

Converting Colors

`RYB(109, 102, 243)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(109, 102, 243) contains.

RYB(109, 102, 243)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

R_YB(109, 102, 243)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6D66F3
RGB	109, 102, 243
RGB Percent	43%, 40%, 95%
CMY	0.5725, 0.6000, 0.0471
CMYK	0.55, 0.58, 0.00, 0.05
HSL	243°, 85%, 68%
HSV	243°, 58%, 95%
XYZ	27.2357, 19.2250, 87.0693
YIQ	120.1670, -41.0890, 45.3350

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

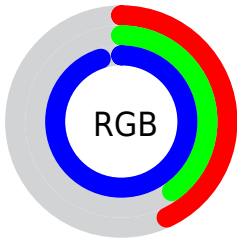
Format	Color
R _Y B	109, 102, 243
Decimal	7169779
CIE Lab	50.95, 41.06, -70.21
CIE LCh	51, 81.334, 300.322
Yxy	19.2250, 0.2040, 0.1440
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285359859 (0xFF6D66F3)
YUV	120.1670, 60.5567, -9.7935
Hunter-Lab	43.8463, 34.1464, -87.0447

Details

The RYB color **109, 102, 243** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6666FF**. A complement of this color would be **102, 243, 109**, and the grayscale version is **120, 120, 120**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **170, 153, 255**, and **38, 53, 186** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **86, 78, 243**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **132, 126, 243**.

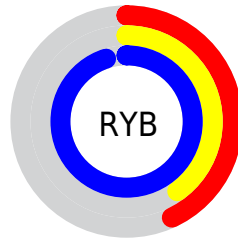
Distribution



Red (43%)

Green (40%)

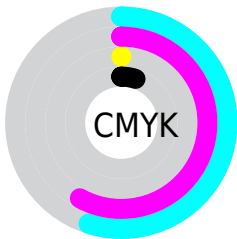
Blue (95%)



Red (43%)

Yellow (40%)

Blue (95%)

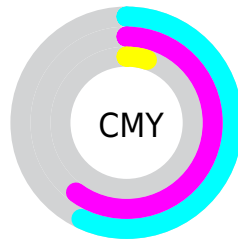


Cyan (55%)

Magenta (58%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (5%)



Cyan (57%)

Magenta (60%)

Yellow (5%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RYB color 109, 102, 243 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 109, 102, 243 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 109, 102, 243

255, 255, 255

 170, 153, 255

 200, 180, 255

 230, 208, 255


 255, 236, 255


 109, 102, 243

 77, 78, 214

 38, 53, 186

 0, 27, 158

 0, 12, 131

 0, 0, 105

 0, 8, 80

 0, 5, 56

 0, 2, 34

 0, 0, 7

■ 109, 102, 243

■ 109, 102, 243

■ 86, 78, 243

■ 132, 126, 243

■ 63, 53, 243

■ 155, 151, 243

■ 40, 29, 243

■ 178, 175, 243

■ 17, 5, 243

■ 201, 199, 243

■ 12, 0, 243

■ 224, 223, 243

■ 243, 248, 243

■ 243, 255, 243

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 87, 255



109, 102, 243



202, 57, 191

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



109, 102, 243



200, 160, 0



0, 83, 150

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



109, 102, 243



102, 243, 109

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 112, 146



109, 102, 243



35, 147, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



109, 102, 243



233, 42, 56



0, 137, 61



0, 84, 190

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



109, 102, 243



230, 11, 147



0, 137, 61



0, 91, 149

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



109, 102, 243



214, 212, 255



102, 171, 243



103, 102, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



109, 102, 243



85, 77, 255



177, 102, 243



111, 110, 122



9, 0, 186



3, 0, 59

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



243, 102, 236



255, 77, 246



102, 243, 177



122, 110, 122



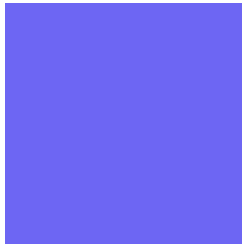
186, 0, 177



59, 0, 56

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 109, 102, 243 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

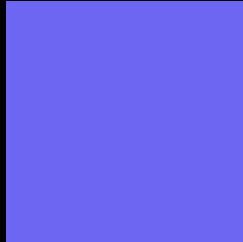
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 109, 102, 243 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 109, 102, 243 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 109, 102, 243.

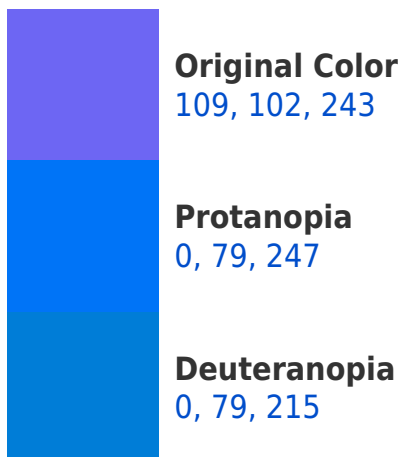


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 109, 102, 243.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
72, 103, 140

Trichromacy



Original Color

109, 102, 243



Protanomaly

40, 93, 246



Deuteranomaly

40, 94, 225



Tritanomaly

85, 110, 177

Monochromacy



Original Color

109, 102, 243



Achromatopsia

120, 120, 120



Achromatomaly

116, 113, 165

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 109, 102, 243 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(109, 102, 243)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(109, 102, 243)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(109, 102, 243) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(109, 102, 243) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 109, 102, 243 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

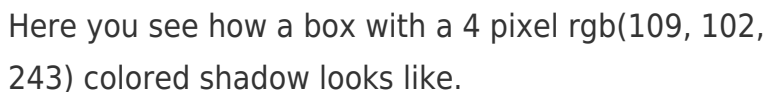
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(109, 102, 243) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(109, 102, 243) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(109, 102, 243)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(109, 102, 243); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 102, 243);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 102,  
243) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 109, 102, 243 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(109, 102, 243) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(109,  
102, 243) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor