

Converting Colors

`RYB(110, 120, 144)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(110, 120, 144) contains.

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Color

R_YB(110, 120, 144)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6E7C90
RGB	110, 124, 144
RGB Percent	43%, 49%, 56%
CMY	0.5686, 0.5131, 0.4353
CMYK	0.24, 0.14, 0.00, 0.44
HSL	215°, 13%, 50%
HSV	215°, 24%, 56%
XYZ	18.6930, 19.7857, 29.2194
YIQ	122.0940, -14.7640, 3.2520

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

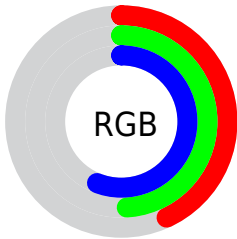
Format	Color
R_{YB}	110, 120, 144
Decimal	7240848
CIE _{Lab}	51.59, -0.58, -12.46
CIE _{LCh}	52, 12.475, 267.320
Yxy	19.7857, 0.2761, 0.2923
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285430928 (0xFF6E7C90)
YUV	122.0940, 10.7997, -10.6064
Hunter-Lab	44.4812, -2.8282, -7.8104

Details

The RYB color **110, 120, 144** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **134, 144, 110**, and the grayscale version is **122, 122, 122**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **162, 172, 198**, and **62, 71, 94** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **96, 110, 144**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **124, 130, 144**.

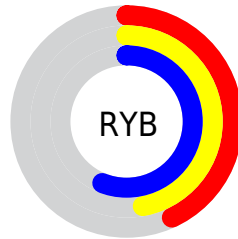
Distribution



Red (43%)

Green (49%)

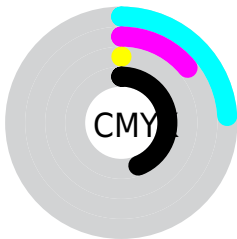
Blue (56%)



Red (43%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (56%)

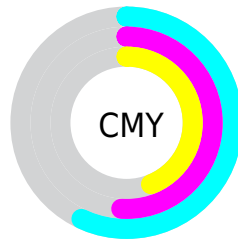


Cyan (24%)

Magenta (14%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (44%)



Cyan (57%)

Magenta (51%)

Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 110, 120, 144 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 110, 120, 144 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 110, 120, 144

255, 255, 255

■ 162, 173, 198

■ 189, 200, 226

■ 217, 228, 254

■ 246, 251, 255

■ 110, 120, 144

■ 85, 95, 118

■ 62, 71, 94

■ 39, 49, 70

■ 17, 27, 48

■ 0, 6, 27

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 110, 120, 144

■ 96, 110, 144

■ 81, 99, 144

■ 110, 120, 144

■ 124, 130, 144

■ 139, 140, 144

■ 67, 90, 144

■ 151, 153, 144

■ 52, 79, 144

■ 161, 168, 144

■ 38, 69, 144

■ 172, 182, 144

■ 24, 59, 144

■ 179, 196, 144

■ 9, 49, 144

■ 192, 211, 144

■ 0, 42, 144

■ 203, 225, 144

■ 213, 240, 144

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



99, 116, 141



110, 120, 144



124, 121, 142

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



110, 120, 144



145, 116, 114



109, 126, 128

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



110, 120, 144



134, 144, 110

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



104, 125, 108



110, 120, 144



141, 125, 105

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



110, 120, 144



144, 116, 124



117, 132, 102



99, 116, 129

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



110, 120, 144



132, 118, 137



117, 132, 102



108, 127, 122

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



110, 120, 144



173, 177, 186



110, 131, 144



87, 89, 94



222, 222, 222



94, 94, 94

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



110, 120, 144



134, 149, 186



113, 110, 144



64, 66, 71



0, 40, 135



0, 2, 8

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



144, 110, 124



186, 134, 156



110, 144, 113



71, 64, 67



135, 0, 56



8, 0, 3

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 110, 120, 144 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 110, 120, 144 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

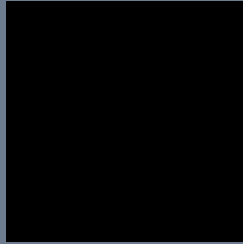
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

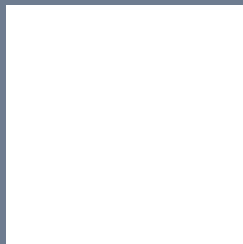
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R/Y/B 110, 120, 144 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R/Y/B color 110, 120, 144.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R/Y/B color 110, 120, 144.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

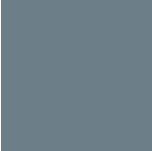
110, 120, 144

Protanopia

119, 122, 142

Deuteranopia

124, 120, 145



Tritanopia
108, 119, 136

Trichromacy



Original Color

110, 120, 144

Protanomaly

116, 122, 143

Deuteranomaly

119, 122, 145

Tritanomaly

109, 119, 139

Monochromacy



Original Color

110, 120, 144

Achromatopsia

122, 122, 122

Achromatomaly

118, 122, 130

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 110, 120, 144 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(110, 124, 144)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(110, 124, 144)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 124, 144) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(110, 124, 144) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 110, 120, 144 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

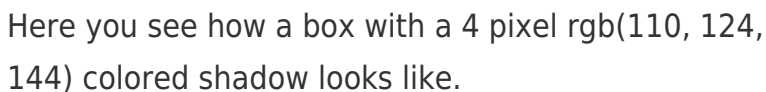
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(110, 124, 144) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(110, 124, 144) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(110, 124, 144)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 124, 144); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 124, 144); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 124, 144) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 110, 120, 144 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(110, 124, 144) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(110,  
124, 144) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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