

Converting Colors

`RYB(10, 115, 169)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(10, 115, 169) contains.

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Color

R_YB(10, 115, 169)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0AA95C
RGB	10, 169, 92
RGB Percent	4%, 66%, 36%
CMY	0.9608, 0.3373, 0.6401
CMYK	0.94, 0.00, 0.46, 0.34
HSL	151°, 89%, 35%
HSV	151°, 94%, 66%
XYZ	16.2349, 29.2092, 14.8552
YIQ	112.6810, -70.0470, -57.6550

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

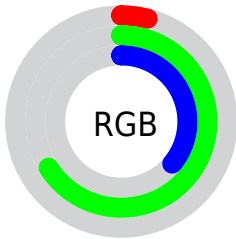
Format	Color
RYB	10, 115, 169
Decimal	698716
CIELab	60.97, -54.33, 29.74
CIELCh	61, 61.935, 151.303
Yxy	29.2092, 0.2692, 0.4844
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278888796 (0xFF0AA95C)
YUV	112.6810, -10.1957, -90.0512
Hunter-Lab	54.0455, -40.9594, 21.5352

Details

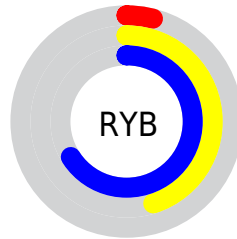
The RYB color **10, 115, 169** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009933**. A complement of this color would be **169, 10, 87**, and the grayscale version is **113, 113, 113**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93, 189, 225**, and **0, 83, 115** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **0, 112, 169**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **27, 121, 169**.

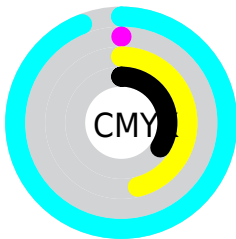
Distribution



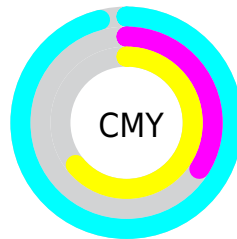
- Red (4%)
- Green (66%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (4%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (66%)



- Cyan (94%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Black (34%)



- Cyan (96%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (64%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 10, 115, 169 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 10, 115, 169 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



10, 115, 169



10, 115, 169

255, 255, 255



0, 96, 142



94, 189, 225



0, 83, 115



124, 221, 255



0, 74, 90



154, 225, 255



0, 65, 65



183, 228, 255



0, 42, 42



213, 234, 255



0, 7, 7



244, 250, 255



0, 0, 0



10, 115, 169




10, 115, 169





0, 112, 169





27, 121, 169

 44, 127, 169


 61, 133, 169


 78, 138, 169

 94, 143, 169

 111, 149, 169

 128, 155, 169

 145, 161, 169

 162, 166, 169

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



44, 160, 87



10, 115, 169



0, 93, 173

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10, 115, 169



0, 96, 255



242, 104, 93

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10, 115, 169



169, 10, 87

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



244, 94, 147



10, 115, 169



150, 132, 241

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10, 115, 169



0, 99, 243



215, 107, 201



215, 187, 48

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10, 115, 169



0, 89, 185



215, 107, 201



245, 97, 111

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10, 115, 169



158, 198, 219



10, 169, 90



72, 97, 110



237, 237, 237



110, 110, 110

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10, 115, 169



0, 144, 219



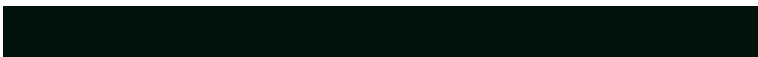
10, 90, 169



76, 81, 84



0, 98, 148



0, 13, 20

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



169, 10, 87



219, 0, 107



169, 10, 10



84, 76, 80



148, 0, 72



20, 0, 10

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 10, 115, 169 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 10, 115, 169 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYP 10, 115, 169 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 10, 115, 169.

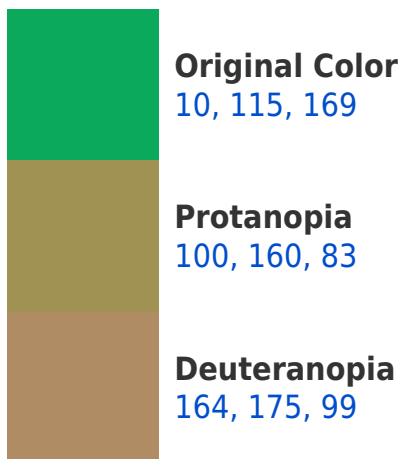


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 10, 115, 169.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
64, 115, 173

Trichromacy



Original Color

10, 115, 169



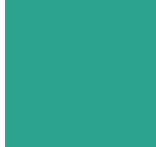
Protanomaly

86, 154, 135



Deuteranomaly

96, 151, 132



Tritanomaly

44, 109, 163

Monochromacy



Original Color

10, 115, 169



Achromatopsia

113, 113, 113



Achromatomaly

76, 114, 133

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 10, 115, 169 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(10, 169, 92)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(10, 169, 92)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(10, 169, 92) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(10, 169, 92) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 10, 115, 169 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(10, 169, 92) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(10, 169, 92) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(10, 169, 92)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(10, 169, 92); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(10, 169, 92);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(10, 169,  
92) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 10, 115, 169 is called "background".

The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(10, 169, 92) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(10, 169,  
92) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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