

Converting Colors

`RYB(110, 192, 192)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(110, 192, 192) contains.

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Color

R_YB(110, 192, 192)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6EC06E
RGB	110, 192, 110
RGB Percent	43%, 75%, 43%
CMY	0.5686, 0.2471, 0.5686
CMYK	0.43, 0.00, 0.43, 0.25
HSL	120°, 39%, 59%
HSV	120°, 43%, 75%
XYZ	28.0945, 42.1401, 21.4050
YIQ	158.1340, -22.5500, -42.8860

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

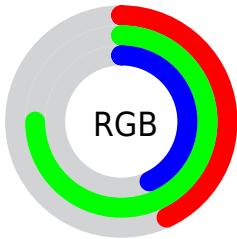
Format	Color
RYB	110, 192, 192
Decimal	7258222
CIELab	70.97, -41.79, 33.65
CIELCh	71, 53.657, 141.158
Yxy	42.1401, 0.3066, 0.4598
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285448302 (0xFF6EC06E)
YUV	158.1340, -23.7301, -42.2135
Hunter-Lab	64.9154, -36.3495, 25.8907

Details

The RYB color **110, 192, 192** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **66CC66**. A complement of this color would be **192, 110, 192**, and the grayscale version is **158, 158, 158**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **163, 249, 247**, and **55, 133, 138** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **91, 192, 192**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **129, 192, 192**.

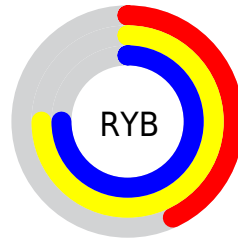
Distribution



Red (43%)

Green (75%)

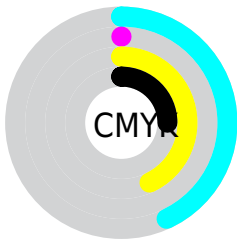
Blue (43%)



Red (43%)

Yellow (75%)

Blue (75%)

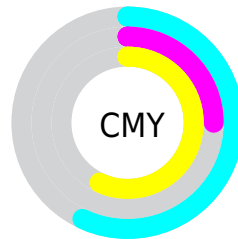


Cyan (43%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (43%)

Black (25%)



Cyan (57%)


Magenta (25%)


Yellow (57%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RYB color 110, 192, 192 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 110, 192, 192 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 110, 192, 192

 110, 192, 192

255, 255, 255

 83, 163, 165

 163, 249, 247

 55, 133, 138

 190, 255, 251

 22, 99, 112

 218, 255, 250

 0, 77, 87

 247, 255, 250


 0, 62, 62


 0, 41, 41

 0, 7, 7


 0, 0, 0


 110, 192, 192


 110, 192, 192

 91, 192, 192


 129, 192, 192

 72, 192, 192


 148, 192, 192


 52, 192, 192

 168, 192, 192

 33, 192, 192


 187, 192, 192

 14, 192, 192

 206, 192, 206

 0, 192, 192

 225, 192, 225

 244, 192, 244

 255, 192, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



78, 182, 92



110, 192, 192



0, 110, 197

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



110, 192, 192



0, 107, 255



255, 134, 141

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



110, 192, 192



192, 110, 192

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 133, 190



110, 192, 192



153, 165, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



110, 192, 192



0, 109, 249



220, 147, 236



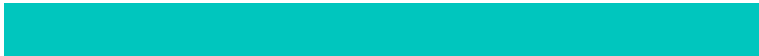
249, 172, 99

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



110, 192, 192



0, 101, 198



220, 147, 236



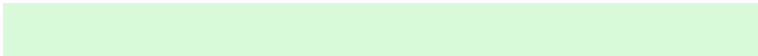
255, 132, 157

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



110, 192, 192



217, 250, 250



110, 192, 110



105, 125, 125



252, 252, 252



125, 125, 125

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



110, 192, 192



122, 250, 250



110, 165, 192



87, 97, 97



0, 161, 161



0, 33, 33

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



192, 110, 192



250, 122, 250



192, 110, 151



97, 87, 97



161, 0, 161



33, 0, 33

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 110, 192, 192 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 110, 192, 192 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 110, 192, 192 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 110, 192, 192.

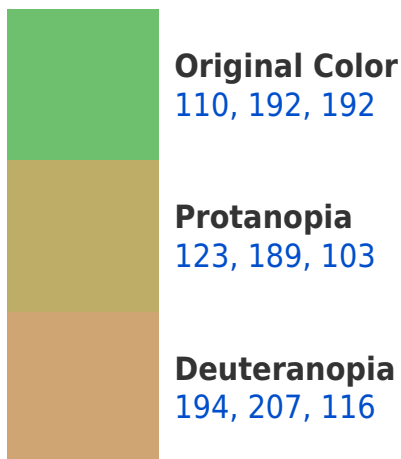


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 110, 192, 192.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
127, 158, 197

Trichromacy



Original Color

110, 192, 192



Protanomaly

106, 180, 126



Deuteranomaly

114, 175, 117



Tritanomaly

121, 160, 186

Monochromacy



Original Color

110, 192, 192



Achromatopsia

158, 158, 158



Achromatomaly

141, 170, 170

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 110, 192, 192 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(110, 192, 110)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(110, 192, 110)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 192, 110) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(110, 192, 110) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 110, 192, 192 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

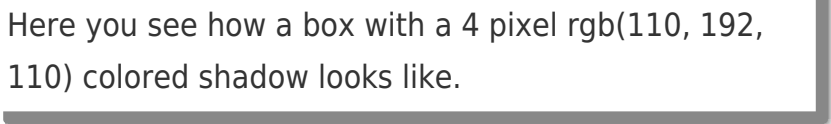
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(110, 192, 110) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(110, 192, 110) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(110, 192, 110)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 192, 110); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 192, 110); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 192, 110) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 110, 192, 192 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(110, 192, 110) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(110,  
192, 110) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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