

Converting Colors

`RYB(110, 51, 122)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(110, 51, 122) contains.

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Color

R_YB(110, 51, 122)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6E337A
RGB	110, 51, 122
RGB Percent	43%, 20%, 48%
CMY	0.5686, 0.8000, 0.5216
CMYK	0.10, 0.58, 0.00, 0.52
HSL	290°, 41%, 34%
HSV	290°, 58%, 48%
XYZ	11.1271, 7.0878, 19.1940
YIQ	76.7350, 12.3730, 34.5890

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

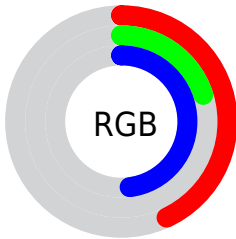
Format	Color
R_{YB}	110, 51, 122
Decimal	7222138
CIE _{Lab}	32.01, 37.67, -29.37
CIE _{LCh}	32, 47.772, 322.059
Yxy	7.0878, 0.2974, 0.1895
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285412218 (0xFF6E337A)
YUV	76.7350, 22.3156, 29.1734
Hunter-Lab	26.6229, 28.0143, -24.1095

Details

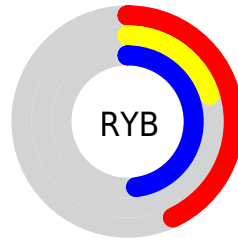
The RYB color **110, 51, 122** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663366**. A complement of this color would be **51, 122, 110**, and the grayscale version is **77, 77, 77**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **163, 101, 175**, and **60, 0, 73** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **108, 39, 122**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **112, 63, 122**.

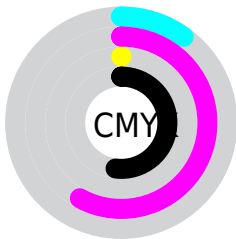
Distribution



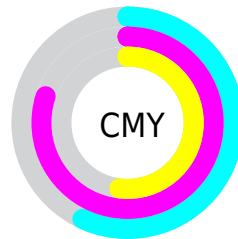
- Red (43%)
- Green (20%)
- Blue (48%)



- Red (43%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Blue (48%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (52%)




- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (52%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RYB color 110, 51, 122 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 110, 51, 122 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 110, 51, 122

255, 255, 255

 163, 101, 175

 191, 126, 202

 220, 153, 231

 249, 180, 255

 255, 208, 255

 255, 237, 255

 110, 51, 122

 84, 26, 97

 60, 0, 73

 38, 0, 50

 0, 0, 28

 0, 0, 0

 110, 51, 122

 108, 39, 122

 110, 51, 122

 112, 63, 122

■ 106, 27, 122

■ 114, 75, 122

■ 104, 14, 122

■ 116, 88, 122

■ 102, 2, 122

■ 118, 100, 122

■ 101, 0, 122

■ 120, 112, 122

■ 122, 124, 124

■ 122, 136, 134

■ 122, 149, 145

■ 122, 161, 154

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50, 67, 146



110, 51, 122



136, 34, 87

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



110, 51, 122



43, 100, 0



0, 49, 103

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



110, 51, 122



51, 122, 110

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 53, 91



110, 51, 122



0, 82, 17

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



110, 51, 122



126, 76, 14



1, 69, 88



0, 54, 134

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



110, 51, 122



141, 33, 62



1, 69, 88



0, 47, 92

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



110, 51, 122



154, 131, 158



51, 62, 122



76, 63, 79



207, 207, 207



79, 79, 79

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



110, 51, 122



139, 47, 158



122, 51, 100



60, 55, 61



104, 0, 125



210, 0, 252

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



122, 51, 63



158, 47, 66



51, 105, 122



61, 55, 56



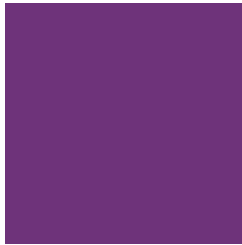
125, 0, 21



252, 0, 43

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 110, 51, 122 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

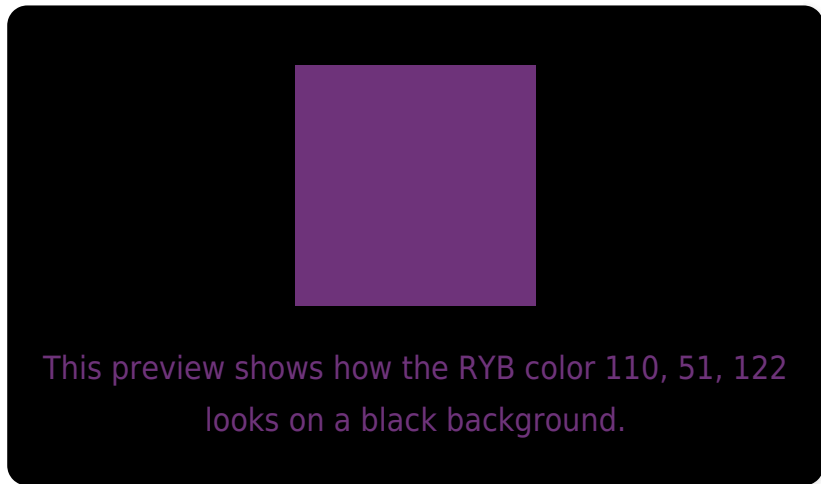
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

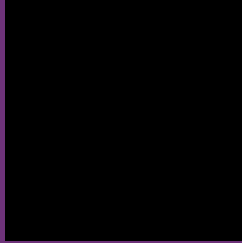
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 110, 51, 122 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 110, 51, 122.

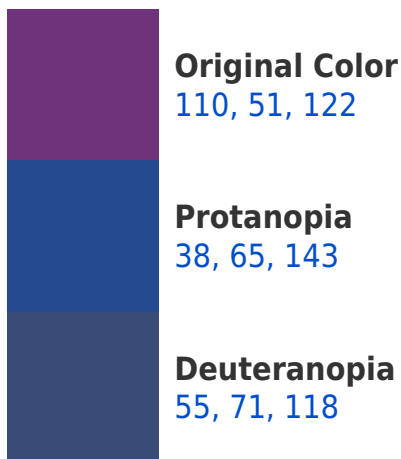


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 110, 51, 122.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
103, 65, 70

Trichromacy



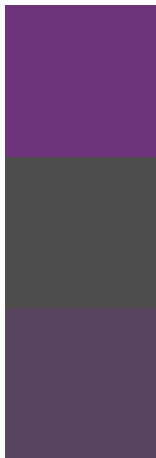
Original Color
110, 51, 122

Protanomaly
64, 66, 135

Deuteranomaly
75, 67, 119

Tritanomaly
106, 60, 89

Monochromacy



Original Color
110, 51, 122

Achromatopsia
77, 77, 77

Achromatomaly
89, 68, 93

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 110, 51, 122 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(110, 51, 122)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(110, 51, 122)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 51, 122) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(110, 51, 122) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 110, 51, 122 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(110, 51, 122) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(110, 51, 122) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 51, 122) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(110, 51, 122); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 51, 122);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 51,  
122) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 110, 51, 122 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(110, 51, 122) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(110, 51,  
122) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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