

# Converting Colors

`RYB(107, 172, 225)`

Have a look what the booklet for  
RYB(107, 172, 225) contains.

<b>RYB(107, 172, 225)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	26
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	29

# Color

**R<sub>Y</sub>B(107, 172, 225)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6BE1CB
RGB	107, 225, 203
RGB Percent	42%, 88%, 80%
CMY	0.5804, 0.1176, 0.2031
CMYK	0.52, 0.00, 0.10, 0.12
HSL	169°, 66%, 65%
HSV	169°, 52%, 88%
XYZ	43.7938, 61.2983, 66.1582
YIQ	187.2100, -63.2660, -31.8580

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

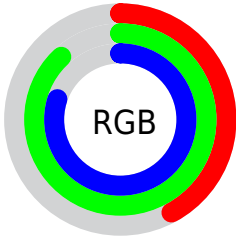
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	107, 172, 225
Decimal	7070155
CIELab	82.54, -38.55, 0.50
CIElCh	83, 38.555, 179.260
Yxy	61.2983, 0.2557, 0.3579
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285260235 (0xFF6BE1CB)
YUV	187.2100, 7.7845, -70.3442
Hunter-Lab	78.2932, -37.1681, 4.7049

# Details

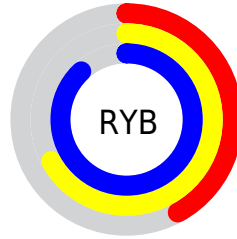
The RYB color **107, 172, 225** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **33CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **225, 107, 129**, and the grayscale version is **187, 187, 187**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **166, 211, 255**, and **40, 110, 169** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **85, 162, 225**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **130, 182, 225**.

# Distribution



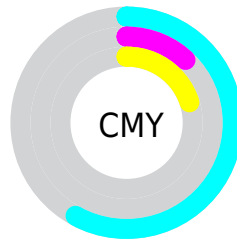
- Red (42%)
- Green (88%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (88%)



- Cyan (52%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (12%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (20%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 107, 172, 225 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 107, 172, 225 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 107, 172, 225


255, 255, 255


 166, 211, 255

 196, 226, 255

 226, 241, 255

 107, 172, 225


 76, 142, 197

 40, 110, 169


 0, 76, 142

 0, 63, 116


 0, 50, 91

 0, 37, 66


 0, 26, 44


 0, 11, 16


 0, 0, 0

 107, 172, 225


 107, 172, 225

 85, 162, 225


 130, 182, 225

 62, 152, 225

 152, 192, 225

 40, 142, 225

 175, 202, 225

 17, 131, 225

 197, 212, 225

 0, 124, 225

 220, 223, 225

 242, 225, 228

 255, 225, 232

 255, 225, 236

 255, 225, 241

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



151, 208, 221



107, 172, 225



78, 155, 240

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



107, 172, 225



209, 196, 255



255, 223, 144

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



107, 172, 225



225, 107, 129

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 182, 172



107, 172, 225



251, 184, 243

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



107, 172, 225



154, 190, 255



255, 178, 208



172, 231, 133

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



107, 172, 225



86, 161, 255



255, 178, 208



255, 205, 152

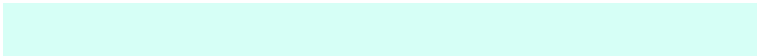


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



107, 172, 225



214, 237, 255



107, 225, 201



103, 117, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



107, 172, 225



94, 183, 255



107, 156, 225



101, 107, 112



0, 97, 176



0, 26, 48



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



225, 107, 129



255, 94, 124



225, 157, 107



112, 101, 103



176, 0, 32

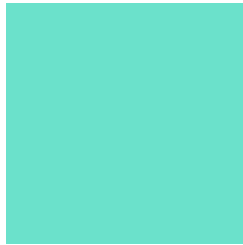


48, 0, 9



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 107, 172, 225 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

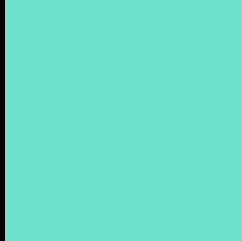
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 107, 172, 225 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

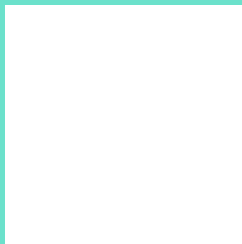
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## **RYB 107, 172, 225 Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 107, 172, 225.

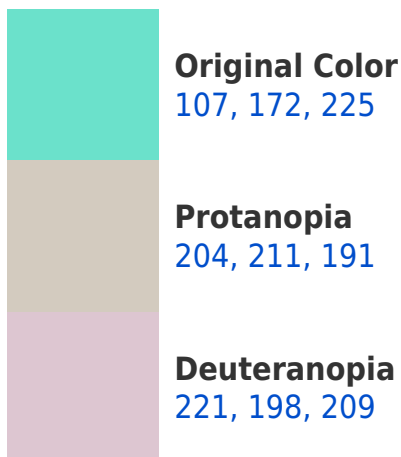


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 107, 172, 225.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
118, 173, 238

# Trichromacy



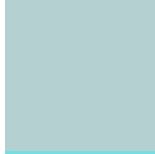
**Original Color**

107, 172, 225



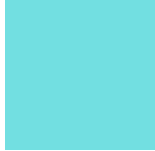
**Protanomaly**

173, 197, 211



**Deuteranomaly**

180, 194, 208



**Tritanomaly**

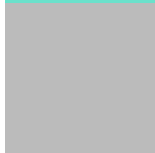
114, 169, 225

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

107, 172, 225



**Achromatopsia**

187, 187, 187



**Achromatomaly**

158, 182, 201

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 107, 172, 225 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(107, 225, 203)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(107, 225, 203)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(107, 225, 203) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(107, 225, 203) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 107, 172, 225 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

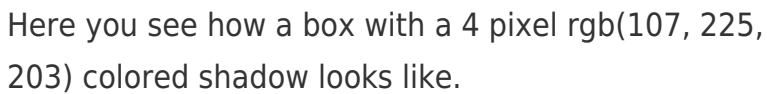
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(107, 225, 203) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(107, 225, 203) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(107, 225, 203)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(107, 225, 203); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 225, 203);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 225,  
203) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 107, 172, 225 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(107, 225, 203) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(107,  
225, 203) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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