

Converting Colors

`RYB(113, 110, 145)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(113, 110, 145) contains.

RYB(113, 110, 145)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

R_{YB}(113, 110, 145)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	716E91
RGB	113, 110, 145
RGB Percent	44%, 43%, 57%
CMY	0.5569, 0.5686, 0.4314
CMYK	0.22, 0.24, 0.00, 0.43
HSL	245°, 14%, 50%
HSV	245°, 24%, 57%
XYZ	17.4968, 16.7069, 29.0906
YIQ	114.8870, -9.4470, 11.5210

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

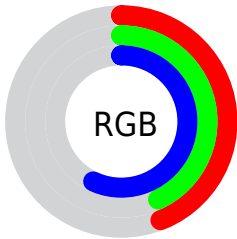
Format	Color
R_{YB}	113, 110, 145
Decimal	7433873
CIE Lab	47.89, 9.05, -18.66
CIE LCh	48, 20.739, 295.870
Yxy	16.7069, 0.2764, 0.2640
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285623953 (0xFF716E91)
YUV	114.8870, 14.8457, -1.6549
Hunter-Lab	40.8741, 4.8802, -13.5856

Details

The RYB color **113, 110, 145** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. A complement of this color would be **110, 145, 113**, and the grayscale version is **115, 115, 115**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **165, 162, 199**, and **64, 63, 94** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **100, 96, 145**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **126, 125, 145**.

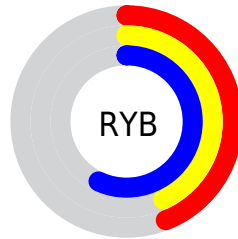
Distribution



Red (44%)

Green (43%)

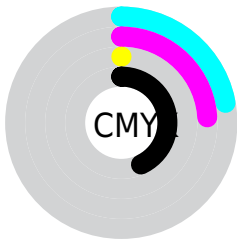
Blue (57%)



Red (44%)

Yellow (43%)

Blue (57%)

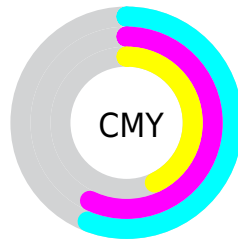


Cyan (22%)

Magenta (24%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (43%)



Cyan (56%)

Magenta (57%)

Yellow (43%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 113, 110, 145 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 113, 110, 145 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 113, 110, 145

255, 255, 255

■ 165, 162, 199

■ 193, 189, 227

■ 221, 216, 255

■ 249, 245, 255

■ 113, 110, 145

■ 88, 86, 119

■ 64, 63, 94

■ 41, 41, 71

■ 19, 20, 48

■ 0, 1, 27

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 113, 110, 145

■ 100, 96, 145

■ 86, 81, 145

■ 113, 110, 145

■ 126, 125, 145

■ 140, 139, 145

■ 73, 67, 145

■ 145, 154, 146

■ 60, 52, 145

■ 145, 168, 147

■ 47, 38, 145

■ 145, 183, 149

■ 33, 23, 145

■ 145, 197, 149

■ 20, 9, 145

■ 145, 212, 151

■ 12, 0, 145

■ 145, 226, 152

■ 145, 241, 154

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



88, 107, 148



113, 110, 145



134, 104, 133

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



113, 110, 145



142, 118, 85



71, 100, 123

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



113, 110, 145



110, 145, 113

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



90, 117, 121



113, 110, 145



103, 128, 79

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



113, 110, 145



149, 102, 99



82, 117, 89



60, 93, 128

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



113, 110, 145



143, 102, 123



82, 117, 89



77, 106, 123

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



113, 110, 145



177, 175, 189



110, 127, 145



87, 87, 94



222, 222, 222



94, 94, 94

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



113, 110, 145



139, 134, 189



130, 110, 145



65, 64, 71



12, 0, 135



1, 0, 8

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



145, 110, 142



189, 134, 184



110, 145, 130



71, 64, 71



135, 0, 124



8, 0, 7

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 113, 110, 145 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 113, 110, 145 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

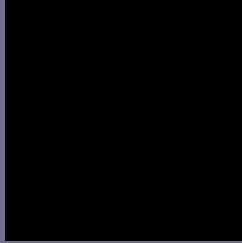
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 113, 110, 145 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 113, 110, 145.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 113, 110, 145.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
113, 110, 145

Protanopia
105, 111, 147

Deuteranopia
108, 112, 145



Tritanopia
109, 113, 123

Trichromacy



Original Color

113, 110, 145

Protanomaly

108, 111, 146

Deuteranomaly

110, 111, 145

Tritanomaly

110, 113, 131

Monochromacy



Original Color

113, 110, 145

Achromatopsia

115, 115, 115

Achromatomaly

114, 113, 126

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 113, 110, 145 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(113, 110, 145)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(113, 110, 145)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(113, 110, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(113, 110, 145) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 113, 110, 145 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(113, 110, 145) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(113, 110, 145) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(113, 110, 145)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(113, 110, 145); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 110, 145);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 110,  
145) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 113, 110, 145 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(113, 110, 145) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(113,  
110, 145) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor