

Converting Colors

`RYB(109, 96, 122)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(109, 96, 122) contains.

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Color

R_YB(109, 96, 122)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6D607A
RGB	109, 96, 122
RGB Percent	43%, 38%, 48%
CMY	0.5725, 0.6235, 0.5216
CMYK	0.11, 0.21, 0.00, 0.52
HSL	270°, 12%, 43%
HSV	270°, 21%, 48%
XYZ	14.0024, 13.0221, 20.1879
YIQ	102.8510, -0.5980, 10.8420

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

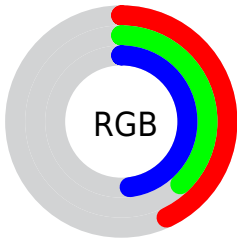
Format	Color
R_{YB}	109, 96, 122
Decimal	7168122
CIE _{Lab}	42.80, 10.64, -12.67
CIE _{LCh}	43, 16.546, 310.021
Yxy	13.0221, 0.2966, 0.2758
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285358202 (0xFF6D607A)
YUV	102.8510, 9.4405, 5.3927
Hunter-Lab	36.0861, 6.1121, -7.9086

Details

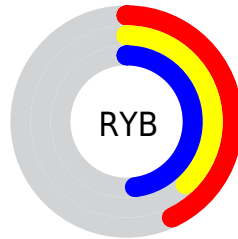
The RYB color **109, 96, 122** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. A complement of this color would be **96, 122, 109**, and the grayscale version is **103, 103, 103**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **161, 147, 174**, and **61, 50, 73** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **103, 84, 122**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **115, 108, 122**.

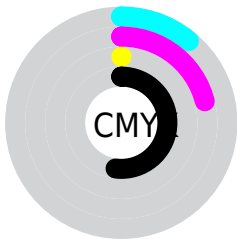
Distribution



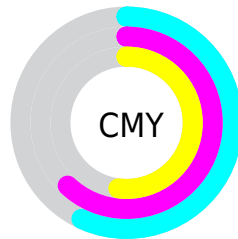
- Red (43%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (48%)



- Red (43%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (48%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (52%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (52%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 109, 96, 122 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 109, 96, 122 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



109, 96, 122



109, 96, 122

255, 255, 255



85, 72, 97



161, 147, 174



61, 50, 73



188, 173, 202



39, 29, 51



216, 201, 230



20, 3, 30



244, 229, 255



0, 0, 1



0, 0, 0



109, 96, 122



109, 96, 122



103, 84, 122



115, 108, 122



97, 72, 122



121, 120, 122

■ 91, 59, 122

■ 122, 133, 128

■ 85, 47, 122

■ 122, 145, 134

■ 79, 35, 122

■ 122, 157, 139

■ 72, 23, 122

■ 122, 169, 145

■ 66, 11, 122

■ 122, 181, 151

■ 61, 0, 122

■ 122, 194, 158

■ 122, 206, 164

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



91, 99, 128



109, 96, 122



122, 92, 111

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



109, 96, 122



119, 117, 76



64, 88, 109

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



109, 96, 122



96, 122, 109

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



76, 98, 108



109, 96, 122



80, 107, 74

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



109, 96, 122



127, 95, 84



80, 106, 95



62, 87, 118

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



109, 96, 122



127, 91, 102



80, 106, 95



67, 90, 109

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



109, 96, 122



153, 149, 158



96, 105, 122



76, 74, 79



207, 207, 207



79, 79, 79

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



109, 96, 122



138, 117, 158



122, 96, 122



58, 55, 61



62, 0, 125



126, 0, 252

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



122, 96, 109



158, 117, 138



96, 122, 122



61, 55, 58



125, 0, 62



252, 0, 126

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 109, 96, 122 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 109, 96, 122 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

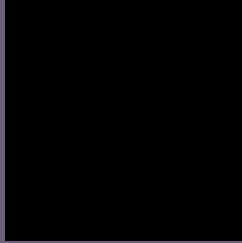
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 109, 96, 122 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 109, 96, 122.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 109, 96, 122.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
109, 96, 122

Protanopia
95, 99, 125

Deuteranopia
101, 99, 121



Tritanopia
107, 99, 107

Trichromacy



Original Color

109, 96, 122

Protanomaly

100, 99, 124

Deuteranomaly

104, 98, 121

Tritanomaly

108, 98, 112

Monochromacy



Original Color

109, 96, 122

Achromatopsia

103, 103, 103

Achromatomaly

105, 100, 110

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 109, 96, 122 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(109, 96, 122) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(109, 96, 122)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(109, 96, 122) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(109, 96, 122) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 109, 96, 122 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(109, 96, 122) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(109, 96, 122) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(109, 96, 122)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(109, 96, 122); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 96, 122);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 96,  
122) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 109, 96, 122 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(109, 96, 122) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(109, 96,  
122) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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