

Converting Colors

`RYB(109, 161, 247)`

Have a look what the booklet for RYB(109, 161, 247) contains.

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Color

R_YB(109, 161, 247)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6DC0F7
RGB	109, 192, 247
RGB Percent	43%, 75%, 97%
CMY	0.5725, 0.2453, 0.0314
CMYK	0.56, 0.22, 0.00, 0.03
HSL	204°, 90%, 70%
HSV	204°, 56%, 97%
XYZ	42.0420, 47.8602, 95.0178
YIQ	173.4530, -67.1230, -0.4910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

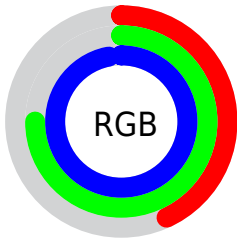
Format	Color
RYB	109, 161, 247
Decimal	7192823
CIELab	74.74, -10.14, -34.68
CIELCh	75, 36.132, 253.699
Yxy	47.8602, 0.2274, 0.2588
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285382903 (0xFF6DC0F7)
YUV	173.4530, 36.2587, -56.5253
Hunter-Lab	69.1811, -12.5908, -33.0060

Details

The RYB color **109, 161, 247** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **247, 200, 109**, and the grayscale version is **173, 173, 173**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **169, 210, 255**, and **40, 100, 190** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **84, 146, 247**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **134, 176, 247**.

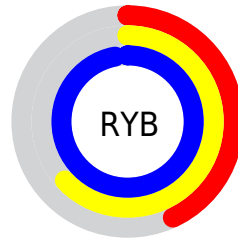
Distribution



Red (43%)

Green (75%)

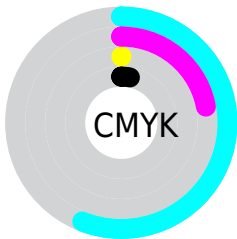
Blue (97%)



Red (43%)

Yellow (63%)

Blue (97%)

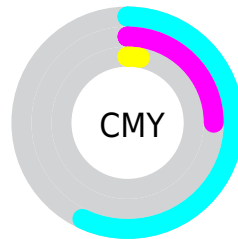


Cyan (56%)

Magenta (22%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (3%)



Cyan (57%)

Magenta (25%)

Yellow (3%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 109, 161, 247 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 109, 161, 247 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 109, 161, 247


255, 255, 255


 169, 210, 255

 199, 227, 255

 229, 242, 255

 109, 161, 247

 78, 132, 218


 40, 100, 190

 0, 67, 163

 0, 54, 137

 0, 41, 111

 0, 29, 86

 0, 17, 63

 0, 3, 40

 0, 1, 18

■ 109, 161, 247

■ 109, 161, 247

■ 84, 146, 247

■ 134, 176, 247

■ 60, 130, 247

■ 158, 192, 247

■ 35, 115, 247

■ 183, 207, 247

■ 10, 99, 247

■ 208, 223, 247

■ 0, 93, 247

■ 233, 238, 247

■ 255, 255, 247

■ 247, 255, 247

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



68, 140, 229



109, 161, 247



162, 178, 248

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



109, 161, 247



250, 159, 170



135, 195, 176

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



109, 161, 247



247, 200, 109

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



123, 191, 119



109, 161, 247



243, 174, 139

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



109, 161, 247



238, 161, 203



204, 222, 120



114, 169, 201

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



109, 161, 247



194, 174, 239



204, 222, 120



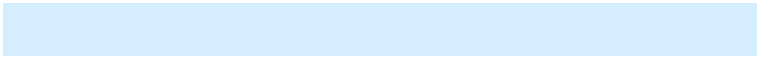
128, 193, 154

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



109, 161, 247



212, 228, 255



109, 209, 247



102, 112, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



109, 161, 247



84, 148, 255



109, 123, 247



110, 115, 122



0, 70, 186



0, 22, 59

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



247, 109, 192



255, 84, 187



127, 247, 109



122, 110, 118



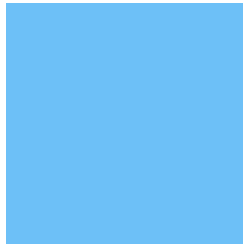
186, 0, 113



59, 0, 35

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 109, 161, 247 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

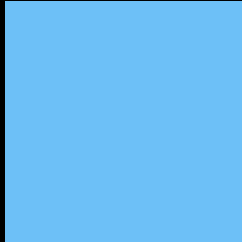
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 109, 161, 247 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

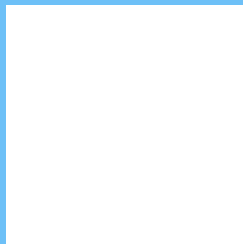
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 109, 161, 247 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 109, 161, 247.

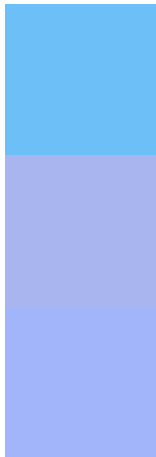


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 109, 161, 247.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

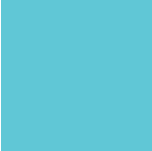
Dichromacy



Original Color
109, 161, 247

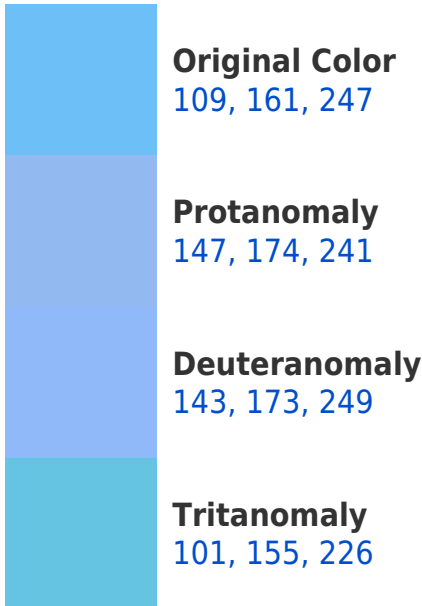
Protanopia
168, 179, 238

Deuteranopia
163, 178, 250

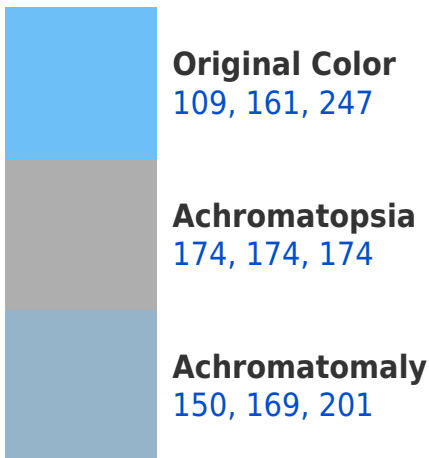


Tritanopia
96, 151, 214

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 109, 161, 247 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(109, 192, 247)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(109, 192, 247)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(109, 192, 247) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(109, 192, 247) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 109, 161, 247 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

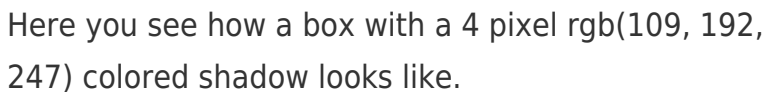
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(109, 192, 247) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(109, 192, 247) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(109, 192, 247)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 192, 247); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 192, 247); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 192, 247) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 109, 161, 247 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(109, 192, 247) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(109,  
192, 247) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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