

Converting Colors

`RYB(105, 68, 200)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(105, 68, 200) contains.

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Color

R_YB(105, 68, 200)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6944C8
RGB	105, 68, 200
RGB Percent	41%, 27%, 78%
CMY	0.5882, 0.7333, 0.2157
CMYK	0.48, 0.66, 0.00, 0.22
HSL	257°, 55%, 53%
HSV	257°, 66%, 78%
XYZ	18.3181, 11.3076, 55.8607
YIQ	94.1110, -20.3200, 48.8960

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

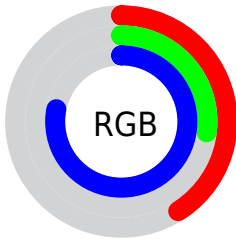
Format	Color
R_{YB}	105, 68, 200
Decimal	6898888
CIE _{Lab}	40.09, 47.03, -63.39
CIE _{LCh}	40, 78.934, 306.570
Yxy	11.3076, 0.2143, 0.1323
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285088968 (0xFF6944C8)
YUV	94.1110, 52.2033, 9.5497
Hunter-Lab	33.6268, 38.3906, -74.9535

Details

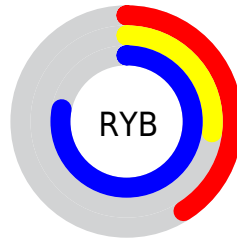
The RYB color **105, 68, 200** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6633CC**. The color can be described as dark muted purple. A complement of this color would be **68, 200, 105**, and the grayscale version is **94, 94, 94**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **163, 118, 255**, and **43, 19, 145** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **91, 48, 200**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **119, 88, 200**.

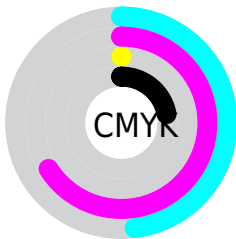
Distribution



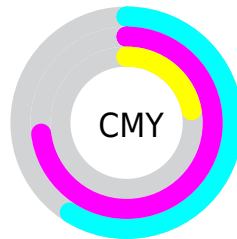
- Red (41%)
- Green (27%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (41%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (66%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (22%)




- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (73%)
- Yellow (22%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 105, 68, 200 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 105, 68, 200 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 105, 68, 200


 105, 68, 200


255, 255, 255

 75, 44, 172

 163, 118, 255

 43, 19, 145

 192, 145, 255

 0, 0, 118

 222, 172, 255

 0, 0, 93

 252, 200, 255

 0, 4, 68

 255, 228, 255

 0, 3, 45

 0, 1, 23

 0, 0, 0

 105, 68, 200

 105, 68, 200

■ 91, 48, 200

■ 119, 88, 200

■ 76, 28, 200

■ 134, 108, 200

■ 62, 8, 200

■ 148, 128, 200

■ 56, 0, 200

■ 163, 148, 200

■ 177, 168, 200

■ 191, 188, 200

■ 200, 208, 202

■ 200, 228, 208

■ 200, 248, 213

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 69, 225



105, 68, 200



178, 0, 147

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



105, 68, 200



155, 128, 0



0, 63, 120

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



105, 68, 200



68, 200, 105

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 88, 117



105, 68, 200



6, 103, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



105, 68, 200



191, 11, 19



0, 111, 93



0, 71, 171

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



105, 68, 200



198, 0, 105



0, 111, 93



0, 69, 119

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



105, 68, 200



218, 204, 255



68, 124, 200



105, 97, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



105, 68, 200



110, 54, 255



169, 68, 200



92, 90, 99



46, 0, 163



10, 0, 36

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



200, 68, 163



255, 54, 199



68, 200, 169



99, 90, 97



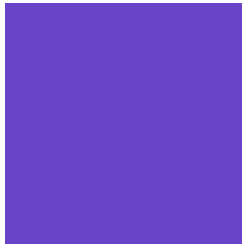
163, 0, 117



36, 0, 26

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 105, 68, 200 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

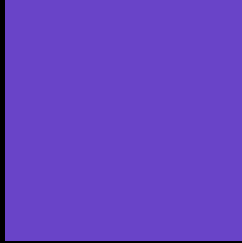
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 105, 68, 200 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 105, 68, 200 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 105, 68, 200.

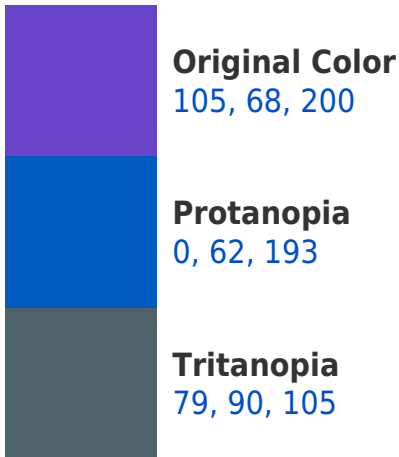


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 105, 68, 200.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Trichromacy



Original Color
105, 68, 200

Protanomaly
38, 73, 196

Tritanomaly
88, 86, 140

Monochromacy



Original Color
105, 68, 200

Achromatopsia
94, 94, 94

Achromatomaly
98, 85, 133

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 105, 68, 200 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(105, 68, 200)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(105, 68, 200)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(105, 68, 200) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(105, 68, 200) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 105, 68, 200 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(105, 68, 200) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(105, 68, 200) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(105, 68, 200)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(105, 68, 200); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 68, 200);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 68,  
200) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 105, 68, 200 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(105, 68, 200) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(105, 68,  
200) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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