

Converting Colors

`RYB(112, 172, 93)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(112, 172, 93) contains.

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Color

$\text{RYB}(112, 172, 93)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AC9D5D
RGB	172, 157, 93
RGB Percent	67%, 62%, 36%
CMY	0.3255, 0.3856, 0.6353
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.46, 0.33
HSL	48°, 32%, 52%
HSV	48°, 46%, 67%
XYZ	30.9926, 33.5680, 15.2017
YIQ	154.1890, 29.4840, -16.7240

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

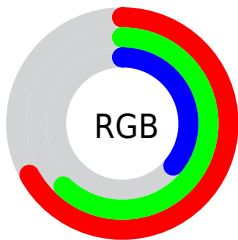
Format	Color
RYB	112, 172, 93
Decimal	11312477
CIELab	64.62, -3.35, 35.24
CIELCh	65, 35.401, 95.424
Yxy	33.5680, 0.3886, 0.4209
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289502557 (0xFFAC9D5D)
YUV	154.1890, -30.1662, 15.6202
Hunter-Lab	57.9379, -5.9068, 25.0001

Details

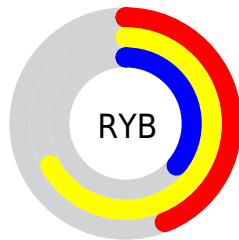
The RYB color **112, 172, 93** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **93, 106, 172**, and the grayscale version is **154, 154, 154**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **167, 229, 144**, and **59, 118, 45** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **100, 172, 76**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **125, 172, 110**.

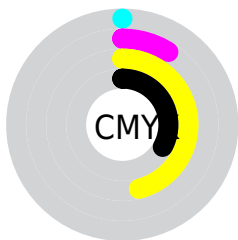
Distribution



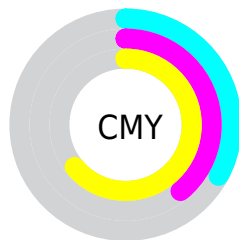
- Red (67%)
- Green (62%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (36%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Black (33%)





- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (64%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RYB color 112, 172, 93 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 112, 172, 93 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 112, 172, 93

 112, 172, 93

255, 255, 255

 86, 145, 69

 167, 229, 144

 59, 118, 45

 191, 255, 171

 33, 92, 21

 199, 255, 199

 9, 67, 0

 227, 255, 227


 7, 43, 0


 0, 17, 1

 0, 0, 0

 112, 172, 93

 112, 172, 93

 100, 172, 76

 125, 172, 110

86, 172, 59

138, 172, 127

72, 172, 41

151, 172, 145

60, 172, 24

165, 172, 162

47, 172, 7

172, 173, 179

41, 172, 0

172, 176, 196

172, 179, 213

172, 181, 231

172, 185, 248

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



199, 186, 100



112, 172, 93



104, 166, 132

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



112, 172, 93



17, 99, 192



201, 136, 184

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



112, 172, 93



93, 106, 172

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



168, 146, 208



112, 172, 93



64, 125, 213

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



112, 172, 93



55, 118, 174



120, 147, 219



217, 132, 152

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



112, 172, 93



113, 164, 170



120, 147, 219



192, 139, 193

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



112, 172, 93



200, 224, 193



172, 93, 109



97, 112, 93



240, 240, 240



112, 112, 112

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



112, 172, 93



131, 224, 101



93, 172, 117



81, 87, 78



36, 150, 0



5, 23, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



93, 106, 172



101, 121, 224



117, 93, 172



78, 80, 87



0, 24, 150



0, 3, 23

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 112, 172, 93 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 112, 172, 93 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

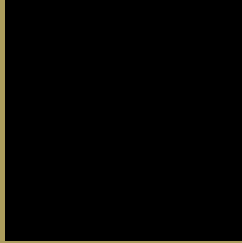
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 112, 172, 93 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 112, 172, 93.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 112, 172, 93.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

112, 172, 93

Protanopia

112, 172, 93

Deuteranopia

164, 190, 95



Tritanopia
179, 149, 160

Trichromacy



Original Color

112, 172, 93

Protanomaly

112, 172, 93

Deuteranomaly

142, 183, 94

Tritanomaly

176, 163, 136

Monochromacy



Original Color

112, 172, 93

Achromatopsia

154, 154, 154

Achromatomaly

140, 161, 132

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 112, 172, 93 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(172, 157, 93)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(172, 157, 93)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(172, 157, 93) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(172, 157, 93) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 112, 172, 93 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(172, 157, 93) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(172, 157, 93) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(172, 157, 93) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(172, 157, 93); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 157, 93);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 157,  
93) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 112, 172, 93 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(172, 157, 93) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(172,  
157, 93) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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