

Converting Colors

`RYB(104, 71, 197)`

Have a look what the booklet for RYB(104, 71, 197) contains.

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Color

R_YB(104, 71, 197)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6847C5
RGB	104, 71, 197
RGB Percent	41%, 28%, 77%
CMY	0.5922, 0.7216, 0.2275
CMYK	0.47, 0.64, 0.00, 0.23
HSL	256°, 52%, 53%
HSV	256°, 64%, 77%
XYZ	18.0402, 11.4808, 54.0885
YIQ	95.2310, -20.7780, 46.1820

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

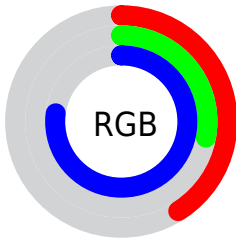
Format	Color
R_{YB}	104, 71, 197
Decimal	6834117
CIE _{Lab}	40.38, 44.33, -61.19
CIE _{LCh}	40, 75.564, 305.924
Yxy	11.4808, 0.2158, 0.1373
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285024197 (0xFF6847C5)
YUV	95.2310, 50.1721, 7.6904
Hunter-Lab	33.8833, 35.7417, -70.9275

Details

The RYB color **104, 71, 197** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6633CC**. The color can be described as dark muted purple. A complement of this color would be **71, 197, 104**, and the grayscale version is **95, 95, 95**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **161, 121, 255**, and **43, 23, 142** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **89, 51, 197**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **119, 91, 197**.

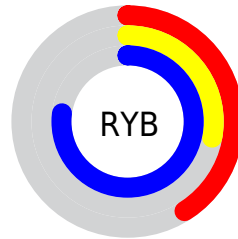
Distribution



Red (41%)

Green (28%)

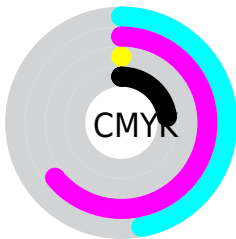
Blue (77%)



Red (41%)

Yellow (28%)

Blue (77%)

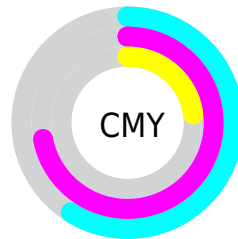


Cyan (47%)

Magenta (64%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (23%)



Cyan (59%)


Magenta (72%)

Yellow (23%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 104, 71, 197 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 104, 71, 197 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 104, 71, 197


 104, 71, 197

255, 255, 255


 75, 47, 169

 161, 121, 255

 43, 23, 142

 191, 148, 255

 0, 0, 116

 220, 175, 255

 0, 0, 91

 250, 202, 255

 0, 5, 66

 255, 231, 255

 0, 3, 43

 0, 1, 21

 0, 0, 0

 104, 71, 197

 104, 71, 197

■ 89, 51, 197

■ 119, 91, 197

■ 75, 32, 197

■ 133, 110, 197

■ 60, 12, 197

■ 148, 130, 197

■ 52, 0, 197

■ 162, 150, 197

■ 177, 170, 197

■ 191, 189, 197

■ 197, 209, 200

■ 197, 229, 206

■ 197, 248, 210

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 69, 221



104, 71, 197



175, 11, 147

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



104, 71, 197



155, 134, 0



0, 64, 120

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



104, 71, 197



71, 197, 104

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 87, 117



104, 71, 197



10, 106, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



104, 71, 197



189, 23, 25



0, 111, 80



0, 70, 167

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



104, 71, 197



195, 0, 106



0, 111, 80



0, 69, 119

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



104, 71, 197



219, 207, 255



71, 125, 197



106, 98, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



104, 71, 197



110, 59, 255



166, 71, 197



92, 90, 99



43, 0, 163



9, 0, 36

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



197, 71, 164



255, 59, 204



71, 197, 165



99, 90, 97



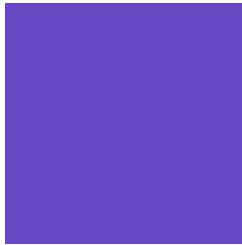
163, 0, 120



36, 0, 26

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 104, 71, 197 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

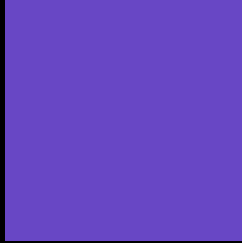
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 104, 71, 197 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 104, 71, 197 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 104, 71, 197.

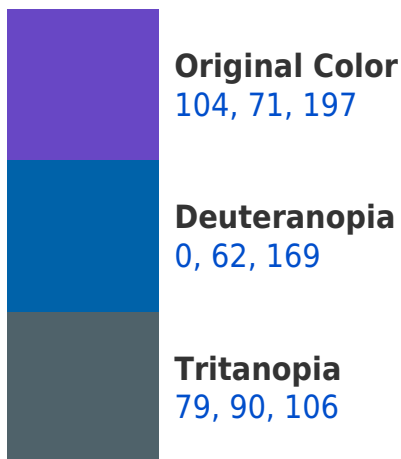


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 104, 71, 197.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Trichromacy



Original Color
104, 71, 197

Deuteranomaly
38, 75, 179

Tritanomaly
88, 88, 139

Monochromacy



Original Color
104, 71, 197

Achromatopsia
95, 95, 95

Achromatomaly
98, 86, 132

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 104, 71, 197 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(104, 71, 197)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(104, 71, 197)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(104, 71, 197) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(104, 71, 197) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 104, 71, 197 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(104, 71, 197) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(104, 71, 197) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(104, 71, 197)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(104, 71, 197); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 71, 197);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 71,  
197) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 104, 71, 197 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(104, 71, 197) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(104, 71,  
197) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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