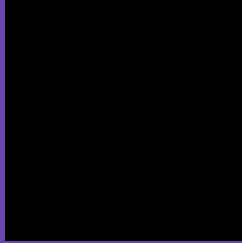
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 104, 69, 176 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 104, 69, 176.

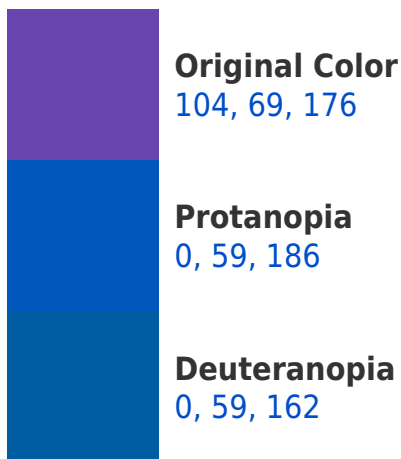



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 104, 69, 176.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
86, 90, 98

Trichromacy



Original Color

104, 69, 176



Protanomaly

38, 71, 182



Deuteranomaly

38, 72, 167



Tritanomaly

93, 83, 126

Monochromacy



Original Color

104, 69, 176



Achromatopsia

92, 92, 92



Achromatomaly

96, 84, 123

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 104, 69, 176 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(104, 69, 176)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(104, 69, 176)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(104, 69, 176) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(104, 69, 176) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 104, 69, 176 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(104, 69, 176) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(104, 69, 176) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(104, 69, 176)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(104, 69, 176); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 69, 176);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 69,  
176) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 104, 69, 176 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(104, 69, 176) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(104, 69,  
176) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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