

Converting Colors

`RYB(111, 111, 139)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(111, 111, 139) contains.

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Color

R_YB(111, 111, 139)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6F6F8B
RGB	111, 111, 139
RGB Percent	44%, 44%, 55%
CMY	0.5647, 0.5647, 0.4549
CMYK	0.20, 0.20, 0.00, 0.45
HSL	240°, 11%, 49%
HSV	240°, 20%, 55%
XYZ	16.9002, 16.6125, 26.7419
YIQ	114.1920, -8.9880, 8.7080

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

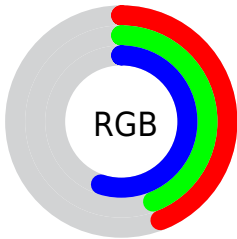
Format	Color
R_{YB}	111, 111, 139
Decimal	7303051
CIE _{Lab}	47.77, 6.30, -15.30
CIE _{LCh}	48, 16.550, 292.370
Yxy	16.6125, 0.2805, 0.2757
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285493131 (0xFF6F6F8B)
YUV	114.1920, 12.2303, -2.7994
Hunter-Lab	40.7584, 2.6866, -10.3697

Details

The RYB color **111, 111, 139** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. A complement of this color would be **111, 139, 111**, and the grayscale version is **114, 114, 114**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **163, 163, 193**, and **63, 63, 89** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **97, 97, 139**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **125, 125, 139**.

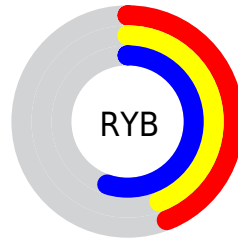
Distribution



Red (44%)

Green (44%)

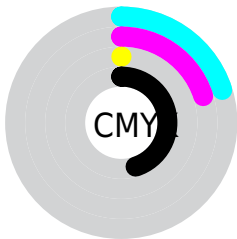
Blue (55%)



Red (44%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (55%)

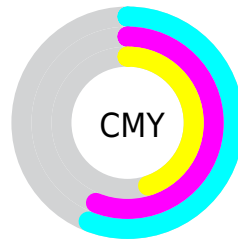


Cyan (20%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (45%)



Cyan (56%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 111, 111, 139 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 111, 111, 139 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 111, 111, 139

255, 255, 255

■ 163, 163, 193

■ 190, 190, 220

■ 218, 217, 249

■ 247, 246, 255

■ 111, 111, 139

■ 86, 87, 113

■ 63, 63, 89

■ 40, 42, 65

■ 19, 21, 43

■ 0, 1, 23

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 111, 111, 139

■ 97, 97, 139

■ 83, 83, 139

■ 111, 111, 139

■ 125, 125, 139

■ 139, 139, 139

■ 69, 69, 139

■ 139, 153, 139

■ 55, 55, 139

■ 139, 167, 139

■ 42, 42, 139

■ 139, 181, 139

■ 28, 28, 139

■ 139, 194, 139

■ 14, 14, 139

■ 139, 208, 139

■ 0, 0, 139

■ 139, 222, 139

■ 139, 236, 139

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



92, 108, 141



111, 111, 139



128, 106, 131

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



111, 111, 139



138, 114, 92



82, 105, 121

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



111, 111, 139



111, 139, 111

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



96, 119, 118



111, 111, 139



112, 127, 86

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



111, 111, 139



142, 104, 103



87, 116, 90



74, 98, 123

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



111, 111, 139



136, 104, 122



87, 116, 90



87, 110, 121

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



111, 111, 139



170, 170, 181



111, 125, 139



85, 85, 92



219, 219, 219



92, 92, 92

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



111, 111, 139



138, 138, 181



125, 111, 139



62, 62, 69



0, 0, 133



0, 0, 5

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



139, 111, 139



181, 138, 181



111, 139, 125



69, 62, 69



133, 0, 133



5, 0, 5

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 111, 111, 139 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 111, 111, 139 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

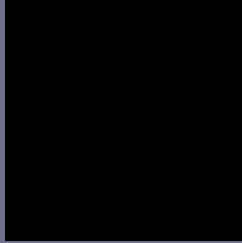
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

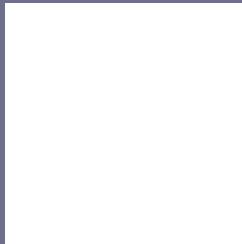
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 111, 111, 139 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 111, 111, 139.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 111, 111, 139.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
111, 111, 139

Protanopia
107, 111, 140

Deuteranopia
111, 111, 139



Tritanopia
108, 112, 123

Trichromacy



Original Color

111, 111, 139

Protanomaly

108, 112, 140

Deuteranomaly

111, 111, 139

Tritanomaly

109, 112, 129

Monochromacy



Original Color

111, 111, 139

Achromatopsia

114, 114, 114

Achromatomaly

113, 113, 123

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 111, 111, 139 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(111, 111, 139)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(111, 111, 139)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(111, 111, 139) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(111, 111, 139) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 111, 111, 139 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(111, 111, 139) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(111, 111, 139) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(111, 111, 139)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 111, 139); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 111, 139); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 111, 139) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 111, 111, 139 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(111, 111, 139) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(111,  
111, 139) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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