

Converting Colors

`RYB(105, 171, 87)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(105, 171, 87) contains.

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Color

$\text{RYB}(105, 171, 87)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AB9C57
RGB	171, 156, 87
RGB Percent	67%, 61%, 34%
CMY	0.3294, 0.3875, 0.6588
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.49, 0.33
HSL	49°, 33%, 51%
HSV	49°, 49%, 67%
XYZ	30.4330, 33.1823, 13.8176
YIQ	152.6190, 31.0890, -18.2790

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

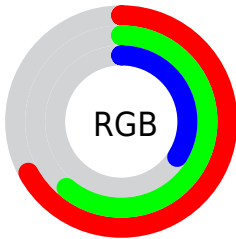
Format	Color
RYB	105, 171, 87
Decimal	11246679
CIELab	64.31, -4.09, 37.96
CIElCh	64, 38.177, 96.155
Yxy	33.1823, 0.3930, 0.4285
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289436759 (0xFFAB9C57)
YUV	152.6190, -32.3502, 16.1201
Hunter-Lab	57.6040, -6.5031, 26.1008

Details

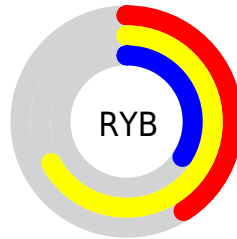
The RYB color **105, 171, 87** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **87, 100, 171**, and the grayscale version is **153, 153, 153**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **161, 228, 138**, and **53, 117, 39** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **92, 171, 70**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **119, 171, 104**.

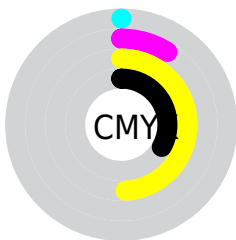
Distribution



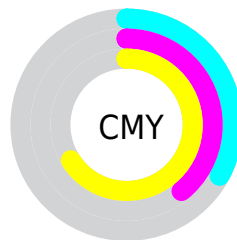
- Red (67%)
- Green (61%)
- Blue (34%)



- Red (41%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (34%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Black (33%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (66%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 105, 171, 87 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 105, 171, 87 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 105, 171, 87  105, 171, 87

255, 255, 255  80, 144, 63

 159, 228, 138  52, 117, 38

 184, 255, 165  24, 91, 13

 193, 255, 193  9, 66, 0

 221, 255, 221  4, 41, 0

 249, 255, 249  0, 17, 4

 0, 0, 0

 105, 171, 87  105, 171, 87

 92, 171, 70  119, 171, 104

■ 79, 171, 53

■ 132, 171, 121

■ 65, 171, 36

■ 145, 171, 138

■ 52, 171, 19

■ 159, 171, 155

■ 37, 171, 1

■ 171, 171, 172

■ 36, 171, 0

■ 171, 174, 190

■ 171, 176, 207

■ 171, 179, 224

■ 171, 181, 241

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



200, 189, 94



105, 171, 87



99, 166, 130

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



105, 171, 87



0, 91, 195



204, 133, 184

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



105, 171, 87



87, 100, 171

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



169, 144, 211



105, 171, 87



46, 117, 217

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



105, 171, 87



32, 106, 174



116, 146, 223



221, 129, 150

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



105, 171, 87



107, 161, 170



116, 146, 223



195, 136, 194

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



105, 171, 87



196, 222, 189



171, 87, 102



96, 112, 92



240, 240, 240



112, 112, 112

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



105, 171, 87



119, 222, 91



87, 171, 114



81, 87, 78



31, 150, 0



5, 23, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87, 100, 171



91, 111, 222



114, 87, 171



78, 80, 87



0, 23, 150



0, 3, 23

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 105, 171, 87 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

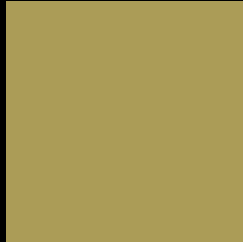
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 105, 171, 87 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 105, 171, 87 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 105, 171, 87.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 105, 171, 87.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
105, 171, 87

Protanopia
105, 171, 87

Deuteranopia
158, 190, 89



Tritanopia
178, 148, 159

Trichromacy



Original Color
105, 171, 87

Protanomaly
105, 171, 87

Deuteranomaly
134, 183, 88

Tritanomaly
175, 165, 133

Monochromacy



Original Color
105, 171, 87

Achromatopsia
153, 153, 153

Achromatomaly
136, 160, 129

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 105, 171, 87 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(171, 156, 87)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(171, 156, 87)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(171, 156, 87) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(171, 156, 87) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 105, 171, 87 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(171, 156, 87) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(171, 156, 87) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(171, 156, 87)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(171, 156, 87); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 156, 87);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 156,  
87) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 171, 156, 87 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(171, 156, 87) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(171,  
156, 87) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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