

# Converting Colors

`RYB(107, 161, 157)`

Have a look what the booklet for  
RYB(107, 161, 157) contains.

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# Color

**R<sub>Y</sub>B(107, 161, 157)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6FA16B
RGB	111, 161, 107
RGB Percent	44%, 63%, 42%
CMY	0.5647, 0.3686, 0.5804
CMYK	0.31, 0.00, 0.34, 0.37
HSL	116°, 22%, 53%
HSV	116°, 34%, 63%
XYZ	21.9543, 29.9308, 18.5300
YIQ	139.8940, -12.4660, -27.3940

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

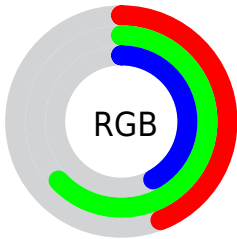
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">107, 161, 157</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">7315819</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">61.59, -27.68, 22.95</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">62, 35.955, 140.333</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">29.9308, 0.3118, 0.4251</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4285505899 (0xFF6FA16B)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">139.8940, -16.2167, -25.3400</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">54.7090, -24.1103, 18.2147</a>

# Details

The RYB color **107, 161, 157** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **157, 107, 161**, and the grayscale version is **140, 140, 140**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **159, 216, 211**, and **59, 109, 107** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **91, 161, 156**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **123, 161, 158**.

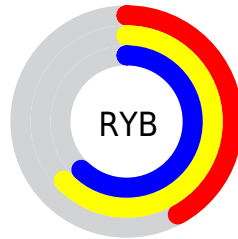
# Distribution



Red (44%)

Green (63%)

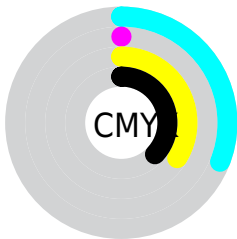
Blue (42%)



Red (42%)

Yellow (63%)

Blue (62%)

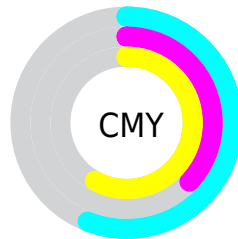


Cyan (31%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (34%)

Black (37%)



Cyan (56%)

Magenta (37%)

Yellow (58%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 107, 161, 157 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 107, 161, 157 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 107, 161, 157

255, 255, 255


 159, 216, 211


 186, 245, 239

 214, 255, 249

 242, 255, 248

 107, 161, 157


 82, 135, 132

 59, 109, 107

 36, 84, 84


 8, 55, 61

 0, 39, 39

 0, 11, 11


 0, 0, 0

 107, 161, 157


 91, 161, 156

 107, 161, 157


 123, 161, 158


 75, 161, 155


 139, 161, 159


 59, 161, 154


 155, 161, 160


 43, 161, 153

 171, 161, 171

 27, 161, 152


 186, 161, 187

 10, 161, 149

 200, 161, 204

 0, 161, 149

 215, 161, 220

 230, 161, 236

 245, 161, 252

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



88, 154, 94



107, 161, 157



68, 125, 165

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



107, 161, 157



82, 129, 211



211, 125, 128

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



107, 161, 157



157, 107, 161

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



204, 125, 160



107, 161, 157



137, 143, 208

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



107, 161, 157



0, 89, 197



179, 133, 190



201, 146, 101

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



107, 161, 157



29, 99, 166



179, 133, 190



210, 124, 139



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



107, 161, 157



188, 209, 207



113, 161, 107



92, 105, 104



232, 232, 232



105, 105, 105



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



107, 161, 157



125, 209, 202



107, 145, 161



73, 82, 81



0, 145, 134



0, 18, 17



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



157, 107, 161



203, 125, 209



161, 107, 139



81, 73, 82



135, 0, 145



17, 0, 18



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 107, 161, 157 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

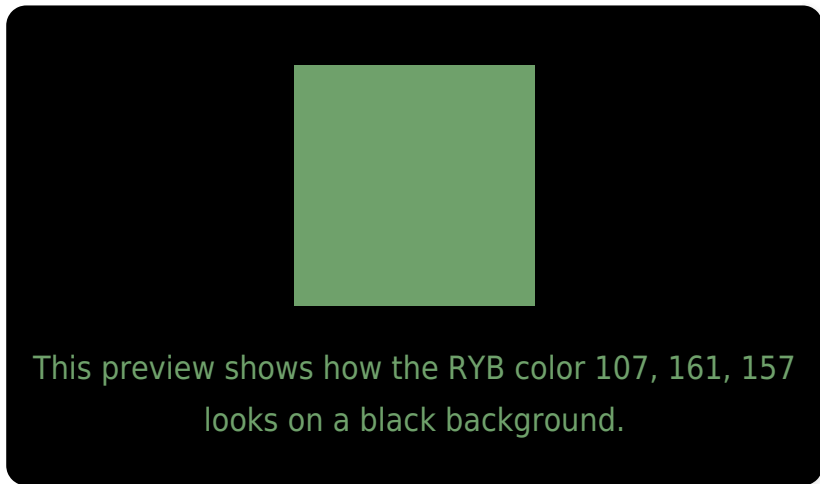
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

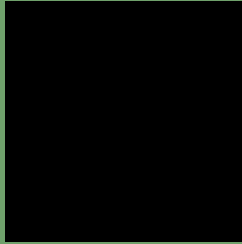
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RYB 107, 161, 157 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 107, 161, 157.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 107, 161, 157.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
107, 161, 157

**Protanopia**  
117, 160, 102

**Deuteranopia**  
175, 171, 111



**Tritanopia**  
122, 141, 166

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
107, 161, 157

**Protanomaly**  
104, 153, 115

**Deuteranomaly**  
113, 152, 110

**Tritanomaly**  
118, 141, 157

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
107, 161, 157

**Achromatopsia**  
140, 140, 140

**Achromatomaly**  
128, 148, 147

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 107, 161, 157 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(111, 161, 107)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(111, 161, 107)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(111, 161, 107) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(111, 161, 107) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 107, 161, 157 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(111, 161, 107) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(111, 161, 107) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(111, 161, 107)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(111, 161, 107); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 161, 107);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 161,  
107) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 107, 161, 157 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(111, 161, 107) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(111,  
161, 107) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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