

Converting Colors

`RYB(109, 105, 100)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(109, 105, 100) contains.

RYB(109, 105, 100)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

R_YB(109, 105, 100)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6D6764
RGB	109, 103, 100
RGB Percent	43%, 40%, 39%
CMY	0.5725, 0.5952, 0.6078
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.08, 0.57
HSL	21°, 4%, 41%
HSV	21°, 8%, 43%
XYZ	13.4785, 13.9145, 14.0320
YIQ	104.4520, 4.5390, 0.3390

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

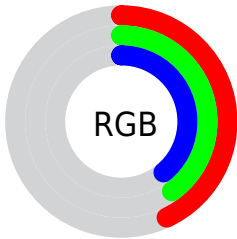
Format	Color
RYB	109, 105, 100
Decimal	7169892
CIELab	44.11, 1.64, 2.62
CIElCh	44, 3.089, 57.867
Yxy	13.9145, 0.3254, 0.3359
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285359972 (0xFF6D6764)
YUV	104.4520, -2.1948, 3.9886
Hunter-Lab	37.3021, -0.7807, 3.8083

Details

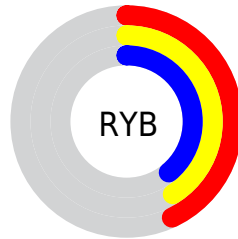
The RYB color **109, 105, 100** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **100, 104, 109**, and the grayscale version is **105, 105, 105**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **160, 156, 151**, and **62, 58, 53** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **109, 100, 89**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **109, 110, 111**.

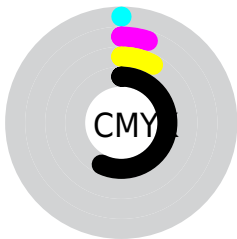
Distribution



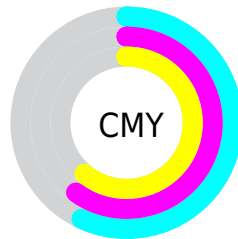
- Red (43%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (39%)



- Red (43%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Blue (39%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (57%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (61%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 109, 105, 100 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 109, 105, 100 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 109, 105, 100

255, 255, 255

■ 160, 156, 151

■ 187, 184, 177

■ 215, 212, 205

■ 244, 239, 233

■ 109, 105, 100

■ 85, 81, 76

■ 62, 58, 53

■ 40, 37, 32

■ 20, 15, 9

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 109, 105, 100

■ 109, 100, 89

■ 109, 95, 78

■ 109, 90, 67

■ 109, 105, 100

■ 109, 110, 111

■ 109, 114, 122

■ 109, 118, 133

■ 109, 86, 56

■ 109, 123, 144

■ 109, 80, 46

■ 109, 127, 155

■ 109, 75, 35

■ 109, 131, 165

■ 109, 70, 24

■ 109, 135, 176

■ 109, 66, 13

■ 109, 139, 187

■ 109, 61, 2

■ 109, 144, 198

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



110, 103, 102



109, 105, 100



104, 107, 99

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



109, 105, 100



99, 103, 106



105, 104, 109

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



109, 105, 100



100, 104, 109

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



102, 104, 109



109, 105, 100



98, 102, 107

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



109, 105, 100



101, 106, 106



99, 103, 108



108, 103, 107

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



109, 105, 100



99, 105, 99



99, 103, 108



104, 104, 109

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



109, 105, 100



143, 142, 140



109, 100, 106



71, 70, 70



199, 199, 199



71, 71, 71

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



109, 105, 100



143, 137, 129



101, 109, 100



54, 51, 48



117, 66, 0



245, 135, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



100, 104, 109



129, 134, 143



100, 101, 109



48, 50, 54



0, 46, 117



0, 96, 245

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 109, 105, 100 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 109, 105, 100 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

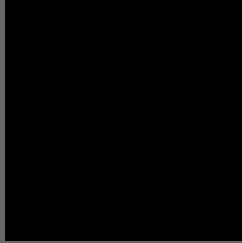
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 109, 105, 100 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 109, 105, 100.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 109, 105, 100.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

109, 105, 100

Protanopia

105, 107, 100

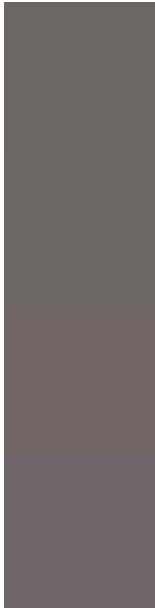
Deuteranopia

116, 101, 100



Tritanopia
110, 102, 110

Trichromacy



Original Color

109, 105, 100

Protanomaly

108, 108, 100

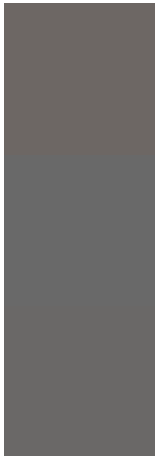
Deuteranomaly

113, 102, 100

Tritanomaly

110, 102, 106

Monochromacy



Original Color

109, 105, 100

Achromatopsia

105, 105, 105

Achromatomaly

106, 105, 103

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 109, 105, 100 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(109, 103, 100)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(109, 103, 100)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(109, 103, 100) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(109, 103, 100) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 109, 105, 100 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(109, 103, 100) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(109, 103, 100) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(109, 103, 100)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(109, 103, 100); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 103, 100);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 103,  
100) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 109, 105, 100 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(109, 103, 100) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(109,  
103, 100) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor