

Converting Colors

`RYB(108, 170, 176)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(108, 170, 176) contains.

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Color

R_YB(108, 170, 176)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6CB073
RGB	108, 176, 115
RGB Percent	42%, 69%, 45%
CMY	0.5765, 0.3098, 0.5507
CMYK	0.39, 0.00, 0.35, 0.31
HSL	126°, 30%, 56%
HSV	126°, 39%, 69%
XYZ	24.7801, 35.4670, 21.6332
YIQ	148.7140, -20.9470, -33.3870

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

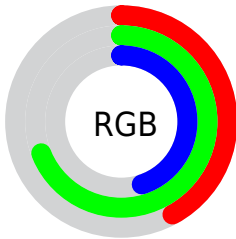
Format	Color
RYB	108, 170, 176
Decimal	7123059
CIELab	66.11, -34.51, 24.87
CIELCh	66, 42.534, 144.223
Yxy	35.4670, 0.3026, 0.4332
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285313139 (0xFF6CB073)
YUV	148.7140, -16.6210, -35.7062
Hunter-Lab	59.5542, -29.9471, 20.1507

Details

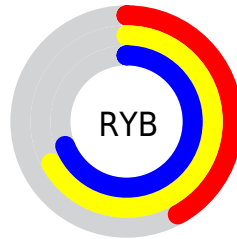
The RYB color **108, 170, 176** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **176, 108, 169**, and the grayscale version is **149, 149, 149**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **162, 227, 232**, and **55, 114, 123** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **90, 168, 176**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **126, 172, 176**.

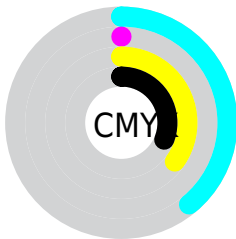
Distribution



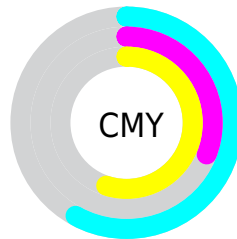
- Red (42%)
- Green (69%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (69%)



- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Black (31%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (55%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 108, 170, 176 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 108, 170, 176 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 108, 170, 176


255, 255, 255


 162, 227, 232


 190, 251, 255

 218, 251, 255

 247, 252, 255

 108, 170, 176

 82, 142, 149

 55, 114, 123

 28, 86, 98


 0, 57, 73

 0, 50, 50

 0, 30, 30


 0, 0, 0

 108, 170, 176


 90, 168, 176


 108, 170, 176

 126, 172, 176

 73, 167, 176


 143, 173, 176

 55, 165, 176

 161, 175, 176

 38, 164, 176

 178, 176, 178


 20, 162, 176

 196, 176, 194


 2, 161, 176

 214, 176, 210

 0, 160, 176

 231, 176, 226

 249, 176, 242

 255, 176, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



89, 168, 104



108, 170, 176



44, 120, 180

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



108, 170, 176



83, 137, 236



233, 132, 131

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



108, 170, 176



176, 108, 169

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



228, 130, 170



108, 170, 176



153, 154, 230

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



108, 170, 176



0, 98, 222



201, 139, 206



219, 165, 100

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



108, 170, 176



0, 91, 181



201, 139, 206



234, 130, 144

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



108, 170, 176



202, 227, 230



108, 176, 114



99, 114, 115



242, 242, 242



115, 115, 115

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



108, 170, 176



124, 221, 230



108, 151, 176



80, 88, 89



0, 139, 153



0, 24, 26

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



176, 108, 169



230, 124, 219



176, 108, 136



89, 80, 88



153, 0, 138



26, 0, 23

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 108, 170, 176 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 108, 170, 176 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 108, 170, 176 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 108, 170, 176.

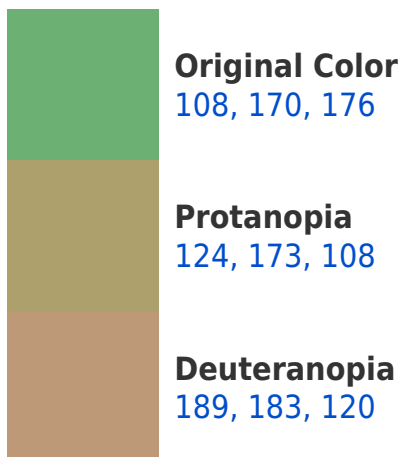


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 108, 170, 176.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

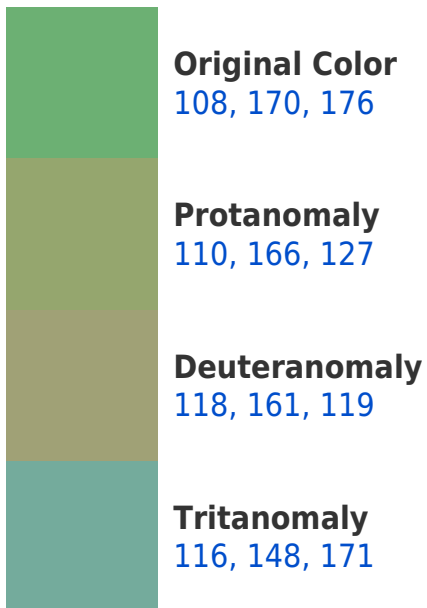
Dichromacy



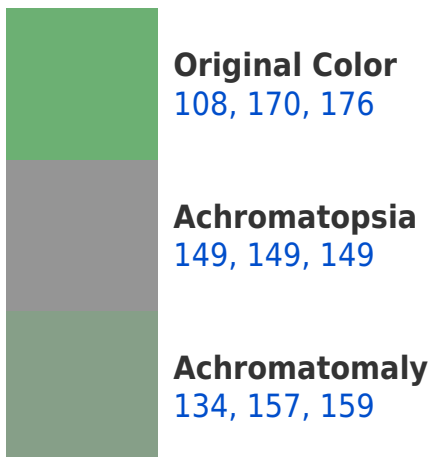


Tritanopia
121, 147, 181

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 108, 170, 176 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(108, 176, 115)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(108, 176, 115)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(108, 176, 115) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(108, 176, 115) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 108, 170, 176 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

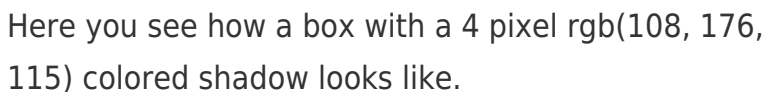
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(108, 176, 115) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(108, 176, 115) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(108, 176, 115)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(108, 176, 115); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 176, 115);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 176,  
115) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 108, 170, 176 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(108, 176, 115) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(108,  
176, 115) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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