

Converting Colors

`RYB(108, 22, 131)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(108, 22, 131) contains.

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Color

R_YB(108, 22, 131)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6C1683
RGB	108, 22, 131
RGB Percent	42%, 9%, 51%
CMY	0.5765, 0.9137, 0.4863
CMYK	0.18, 0.83, 0.00, 0.49
HSL	287°, 71%, 30%
HSV	287°, 83%, 51%
XYZ	10.5680, 5.4007, 21.9582
YIQ	60.1400, 16.2670, 52.1310

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

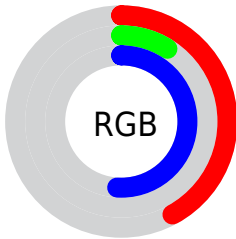
Format	Color
R_{YB}	108, 22, 131
Decimal	7083651
CIE _{Lab}	27.85, 51.43, -41.69
CIE _{LCh}	28, 66.206, 320.976
Yxy	5.4007, 0.2786, 0.1424
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285273731 (0xFF6C1683)
YUV	60.1400, 34.9340, 41.9732
Hunter-Lab	23.2393, 40.5034, -39.7539

Details

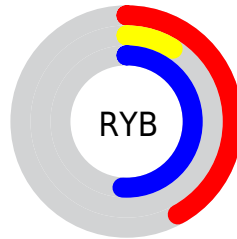
The RYB color **108, 22, 131** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663399**. A complement of this color would be **22, 131, 108**, and the grayscale version is **60, 60, 60**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **163, 78, 185**, and **55, 0, 81** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **105, 9, 131**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **111, 35, 131**.

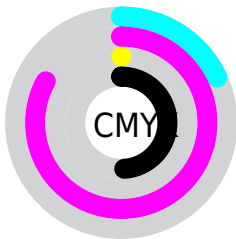
Distribution



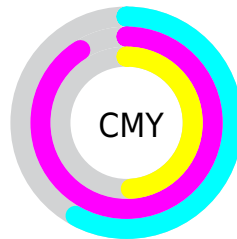
- Red (42%)
- Green (9%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (83%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (49%)




- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (91%)
- Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RYB color 108, 22, 131 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 108, 22, 131 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 108, 22, 131


 108, 22, 131

255, 255, 255

 81, 0, 105

 163, 78, 185

 55, 0, 81


 191, 104, 213

 32, 0, 57

 220, 131, 241

 0, 2, 34

 249, 158, 255

 0, 0, 9

 255, 186, 255

 0, 0, 0

 255, 214, 255

 255, 243, 255

 108, 22, 131

 108, 22, 131

■ 105, 9, 131

■ 111, 35, 131

■ 103, 0, 131

■ 114, 48, 131

■ 116, 61, 131

■ 119, 74, 131

■ 122, 88, 131

■ 125, 101, 131

■ 127, 114, 131

■ 130, 127, 131

■ 131, 140, 138

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 44, 163



108, 22, 131



144, 0, 83

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



108, 22, 131



58, 94, 0



0, 46, 101

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



108, 22, 131



22, 131, 108

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 53, 84



108, 22, 131



0, 74, 27

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



108, 22, 131



129, 34, 0



0, 81, 81



0, 53, 145

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



108, 22, 131



150, 0, 50



0, 81, 81



0, 43, 85

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



108, 22, 131



162, 128, 171



22, 42, 131



81, 61, 87



214, 214, 214



87, 87, 87

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



108, 22, 131



135, 0, 171



131, 22, 100



65, 60, 66



103, 0, 130



2, 0, 3

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



131, 22, 45



171, 0, 36



22, 107, 131



66, 60, 61



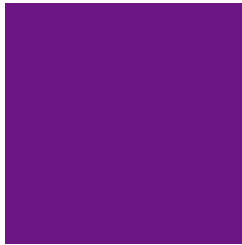
130, 0, 27



3, 0, 1

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 108, 22, 131 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 108, 22, 131 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

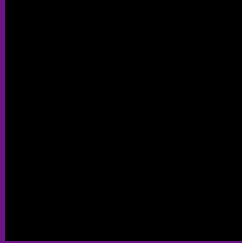
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 108, 22, 131 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 108, 22, 131.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 108, 22, 131.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

108, 22, 131

Protanopia

0, 44, 137

Deuteranopia

0, 44, 121



Tritanopia

98, 54, 58

Trichromacy



Original Color

108, 22, 131



Protanomaly

39, 48, 135



Deuteranomaly

39, 50, 125



Tritanomaly

102, 42, 85

Monochromacy



Original Color

108, 22, 131



Achromatopsia

60, 60, 60



Achromatomaly

77, 46, 86

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 108, 22, 131 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(108, 22, 131)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(108, 22, 131)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(108, 22, 131) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(108, 22, 131) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 108, 22, 131 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(108, 22, 131) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(108, 22, 131) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(108, 22, 131)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(108, 22, 131); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 22, 131);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 22,  
131) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 108, 22, 131 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(108, 22, 131) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(108, 22,  
131) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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