

Converting Colors

`RYB(111, 74, 140)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(111, 74, 140) contains.

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Color

R_YB(111, 74, 140)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6F4A8C
RGB	111, 74, 140
RGB Percent	44%, 29%, 55%
CMY	0.5647, 0.7098, 0.4510
CMYK	0.21, 0.47, 0.00, 0.45
HSL	274°, 31%, 42%
HSV	274°, 47%, 55%
XYZ	13.7379, 10.1705, 26.0500
YIQ	92.5870, 0.8660, 28.3700

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

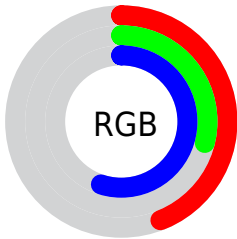
Format	Color
R_{YB}	111, 74, 140
Decimal	7293580
CIE _{Lab}	38.15, 29.01, -30.80
CIE _{LCh}	38, 42.313, 313.282
Yxy	10.1705, 0.2750, 0.2036
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285483660 (0xFF6F4A8C)
YUV	92.5870, 23.3746, 16.1482
Hunter-Lab	31.8912, 21.0836, -26.1064

Details

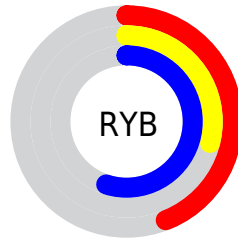
The RYB color **111, 74, 140** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663366**. A complement of this color would be **74, 140, 111**, and the grayscale version is **92, 92, 92**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **164, 124, 194**, and **61, 28, 89** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **105, 60, 140**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **117, 88, 140**.

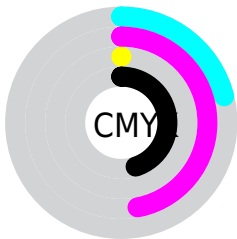
Distribution



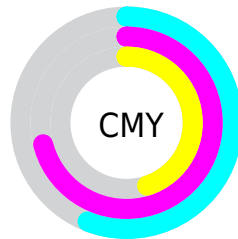
- Red (44%)
- Green (29%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (45%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (71%)
- Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 111, 74, 140 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 111, 74, 140 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



111, 74, 140



111, 74, 140

255, 255, 255



86, 51, 114



164, 124, 194



61, 28, 89



192, 150, 222



37, 6, 66



220, 177, 251



16, 0, 43



249, 204, 255



0, 1, 21



255, 233, 255



0, 0, 0



111, 74, 140



111, 74, 140



105, 60, 140



117, 88, 140



99, 46, 140



123, 102, 140

■ 93, 32, 140

■ 129, 116, 140

■ 86, 18, 140

■ 136, 130, 140

■ 80, 4, 140

■ 140, 144, 142

■ 78, 0, 140

■ 140, 158, 150

■ 140, 172, 158

■ 140, 186, 166

■ 140, 200, 174

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50, 78, 157



111, 74, 140



142, 61, 110

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



111, 74, 140



89, 123, 19



0, 54, 106

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



111, 74, 140



74, 140, 111

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 63, 105



111, 74, 140



14, 93, 14

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



111, 74, 140



144, 74, 44



37, 101, 84



0, 59, 136

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



111, 74, 140



151, 57, 87



37, 101, 84



0, 56, 106

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



111, 74, 140



170, 156, 181



74, 95, 140



85, 76, 92



219, 219, 219



92, 92, 92

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



111, 74, 140



136, 78, 181



140, 74, 137



66, 62, 69



74, 0, 133



3, 0, 5

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



140, 74, 103



181, 78, 123



74, 137, 140



69, 62, 65



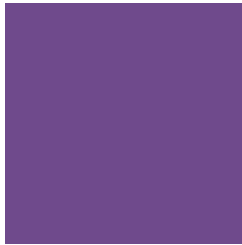
133, 0, 58



5, 0, 2

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 111, 74, 140 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 111, 74, 140 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

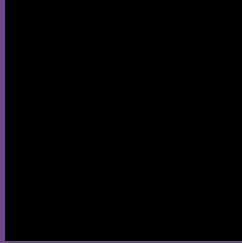
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 111, 74, 140 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 111, 74, 140.

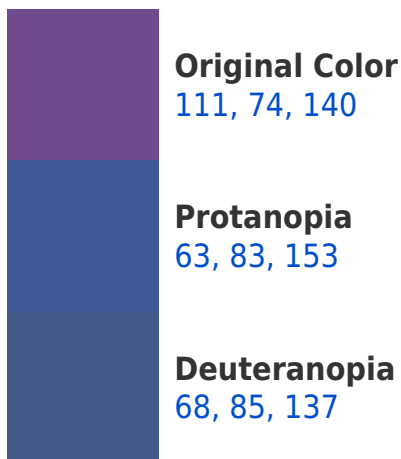


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 111, 74, 140.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
103, 85, 92

Trichromacy



Original Color
111, 74, 140

Protanomaly
80, 83, 148

Deuteranomaly
84, 84, 138

Tritanomaly
106, 81, 109

Monochromacy



Original Color
111, 74, 140

Achromatopsia
93, 93, 93

Achromatomaly
100, 86, 110

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 111, 74, 140 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(111, 74, 140)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(111, 74, 140)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(111, 74, 140) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(111, 74, 140) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 111, 74, 140 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(111, 74, 140) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(111, 74, 140) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(111, 74, 140)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(111, 74, 140); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 74, 140);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 74,  
140) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 111, 74, 140 is called "background".

The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(111, 74, 140) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(111, 74,  
140) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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