

Converting Colors

`RYB(107, 135, 220)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(107, 135, 220) contains.

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Color

R_YB(107, 135, 220)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6B90DC
RGB	107, 144, 220
RGB Percent	42%, 56%, 86%
CMY	0.5804, 0.4344, 0.1373
CMYK	0.51, 0.34, 0.00, 0.14
HSL	220°, 62%, 64%
HSV	220°, 51%, 86%
XYZ	28.9888, 28.3074, 71.6461
YIQ	141.6010, -46.4480, 15.7920

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

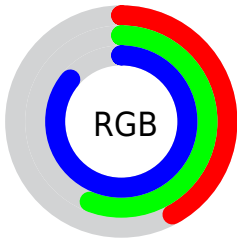
Format	Color
R _{YB}	107, 135, 220
Decimal	7049436
CIE Lab	60.17, 8.26, -42.64
CIE LCh	60, 43.430, 280.970
Yxy	28.3074, 0.2248, 0.2195
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285239516 (0xFF6B90DC)
YUV	141.6010, 38.6507, -30.3451
Hunter-Lab	53.2047, 4.1483, -42.5974

Details

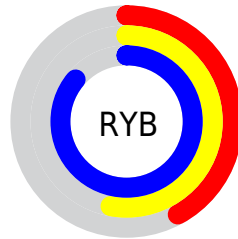
The RYB color **107, 135, 220** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6699FF**. A complement of this color would be **162, 220, 107**, and the grayscale version is **141, 141, 141**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **164, 189, 255**, and **47, 81, 165** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **85, 118, 220**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **129, 152, 220**.

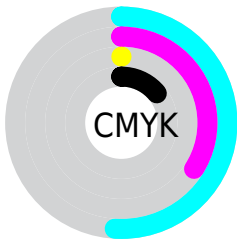
Distribution



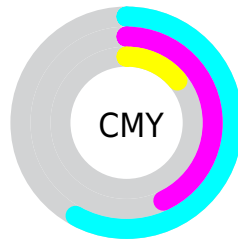
- Red (42%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (86%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (86%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (14%)




- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (14%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RYB color 107, 135, 220 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 107, 135, 220 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 107, 135, 220

 107, 135, 220

255, 255, 255

 78, 108, 192

 164, 189, 255

 47, 81, 165

 193, 215, 255

 0, 47, 138

 222, 238, 255

 0, 34, 112

 252, 254, 255

 0, 22, 87

 0, 1, 64

 0, 3, 41

 0, 1, 18

 0, 0, 0

■ 107, 135, 220

■ 107, 135, 220

■ 85, 118, 220

■ 129, 152, 220

■ 63, 102, 220

■ 151, 168, 220

■ 41, 85, 220

■ 173, 184, 220

■ 19, 69, 220

■ 195, 201, 220

■ 0, 54, 220

■ 217, 218, 220

■ 229, 239, 220

■ 230, 255, 220

■ 220, 255, 220

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 91, 217



107, 135, 220



167, 130, 203

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



107, 135, 220



211, 127, 97



56, 123, 163

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



107, 135, 220



162, 220, 107

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



85, 157, 129



107, 135, 220



173, 188, 72

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



107, 135, 220



217, 113, 132



75, 154, 67



0, 84, 165

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



107, 135, 220



193, 120, 183



75, 154, 67



78, 140, 161

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



107, 135, 220



217, 226, 255



107, 175, 220



105, 110, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



107, 135, 220



97, 136, 255



126, 107, 220



99, 101, 110



0, 43, 173



0, 11, 46

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



220, 107, 144



255, 97, 149



107, 220, 126



110, 99, 102



173, 0, 57



46, 0, 15

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 107, 135, 220 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

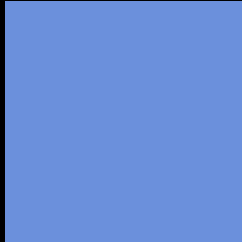
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 107, 135, 220 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 107, 135, 220 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 107, 135, 220.

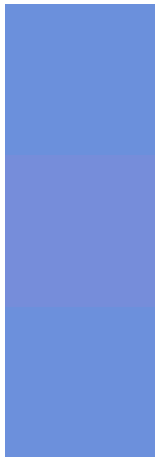


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 107, 135, 220.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
107, 135, 220

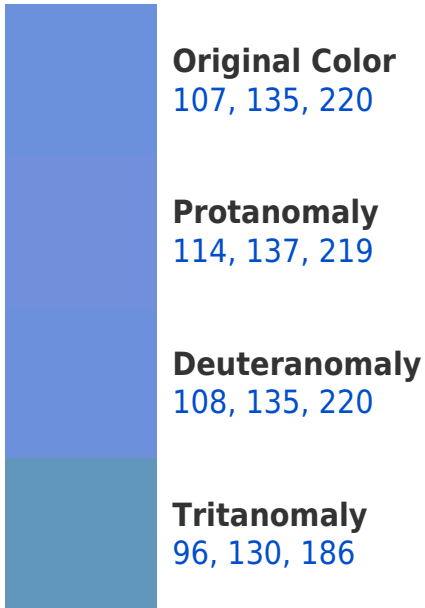
Protanopia
118, 137, 218

Deuteranopia
108, 135, 220

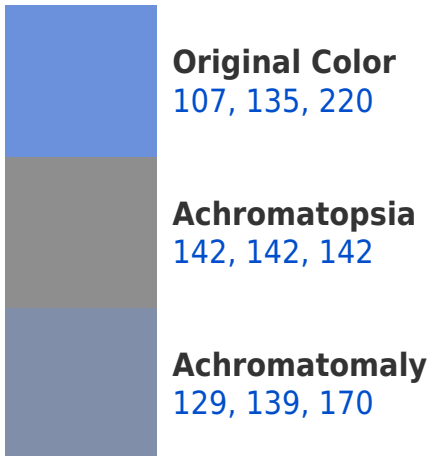


Tritanopia
90, 125, 167

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 107, 135, 220 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(107, 144, 220)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(107, 144, 220)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(107, 144, 220) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(107, 144, 220) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 107, 135, 220 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(107, 144, 220) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(107, 144, 220) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(107, 144, 220)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 144, 220); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 144, 220); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 144, 220) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 107, 135, 220 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(107, 144, 220) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(107,  
144, 220) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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