

Converting Colors

`RYB(109, 32, 116)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(109, 32, 116) contains.

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Color

R_YB(109, 32, 116)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6D2074
RGB	109, 32, 116
RGB Percent	43%, 13%, 45%
CMY	0.5725, 0.8745, 0.5451
CMYK	0.06, 0.72, 0.00, 0.55
HSL	295°, 57%, 29%
HSV	295°, 72%, 45%
XYZ	9.9756, 5.5452, 17.0676
YIQ	64.5990, 18.9280, 42.4480

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

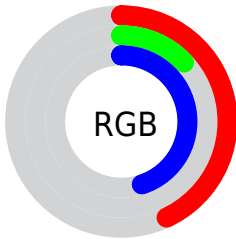
Format	Color
R_{YB}	109, 32, 116
Decimal	7151732
CIE _{Lab}	28.23, 45.18, -31.57
CIE _{LCh}	28, 55.120, 325.058
Yxy	5.5452, 0.3061, 0.1702
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285341812 (0xFF6D2074)
YUV	64.5990, 25.3407, 38.9397
Hunter-Lab	23.5482, 34.4073, -26.4891

Details

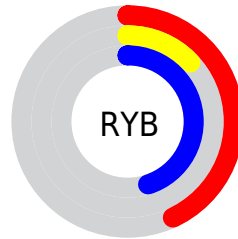
The RYB color **109, 32, 116** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660066**. A complement of this color would be **32, 116, 109**, and the grayscale version is **64, 64, 64**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **163, 84, 169**, and **58, 0, 67** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **108, 20, 116**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **110, 44, 116**.

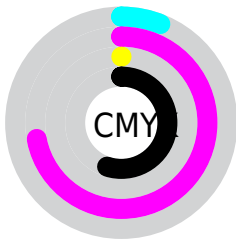
Distribution



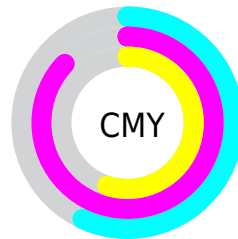
- Red (43%)
- Green (13%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (43%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (72%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (55%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (87%)
- Yellow (55%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 109, 32, 116 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 109, 32, 116 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 109, 32, 116


 109, 32, 116

255, 255, 255


 83, 0, 91

 163, 84, 169

 58, 0, 67

 191, 110, 196

 36, 0, 45

 220, 136, 224

 0, 1, 23

 249, 164, 253

 0, 0, 0

 255, 191, 255

 255, 220, 255

 255, 249, 255

 109, 32, 116

 109, 32, 116

■ 108, 20, 116

■ 110, 44, 116

■ 107, 9, 116

■ 111, 55, 116

■ 106, 0, 116

■ 112, 67, 116

■ 113, 78, 116

■ 114, 90, 116

■ 115, 102, 116

■ 116, 113, 116

■ 116, 125, 124

■ 116, 136, 134

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



39, 56, 145



109, 32, 116



135, 0, 76

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



109, 32, 116



35, 88, 0



0, 46, 102

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



109, 32, 116



32, 116, 109

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 50, 84



109, 32, 116



0, 75, 26

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



109, 32, 116



119, 65, 0



0, 73, 81



0, 51, 136

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



109, 32, 116



138, 0, 48



0, 73, 81



0, 43, 88

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



109, 32, 116



148, 117, 150



32, 38, 116



75, 57, 77



204, 204, 204



77, 77, 77

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



109, 32, 116



140, 20, 150



116, 32, 81



58, 53, 59



112, 0, 122



229, 0, 250

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



116, 32, 39



150, 20, 30



32, 91, 116



59, 53, 53



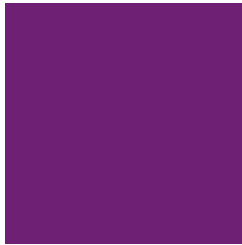
122, 0, 10



250, 0, 21

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 109, 32, 116 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

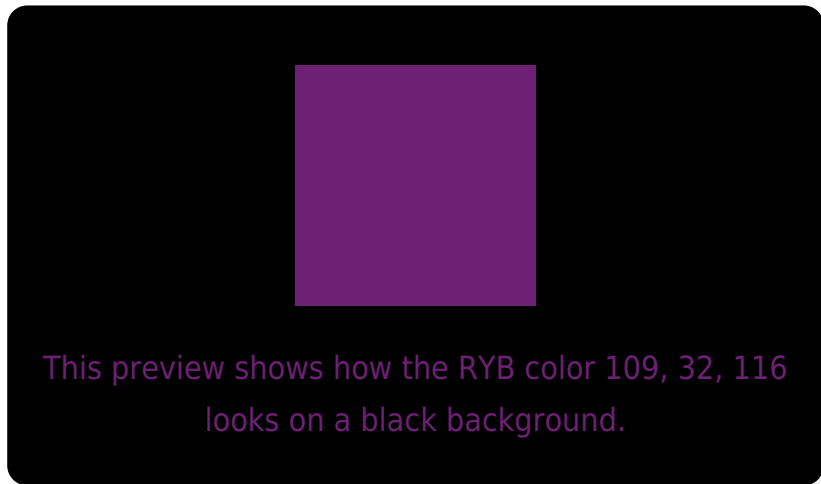
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

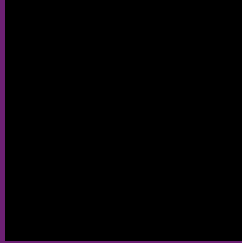
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 109, 32, 116 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 109, 32, 116.

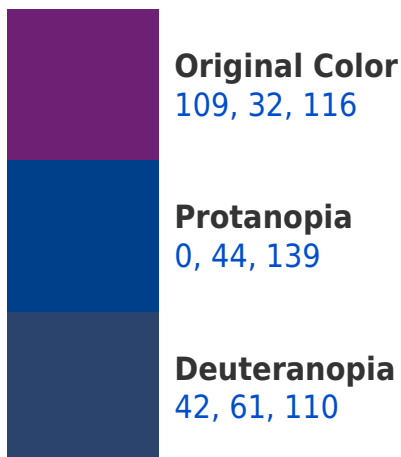


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 109, 32, 116.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
102, 53, 57

Trichromacy



Original Color

109, 32, 116

Protanomaly

40, 51, 131

Deuteranomaly

66, 55, 112

Tritanomaly

105, 45, 78

Monochromacy



Original Color

109, 32, 116

Achromatopsia

65, 65, 65

Achromatomaly

81, 53, 84

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 109, 32, 116 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(109, 32, 116)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(109, 32, 116)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(109, 32, 116) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(109, 32, 116) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 109, 32, 116 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(109, 32, 116) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(109, 32, 116) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(109, 32, 116)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 32, 116); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 32, 116); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 32, 116) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 109, 32, 116 is called "background".

The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(109, 32, 116) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(109, 32,  
116) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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