

Converting Colors

`RYB(107, 144, 110)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(107, 144, 110) contains.

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Color

R_YB(107, 144, 110)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8D906B
RGB	141, 144, 107
RGB Percent	55%, 56%, 42%
CMY	0.4471, 0.4353, 0.5804
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.26, 0.44
HSL	65°, 15%, 49%
HSV	65°, 26%, 56%
XYZ	23.6116, 26.6708, 17.8134
YIQ	138.8850, 10.0890, -12.1430

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

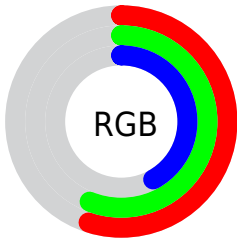
Format	Color
RYB	107, 144, 110
Decimal	9277547
CIELab	58.67, -7.53, 19.35
CIELCh	59, 20.767, 111.262
Yxy	26.6708, 0.3467, 0.3917
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287467627 (0xFF8D906B)
YUV	138.8850, -15.7193, 1.8549
Hunter-Lab	51.6438, -8.7661, 15.6998

Details

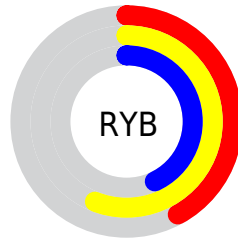
The RYB color **107, 144, 110** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **110, 107, 144**, and the grayscale version is **139, 139, 139**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **159, 198, 162**, and **59, 94, 63** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **93, 144, 97**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **121, 144, 123**.

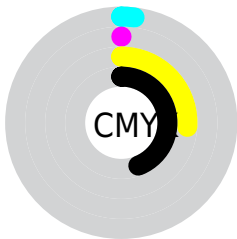
Distribution



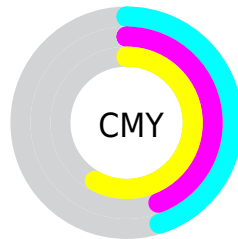
- Red (55%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (43%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 107, 144, 110 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 107, 144, 110 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 107, 144, 110

255, 255, 255

■ 159, 198, 162

■ 186, 226, 189

■ 213, 254, 215

■ 242, 255, 242

■ 107, 144, 110

■ 93, 144, 97

■ 78, 144, 83

■ 107, 144, 110

■ 83, 118, 86

■ 59, 94, 63

■ 37, 70, 41

■ 16, 48, 20

■ 0, 27, 4

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 107, 144, 110

■ 121, 144, 123

■ 136, 144, 137

■ 64, 144, 71

■ 145, 144, 150

■ 49, 144, 57

■ 146, 144, 165

■ 35, 144, 44

■ 147, 144, 179

■ 21, 144, 31

■ 148, 144, 193

■ 6, 144, 17

■ 149, 144, 208

■ 0, 144, 12

■ 150, 144, 222

■ 152, 144, 237

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



142, 160, 105



107, 144, 110



118, 149, 147

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



107, 144, 110



93, 125, 169



174, 128, 147

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



107, 144, 110



110, 107, 144

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



159, 132, 164



107, 144, 110



112, 133, 177

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



107, 144, 110



89, 121, 154



137, 138, 175



178, 129, 129

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



107, 144, 110



107, 136, 151



137, 138, 175



170, 129, 153

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



107, 144, 110



171, 186, 172



144, 109, 107



85, 94, 85



222, 222, 222



94, 94, 94

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



107, 144, 110



128, 186, 133



107, 144, 128



64, 71, 64



0, 135, 11



0, 8, 1

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



110, 107, 144



133, 128, 186



128, 107, 144



65, 64, 71



11, 0, 135



1, 0, 8

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 107, 144, 110 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 107, 144, 110 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

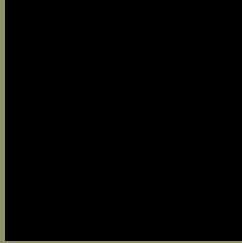
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

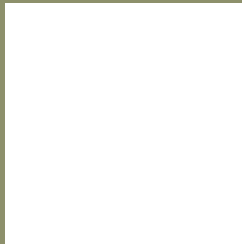
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 107, 144, 110 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 107, 144, 110.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 107, 144, 110.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
107, 144, 110

Protanopia
119, 151, 106

Deuteranopia
165, 158, 109



Tritanopia

147, 138, 149

Trichromacy



Original Color

107, 144, 110

Protanomaly

112, 147, 106

Deuteranomaly

137, 156, 108

Tritanomaly

143, 145, 134

Monochromacy



Original Color

107, 144, 110

Achromatopsia

139, 139, 139

Achromatomaly

127, 141, 128

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 107, 144, 110 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(141, 144, 107)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(141, 144, 107)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(141, 144, 107) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(141, 144, 107) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 107, 144, 110 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(141, 144, 107) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(141, 144, 107) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(141, 144, 107)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(141, 144, 107); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 144, 107);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 144,  
107) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 107, 144, 110 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(141, 144, 107) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(141,  
144, 107) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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