

Converting Colors

`RYB(108, 168, 104)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(108, 168, 104) contains.

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Color

$\text{RYB}(108, 168, 104)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A8A468
RGB	168, 164, 104
RGB Percent	66%, 64%, 41%
CMY	0.3412, 0.3559, 0.5922
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.38, 0.34
HSL	56°, 27%, 53%
HSV	56°, 38%, 66%
XYZ	31.9647, 35.9595, 18.3529
YIQ	158.3560, 21.6440, -17.8120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

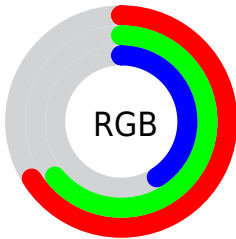
Format	Color
RYB	108, 168, 104
Decimal	11052136
CIELab	66.49, -7.85, 31.74
CIELCh	66, 32.700, 103.887
Yxy	35.9595, 0.3705, 0.4168
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289242216 (0xFFA8A468)
YUV	158.3560, -26.7975, 8.4578
Hunter-Lab	59.9663, -9.7923, 23.8305

Details

The RYB color **108, 168, 104** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **104, 108, 168**, and the grayscale version is **159, 159, 159**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **161, 224, 156**, and **58, 115, 55** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **92, 168, 87**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **124, 168, 121**.

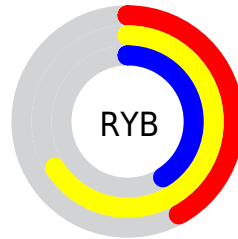
Distribution



Red (66%)

Green (64%)

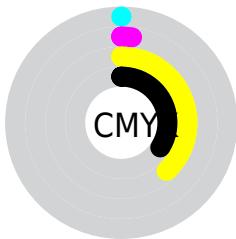
Blue (41%)



Red (42%)

Yellow (66%)

Blue (41%)

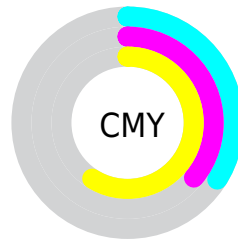


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (38%)

Black (34%)



Cyan (34%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (59%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 108, 168, 104 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 108, 168, 104 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 108, 168, 104


255, 255, 255


 161, 224, 156

 188, 253, 183

 211, 255, 211

 239, 255, 239

 108, 168, 104

 82, 141, 79

 57, 115, 55

 33, 89, 32


 8, 65, 8

 0, 43, 1


 0, 23, 8

 0, 0, 0

 108, 168, 104

 92, 168, 87

 108, 168, 104

 124, 168, 121

■ 76, 168, 70

■ 140, 168, 138

■ 61, 168, 54

■ 155, 168, 154

■ 46, 168, 37

■ 168, 168, 171

■ 30, 168, 20

■ 168, 169, 188

■ 14, 168, 3

■ 168, 170, 205

■ 11, 168, 0

■ 168, 171, 222

■ 168, 172, 238

■ 168, 173, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



185, 196, 106



108, 168, 104



118, 172, 155

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



108, 168, 104



60, 123, 201



209, 141, 179

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



108, 168, 104



104, 108, 168

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



183, 149, 204



108, 168, 104



96, 142, 217

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



108, 168, 104



66, 123, 178



142, 157, 218



220, 140, 149

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



108, 168, 104



112, 158, 175



142, 157, 218



202, 143, 188

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



108, 168, 104



196, 219, 195



168, 104, 108



96, 110, 95



237, 237, 237



110, 110, 110

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



108, 168, 104



124, 219, 118



104, 168, 132



76, 84, 76



10, 148, 0



1, 20, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



104, 108, 168



118, 124, 219



132, 104, 168



76, 76, 84



0, 8, 148



0, 1, 20

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 108, 168, 104 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 108, 168, 104 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

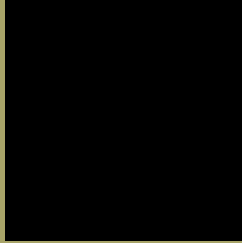
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 108, 168, 104 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 108, 168, 104.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 108, 168, 104.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
108, 168, 104

Protanopia
120, 176, 103

Deuteranopia
176, 194, 106



Tritanopia
175, 156, 169

Trichromacy



Original Color
108, 168, 104

Protanomaly
115, 173, 103

Deuteranomaly
146, 185, 105

Tritanomaly
170, 172, 145

Monochromacy



Original Color
108, 168, 104

Achromatopsia
158, 158, 158

Achromatomaly
140, 162, 138

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 108, 168, 104 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(168, 164, 104)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(168, 164, 104)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(168, 164, 104) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(168, 164, 104) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 108, 168, 104 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(168, 164, 104) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(168, 164, 104) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(168, 164, 104)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(168, 164, 104); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 164, 104);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 164,  
104) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 108, 168, 104 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(168, 164, 104) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(168,  
164, 104) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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