

Converting Colors

`RYB(107, 138, 126)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(107, 138, 126) contains.

RYB(107, 138, 126)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

R_YB(107, 138, 126)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	778A6B
RGB	119, 138, 107
RGB Percent	47%, 54%, 42%
CMY	0.5333, 0.4588, 0.5804
CMYK	0.14, 0.00, 0.22, 0.46
HSL	97°, 13%, 48%
HSV	97°, 22%, 54%
XYZ	19.3501, 23.1604, 17.3605
YIQ	128.7850, -1.3730, -13.6690

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

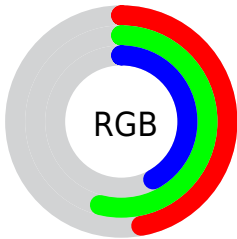
Format	Color
RYB	107, 138, 126
Decimal	7834219
CIELab	55.24, -12.92, 14.37
CIElCh	55, 19.325, 131.951
Yxy	23.1604, 0.3232, 0.3868
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286024299 (0xFF778A6B)
YUV	128.7850, -10.7400, -8.5814
Hunter-Lab	48.1253, -12.4485, 12.2997

Details

The RYB color **107, 138, 126** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **126, 107, 138**, and the grayscale version is **129, 129, 129**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **158, 191, 178**, and **59, 88, 77** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **93, 138, 120**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **121, 138, 132**.

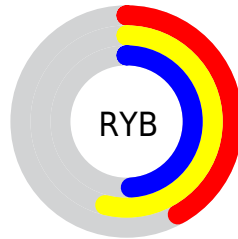
Distribution



Red (47%)

Green (54%)

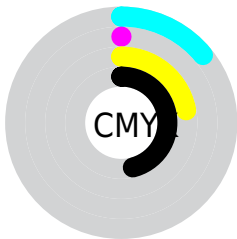
Blue (42%)



Red (42%)

Yellow (54%)

Blue (49%)

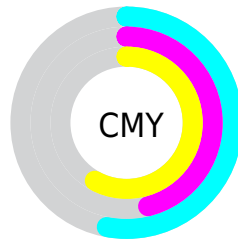


Cyan (14%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (22%)

Black (46%)



Cyan (53%)

Magenta (46%)

Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 107, 138, 126 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 107, 138, 126 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 107, 138, 126

255, 255, 255


 158, 191, 178

 185, 219, 205

 213, 248, 234

 242, 255, 242

 107, 138, 126

 83, 113, 102

 59, 88, 77


 38, 65, 56


 17, 43, 34

 0, 23, 23


 0, 0, 0


 107, 138, 126

 93, 138, 120

 79, 138, 115

 107, 138, 126

 121, 138, 132

 135, 138, 137

■ 66, 138, 110

■ 144, 138, 148

■ 52, 138, 105

■ 153, 138, 162

■ 38, 138, 99

■ 161, 138, 176

■ 24, 138, 94

■ 170, 138, 190

■ 10, 138, 88

■ 178, 138, 204

■ 0, 138, 85

■ 187, 138, 217

■ 195, 138, 231

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



105, 138, 99



107, 138, 126



100, 127, 141

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



107, 138, 126



99, 123, 164



166, 120, 126

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



107, 138, 126



126, 107, 138

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



159, 121, 143



107, 138, 126



121, 129, 165

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



107, 138, 126



86, 116, 154



143, 126, 157



164, 127, 111

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



107, 138, 126



90, 118, 142



143, 126, 157



165, 120, 132

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



107, 138, 126



166, 179, 174



127, 138, 107



82, 89, 86



217, 217, 217



89, 89, 89

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



107, 138, 126



130, 179, 160



107, 135, 138



62, 69, 66



0, 133, 82



0, 5, 3

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



126, 107, 138



160, 130, 179



138, 107, 135



66, 62, 69



81, 0, 133



3, 0, 5

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 107, 138, 126 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

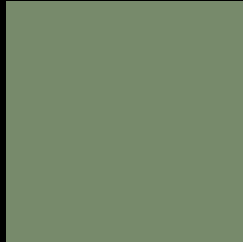
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 107, 138, 126 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

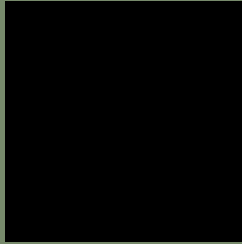
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 107, 138, 126 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 107, 138, 126.



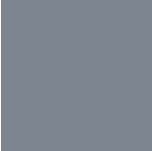
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 107, 138, 126.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia

125, 131, 144

Trichromacy



Original Color
107, 138, 126

Protanomaly
105, 134, 107

Deuteranomaly
122, 141, 108

Tritanomaly
123, 130, 135

Monochromacy



Original Color
107, 138, 126

Achromatopsia
129, 129, 129

Achromatomaly
121, 132, 128

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 107, 138, 126 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(119, 138, 107)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(119, 138, 107)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(119, 138, 107) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(119, 138, 107) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 107, 138, 126 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(119, 138, 107) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(119, 138, 107) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(119, 138, 107)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(119, 138, 107); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 138, 107);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 138,  
107) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 107, 138, 126 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(119, 138, 107) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(119,  
138, 107) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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