

Converting Colors

`RYB(113, 123, 208)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(113, 123, 208) contains.

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Color

R_YB(113, 123, 208)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	717CD0
RGB	113, 124, 208
RGB Percent	44%, 49%, 82%
CMY	0.5569, 0.5130, 0.1843
CMYK	0.46, 0.40, 0.00, 0.18
HSL	233°, 50%, 63%
HSV	233°, 46%, 82%
XYZ	25.4250, 22.5244, 62.6821
YIQ	130.2870, -33.5200, 23.7920

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

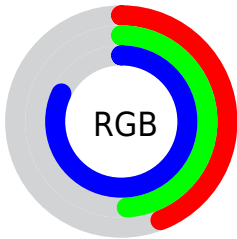
Format	Color
RYB	113, 123, 208
Decimal	7437520
CIELab	54.58, 17.94, -44.69
CIELCh	55, 48.157, 291.878
Yxy	22.5244, 0.2298, 0.2036
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285627600 (0xFF717CD0)
YUV	130.2870, 38.3125, -15.1607
Hunter-Lab	47.4598, 12.5707, -45.0848

Details

The RYB color **113, 123, 208** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6666CC**. A complement of this color would be **125, 208, 113**, and the grayscale version is **130, 130, 130**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **169, 175, 255**, and **57, 73, 153** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **92, 104, 208**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **134, 142, 208**.

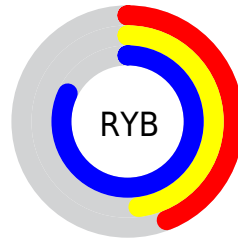
Distribution



Red (44%)

Green (49%)

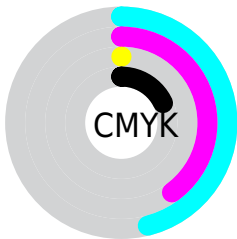
Blue (82%)



Red (44%)

Yellow (48%)

Blue (82%)

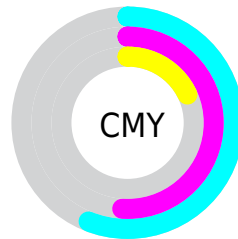


Cyan (46%)

Magenta (40%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (18%)



Cyan (56%)

Magenta (51%)

Yellow (18%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 113, 123, 208 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 113, 123, 208 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 113, 123, 208

255, 255, 255

■ 169, 176, 255

■ 197, 203, 255

■ 227, 231, 255

■ 113, 123, 208

■ 85, 97, 180

■ 57, 73, 153

■ 23, 46, 127

■ 0, 25, 101

■ 0, 10, 77

■ 0, 5, 53


■ 0, 2, 31


■ 0, 0, 2


■ 0, 0, 0

 113, 123, 208


 113, 123, 208

 92, 104, 208

 134, 142, 208


 71, 85, 208

 155, 160, 208

 51, 67, 208

 175, 179, 208

 30, 49, 208

 196, 198, 208

 9, 30, 208

 209, 217, 208

 0, 22, 208

 213, 238, 208

 210, 255, 208

 208, 255, 208

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 84, 213



113, 123, 208



171, 107, 182

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



113, 123, 208



193, 131, 66



0, 84, 150

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



113, 123, 208



125, 208, 113

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



73, 142, 146



113, 123, 208



102, 163, 44

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



113, 123, 208



207, 96, 102



48, 138, 62



0, 78, 160

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



113, 123, 208



194, 98, 157



48, 138, 62



0, 88, 149

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



113, 123, 208



219, 223, 255



113, 164, 208



106, 108, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



113, 123, 208



115, 129, 255



148, 113, 208



94, 95, 105



0, 18, 168



0, 4, 41

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



208, 113, 124



255, 115, 131



113, 208, 148



105, 94, 95



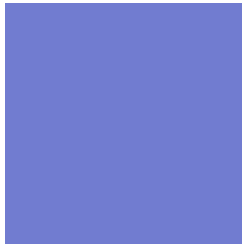
168, 0, 20



41, 0, 5

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 113, 123, 208 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

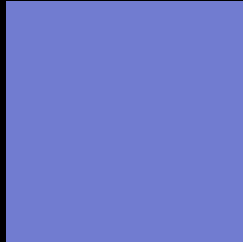
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 113, 123, 208 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 113, 123, 208 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 113, 123, 208.

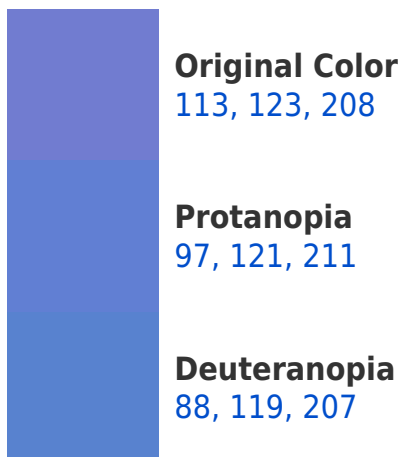


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 113, 123, 208.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

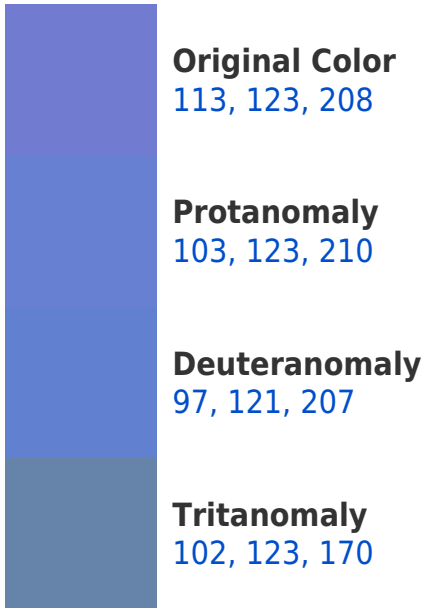
Dichromacy



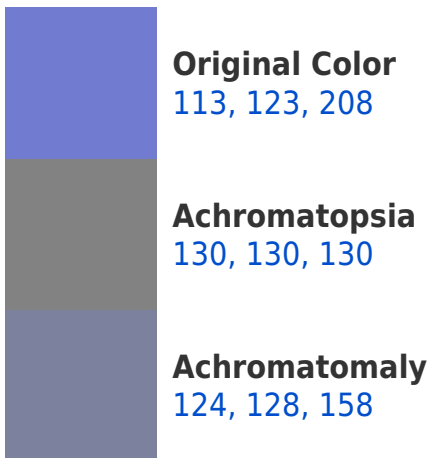


Tritanopia
96, 119, 148

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 113, 123, 208 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(113, 124, 208)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(113, 124, 208)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(113, 124, 208) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(113, 124, 208) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 113, 123, 208 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

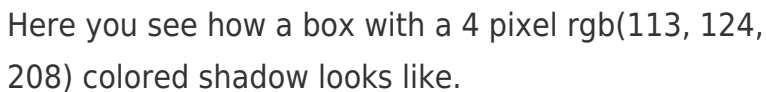
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(113, 124, 208) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(113, 124, 208) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(113, 124, 208)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 124, 208); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 124, 208); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 124, 208) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 113, 123, 208 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(113, 124, 208) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(113,  
124, 208) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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