

Converting Colors

`RYB(108, 138, 114)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(108, 138, 114) contains.

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Color

R_YB(108, 138, 114)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	848A6C
RGB	132, 138, 108
RGB Percent	52%, 54%, 42%
CMY	0.4824, 0.4588, 0.5765
CMYK	0.04, 0.00, 0.22, 0.46
HSL	72°, 12%, 48%
HSV	72°, 22%, 54%
XYZ	21.3110, 24.1652, 17.7285
YIQ	132.7860, 6.0540, -10.6020

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

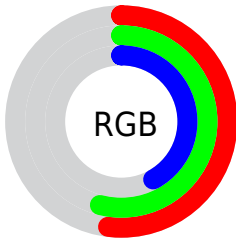
Format	Color
RYB	108, 138, 114
Decimal	8686188
CIELab	56.25, -7.68, 15.36
CIELCh	56, 17.175, 116.557
Yxy	24.1652, 0.3372, 0.3823
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286876268 (0xFF848A6C)
YUV	132.7860, -12.2195, -0.6893
Hunter-Lab	49.1581, -8.6436, 13.0282

Details

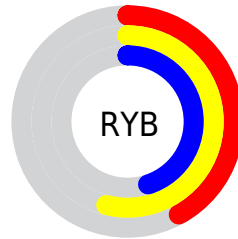
The RYB color **108, 138, 114** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **114, 108, 138**, and the grayscale version is **133, 133, 133**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **160, 191, 166**, and **60, 88, 66** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **94, 138, 103**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **122, 138, 125**.

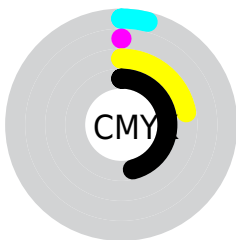
Distribution



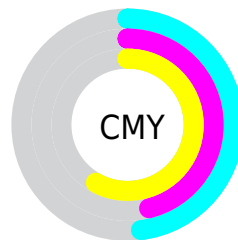
- Red (52%)
- Green (54%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (54%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Black (46%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 108, 138, 114 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 108, 138, 114 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 108, 138, 114

255, 255, 255

■ 160, 191, 166

■ 187, 219, 193

■ 214, 248, 221

■ 243, 255, 243

■ 108, 138, 114

■ 94, 138, 103

■ 80, 138, 92

■ 108, 138, 114

■ 84, 113, 90

■ 60, 88, 66

■ 38, 65, 44

■ 18, 43, 24

■ 0, 23, 8

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 108, 138, 114

■ 122, 138, 125

■ 136, 138, 136

■ 67, 138, 81

■ 140, 138, 149

■ 53, 138, 70

■ 143, 138, 163

■ 39, 138, 59

■ 146, 138, 177

■ 25, 138, 48

■ 149, 138, 191

■ 11, 138, 36

■ 151, 138, 205

■ 0, 138, 28

■ 154, 138, 218

■ 157, 138, 232

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



128, 148, 105



108, 138, 114



115, 139, 142

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



108, 138, 114



99, 124, 159



163, 124, 137

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



108, 138, 114



114, 108, 138

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



153, 127, 152



108, 138, 114



115, 130, 164

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



108, 138, 114



94, 120, 148



135, 132, 161



166, 125, 122

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



108, 138, 114



105, 129, 143



135, 132, 161



161, 125, 142

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



108, 138, 114



166, 179, 169



138, 116, 108



82, 89, 83



217, 217, 217



89, 89, 89

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



108, 138, 114



132, 179, 142



108, 138, 128



62, 69, 64



0, 133, 27



0, 5, 1

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



114, 108, 138



141, 132, 179



129, 108, 138



63, 62, 69



27, 0, 133



1, 0, 5

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 108, 138, 114 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 108, 138, 114 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

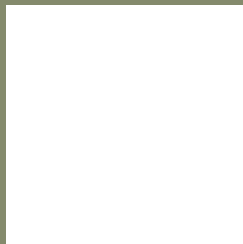
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYP 108, 138, 114 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 108, 138, 114.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 108, 138, 114.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
108, 138, 114

Protanopia
116, 143, 106

Deuteranopia
156, 142, 110



Tritanopia
137, 133, 144

Trichromacy



Original Color

108, 138, 114

Protanomaly

110, 139, 107

Deuteranomaly

134, 147, 109

Tritanomaly

131, 135, 131

Monochromacy



Original Color

108, 138, 114

Achromatopsia

133, 133, 133

Achromatomaly

124, 135, 126

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 108, 138, 114 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(132, 138, 108)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(132, 138, 108)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(132, 138, 108) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(132, 138, 108) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 108, 138, 114 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(132, 138, 108) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(132, 138, 108) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(132, 138, 108)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(132, 138, 108); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 138, 108);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 138,  
108) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 108, 138, 114 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(132, 138, 108) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(132,  
138, 108) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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