

Converting Colors

`RYB(105, 86, 147)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(105, 86, 147) contains.

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Color

R_YB(105, 86, 147)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	695693
RGB	105, 86, 147
RGB Percent	41%, 34%, 58%
CMY	0.5882, 0.6627, 0.4235
CMYK	0.29, 0.41, 0.00, 0.42
HSL	259°, 26%, 46%
HSV	259°, 41%, 58%
XYZ	14.4199, 11.7654, 29.1147
YIQ	98.6350, -8.2570, 22.9990

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

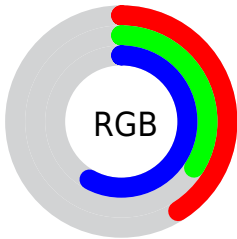
Format	Color
R_{YB}	105, 86, 147
Decimal	6903443
CIE _{Lab}	40.84, 21.67, -30.85
CIE _{LCh}	41, 37.698, 305.086
Yxy	11.7654, 0.2608, 0.2128
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285093523 (0xFF695693)
YUV	98.6350, 23.8439, 5.5821
Hunter-Lab	34.3008, 15.0146, -26.3152

Details

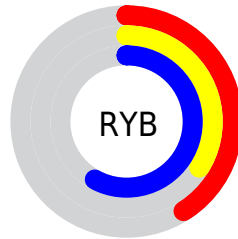
The RYB color **105, 86, 147** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. A complement of this color would be **86, 147, 105**, and the grayscale version is **98, 98, 98**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **158, 136, 201**, and **55, 40, 96** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **95, 71, 147**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **115, 101, 147**.

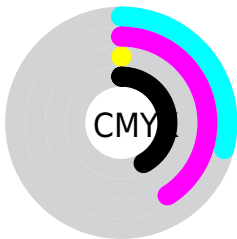
Distribution



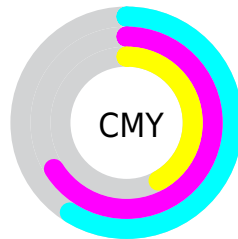
- Red (41%)
- Green (34%)
- Blue (58%)



- Red (41%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (42%)



- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (66%)
- Yellow (42%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 105, 86, 147 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 105, 86, 147 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



105, 86, 147



105, 86, 147

255, 255, 255



80, 63, 121



158, 136, 201



55, 40, 96



185, 162, 230



31, 19, 72



213, 189, 255



13, 0, 49



242, 217, 255



0, 1, 27



255, 246, 255



0, 0, 0



105, 86, 147



105, 86, 147



95, 71, 147



115, 101, 147



85, 57, 147



125, 115, 147

■ 75, 42, 147

■ 135, 130, 147

■ 65, 27, 147

■ 145, 145, 147

■ 54, 12, 147

■ 147, 159, 150

■ 46, 0, 147

■ 147, 174, 155

■ 147, 189, 160

■ 147, 204, 165

■ 147, 218, 169

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



46, 82, 158



105, 86, 147



138, 74, 123

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



105, 86, 147



134, 126, 40



0, 59, 112

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



105, 86, 147



86, 147, 105

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



29, 83, 110



105, 86, 147



47, 109, 31

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



105, 86, 147



150, 76, 62



43, 105, 72



0, 60, 131

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



105, 86, 147



150, 69, 103



43, 105, 72



0, 61, 111

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



105, 86, 147



175, 168, 191



86, 111, 147



88, 83, 97



224, 224, 224



97, 97, 97

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



105, 86, 147



125, 96, 191



135, 86, 147



69, 67, 74



43, 0, 138



3, 0, 10

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



147, 86, 128



191, 96, 161



86, 147, 135



74, 67, 72



138, 0, 95



10, 0, 7

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 105, 86, 147 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 105, 86, 147 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 105, 86, 147 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 105, 86, 147.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 105, 86, 147.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
105, 86, 147

Protanopia
73, 90, 154

Deuteranopia
74, 91, 145



Tritanopia
96, 96, 103

Trichromacy



Original Color

105, 86, 147

Protanomaly

85, 91, 151

Deuteranomaly

85, 91, 146

Tritanomaly

99, 92, 119

Monochromacy



Original Color

105, 86, 147

Achromatopsia

99, 99, 99

Achromatomaly

101, 94, 116

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 105, 86, 147 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(105, 86, 147)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(105, 86, 147)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(105, 86, 147) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(105, 86, 147) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 105, 86, 147 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(105, 86, 147) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(105, 86, 147) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(105, 86, 147)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(105, 86, 147); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 86, 147);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 86,  
147) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 105, 86, 147 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(105, 86, 147) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(105, 86,  
147) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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