

Converting Colors

`RYB(106, 149, 143)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(106, 149, 143) contains.

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Color

R_YB(106, 149, 143)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	70956A
RGB	112, 149, 106
RGB Percent	44%, 58%, 42%
CMY	0.5608, 0.4157, 0.5843
CMYK	0.25, 0.00, 0.29, 0.42
HSL	112°, 17%, 50%
HSV	112°, 29%, 58%
XYZ	20.0311, 25.9802, 17.5946
YIQ	133.0350, -8.2490, -21.2170

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

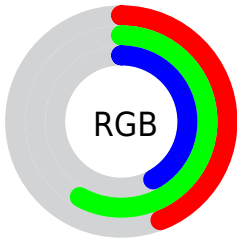
Format	Color
R_{YB}	106, 149, 143
Decimal	7378282
CIE _{Lab}	58.02, -21.50, 18.68
CIE _{LCh}	58, 28.479, 139.005
Yxy	25.9802, 0.3149, 0.4085
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285568362 (0xFF70956A)
YUV	133.0350, -13.3283, -18.4477
Hunter-Lab	50.9708, -19.0501, 15.2133

Details

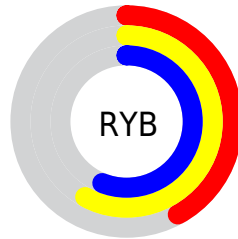
The RYB color **106, 149, 143** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **143, 106, 149**, and the grayscale version is **133, 133, 133**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **158, 203, 196**, and **58, 98, 93** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **91, 149, 141**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **121, 149, 145**.

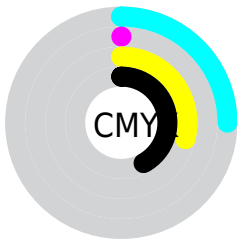
Distribution



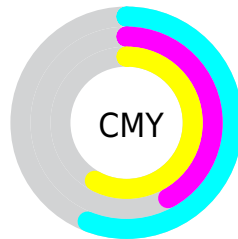
- Red (44%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Black (42%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 106, 149, 143 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 106, 149, 143 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 106, 149, 143


255, 255, 255


 158, 203, 196

 185, 231, 224

 212, 255, 247

 241, 255, 247

 106, 149, 143

 82, 123, 118

 58, 98, 93


 36, 74, 71


 15, 51, 50

 0, 31, 31


 0, 0, 0

 106, 149, 143

 91, 149, 141

 76, 149, 139

 106, 149, 143

 121, 149, 145

 136, 149, 147

■ 61, 149, 136

■ 150, 149, 151

■ 46, 149, 134

■ 163, 149, 166

■ 31, 149, 132

■ 176, 149, 181

■ 17, 149, 131

■ 189, 149, 195

■ 2, 149, 129

■ 202, 149, 210

■ 0, 149, 128

■ 215, 149, 225

■ 227, 149, 240

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



92, 143, 95



106, 149, 143



82, 124, 152

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



106, 149, 143



91, 126, 188



189, 121, 124

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



106, 149, 143



143, 106, 149

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



182, 121, 150



106, 149, 143



130, 135, 186

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



106, 149, 143



59, 110, 176



162, 128, 172



182, 135, 103

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



106, 149, 143



64, 110, 153



162, 128, 172



188, 121, 133

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



106, 149, 143



176, 194, 191



113, 149, 106



86, 97, 95



224, 224, 224



97, 97, 97

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



106, 149, 143



126, 194, 185



106, 138, 149



67, 74, 73



0, 138, 119



0, 10, 9

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



143, 106, 149



184, 126, 194



149, 106, 134



73, 67, 74



118, 0, 138



9, 0, 10

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 106, 149, 143 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 106, 149, 143 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

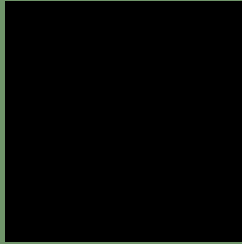
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 106, 149, 143 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 106, 149, 143.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 106, 149, 143.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
106, 149, 143

Protanopia
115, 149, 102

Deuteranopia
162, 153, 109



Tritanopia

120, 134, 154

Trichromacy



Original Color

106, 149, 143

Protanomaly

103, 143, 110

Deuteranomaly

114, 144, 108

Tritanomaly

117, 133, 145

Monochromacy



Original Color

106, 149, 143

Achromatopsia

133, 133, 133

Achromatomaly

123, 139, 137

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 106, 149, 143 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(112, 149, 106)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(112, 149, 106)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(112, 149, 106) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(112, 149, 106) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 106, 149, 143 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(112, 149, 106) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(112, 149, 106) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(112, 149, 106)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(112, 149, 106); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 149, 106);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 149,  
106) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 106, 149, 143 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(112, 149, 106) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(112,  
149, 106) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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