

Converting Colors

`RYB(109, 157, 177)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(109, 157, 177) contains.

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Color

R_YB(109, 157, 177)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6DB189
RGB	109, 177, 137
RGB Percent	43%, 69%, 54%
CMY	0.5725, 0.3059, 0.4614
CMYK	0.38, 0.00, 0.22, 0.31
HSL	145°, 30%, 56%
HSV	145°, 38%, 69%
XYZ	26.5681, 36.5112, 29.4396
YIQ	152.1080, -27.6880, -26.8560

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

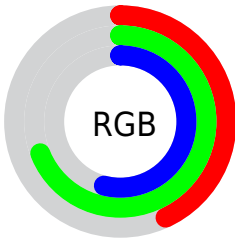
Format	Color
RYB	109, 157, 177
Decimal	7188873
CIELab	66.91, -30.44, 13.62
CIELCh	67, 33.351, 155.897
Yxy	36.5112, 0.2872, 0.3946
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285378953 (0xFF6DB189)
YUV	152.1080, -7.4482, -37.8057
Hunter-Lab	60.4245, -27.2580, 13.4104

Details

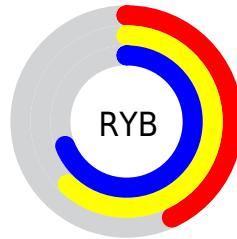
The RYB color **109, 157, 177** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **177, 109, 149**, and the grayscale version is **152, 152, 152**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **163, 214, 233**, and **57, 103, 124** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **91, 152, 177**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **127, 162, 177**.

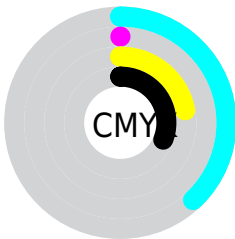
Distribution



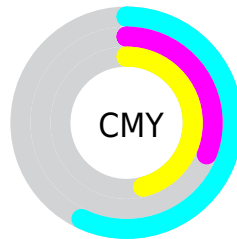
- Red (43%)
- Green (69%)
- Blue (54%)



- Red (43%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Blue (69%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Black (31%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (46%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 109, 157, 177 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 109, 157, 177 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 109, 157, 177

255, 255, 255


 163, 213, 233

 191, 236, 255

 219, 239, 255

 248, 252, 255

 109, 157, 177


 83, 130, 150

 57, 103, 124

 29, 76, 99


 0, 47, 74

 0, 36, 51


 0, 32, 32

 0, 0, 0

 109, 157, 177

 91, 152, 177

 109, 157, 177

 127, 162, 177

■ 74, 147, 177

■ 144, 167, 177

■ 56, 142, 177

■ 162, 173, 177

■ 38, 136, 177

■ 180, 177, 179

■ 20, 131, 177

■ 197, 177, 189

■ 3, 126, 177

■ 215, 177, 199

■ 0, 125, 177

■ 233, 177, 210

■ 251, 177, 220

■ 255, 177, 230

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



113, 171, 139



109, 157, 177



72, 128, 179

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



109, 157, 177



131, 155, 222



219, 147, 129

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



109, 157, 177



177, 109, 149

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



221, 140, 158



109, 157, 177



174, 153, 211

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



109, 157, 177



83, 136, 217



206, 144, 188



203, 192, 109

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



109, 157, 177



55, 119, 188



206, 144, 188



222, 142, 138

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



109, 157, 177



202, 222, 230



109, 177, 137



99, 111, 115



242, 242, 242



115, 115, 115

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



109, 157, 177



124, 199, 230



109, 145, 177



80, 86, 89



0, 108, 153



0, 18, 26

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



177, 109, 149



230, 124, 186



177, 109, 115



89, 80, 86



153, 0, 89



26, 0, 15

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 109, 157, 177 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

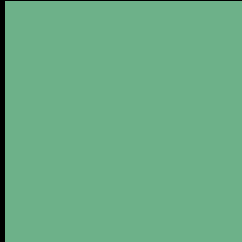
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 109, 157, 177 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 109, 157, 177 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 109, 157, 177.

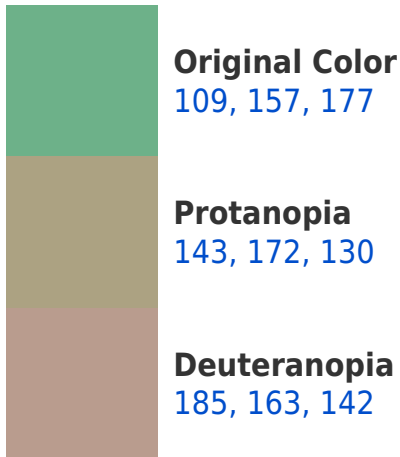


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 109, 157, 177.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
119, 148, 184

Trichromacy



Original Color

109, 157, 177



Protanomaly

133, 167, 151



Deuteranomaly

140, 164, 147



Tritanomaly

115, 146, 173

Monochromacy



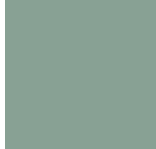
Original Color

109, 157, 177



Achromatopsia

152, 152, 152



Achromatomaly

136, 153, 161

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 109, 157, 177 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(109, 177, 137)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(109, 177, 137)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(109, 177, 137) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(109, 177, 137) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 109, 157, 177 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(109, 177, 137) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(109, 177, 137) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(109, 177, 137)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(109, 177, 137); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 177, 137);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 177,  
137) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 109, 157, 177 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(109, 177, 137) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(109,  
177, 137) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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