

Converting Colors

`RYB(106, 111, 117)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(106, 111, 117) contains.

RYB(106, 111, 117)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

R_YB(106, 111, 117)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6A7375
RGB	106, 115, 117
RGB Percent	42%, 45%, 46%
CMY	0.5843, 0.5484, 0.5412
CMYK	0.09, 0.02, 0.00, 0.54
HSL	190°, 5%, 44%
HSV	190°, 9%, 46%
XYZ	15.3045, 16.6480, 19.2364
YIQ	112.5370, -6.0060, -1.2860

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

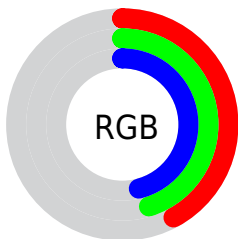
Format	Color
RYB	106, 111, 117
Decimal	6976373
CIELab	47.81, -3.04, -2.20
CIElCh	48, 3.753, 215.893
Yxy	16.6480, 0.2990, 0.3252
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285166453 (0xFF6A7375)
YUV	112.5370, 2.2003, -5.7329
Hunter-Lab	40.8020, -4.4496, 0.6087

Details

The RYB color **106, 111, 117** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **117, 108, 106**, and the grayscale version is **113, 113, 113**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **157, 162, 169**, and **59, 63, 69** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **94, 104, 117**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **118, 117, 117**.

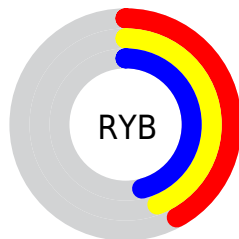
Distribution



Red (42%)

Green (45%)

Blue (46%)



Red (42%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (46%)

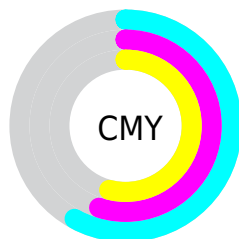


Cyan (9%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (54%)



Cyan (58%)

Magenta (55%)

Yellow (54%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 106, 111, 117 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 106, 111, 117 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 106, 111, 117

255, 255, 255

■ 157, 162, 169

■ 184, 189, 196

■ 212, 217, 224

■ 240, 246, 253

■ 106, 111, 117

■ 82, 87, 92

■ 59, 63, 69

■ 37, 41, 47

■ 17, 21, 26

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 106, 111, 117

■ 94, 104, 117

■ 83, 98, 117

■ 71, 92, 117

■ 106, 111, 117

■ 118, 117, 117

■ 129, 119, 117

■ 141, 122, 117

■ 59, 85, 117

■ 153, 124, 117

■ 48, 79, 117

■ 165, 127, 117

■ 36, 73, 117

■ 176, 129, 117

■ 24, 66, 117

■ 188, 131, 117

■ 12, 60, 117

■ 200, 134, 117

■ 1, 54, 117

■ 211, 136, 117

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



106, 111, 115



106, 111, 117



108, 112, 119

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



106, 111, 117



118, 112, 116



112, 116, 107

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



106, 111, 117



117, 108, 106

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



119, 114, 108



106, 111, 117



120, 111, 113

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



106, 111, 117



115, 112, 119



120, 113, 110



108, 114, 110

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



106, 111, 117



110, 113, 120



120, 113, 110



114, 117, 107

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



106, 111, 117



148, 150, 153



106, 115, 117



73, 75, 77



204, 204, 204



77, 77, 77

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



106, 111, 117



136, 144, 153



106, 109, 117



53, 56, 59



0, 56, 122



0, 114, 250

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



117, 106, 115



153, 136, 150



112, 117, 106



59, 53, 58



122, 0, 102



250, 0, 208

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 106, 111, 117 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

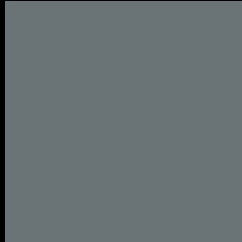
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 106, 111, 117 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

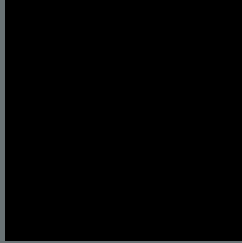
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

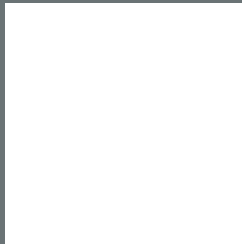
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 106, 111, 117 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 106, 111, 117.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 106, 111, 117.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

106, 111, 117

Protanopia

115, 113, 116

Deuteranopia

122, 110, 118



Tritanopia
107, 112, 123

Trichromacy



Original Color

106, 111, 117

Protanomaly

112, 113, 116

Deuteranomaly

116, 112, 118

Tritanomaly

107, 112, 121

Monochromacy



Original Color

106, 111, 117

Achromatopsia

113, 113, 113

Achromatomaly

110, 112, 114

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 106, 111, 117 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(106, 115, 117) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(106, 115, 117)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(106, 115, 117) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(106, 115, 117) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 106, 111, 117 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(106, 115, 117) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(106, 115, 117) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(106, 115, 117)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(106, 115, 117); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 115, 117);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 115,  
117) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 106, 111, 117 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(106, 115, 117) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(106,  
115, 117) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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