

Converting Colors

`RYB(113, 127, 152)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(113, 127, 152) contains.

RYB(113, 127, 152)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

R_YB(113, 127, 152)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	718798
RGB	113, 135, 152
RGB Percent	44%, 53%, 60%
CMY	0.5569, 0.4712, 0.4039
CMYK	0.26, 0.11, 0.00, 0.40
HSL	206°, 16%, 52%
HSV	206°, 26%, 60%
XYZ	21.1192, 23.0610, 33.0439
YIQ	130.3600, -18.5690, 0.6230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

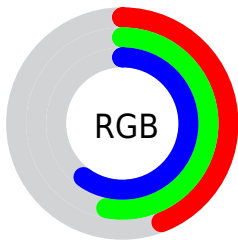
Format	Color
RYB	113, 127, 152
Decimal	7440280
CIELab	55.14, -3.77, -11.76
CIElCh	55, 12.347, 252.198
Yxy	23.0610, 0.2735, 0.2986
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285630360 (0xFF718798)
YUV	130.3600, 10.6685, -15.2247
Hunter-Lab	48.0219, -5.5371, -7.1821

Details

The RYB color **113, 127, 152** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **152, 143, 113**, and the grayscale version is **130, 130, 130**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **165, 180, 206**, and **64, 77, 101** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **98, 117, 152**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **128, 137, 152**.

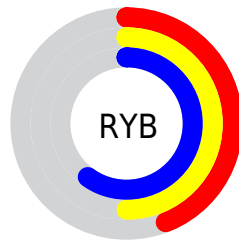
Distribution



Red (44%)

Green (53%)

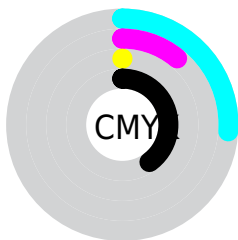
Blue (60%)



Red (44%)

Yellow (50%)

Blue (60%)

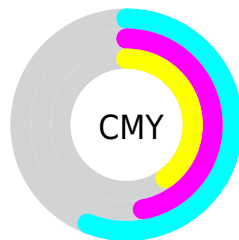


Cyan (26%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (40%)



Cyan (56%)

Magenta (47%)

Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 113, 127, 152 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 113, 127, 152 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 113, 127, 152

255, 255, 255

■ 165, 180, 206

■ 193, 208, 234

■ 221, 235, 255

■ 250, 253, 255

■ 113, 127, 152

■ 88, 102, 126

■ 64, 77, 101

■ 41, 54, 77

■ 18, 32, 54

■ 0, 12, 33

■ 0, 0, 8

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 113, 127, 152

■ 98, 117, 152

■ 113, 127, 152

■ 128, 137, 152

■ 83, 108, 152

■ 143, 146, 152

■ 67, 98, 152

■ 159, 157, 152

■ 52, 88, 152

■ 174, 170, 152

■ 37, 78, 152

■ 189, 180, 152

■ 22, 69, 152

■ 204, 193, 152

■ 7, 59, 152

■ 219, 206, 152

■ 0, 55, 152

■ 235, 216, 152

■ 250, 229, 152

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



105, 123, 146



113, 127, 152



126, 130, 153

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



113, 127, 152



155, 125, 128



116, 136, 128

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



113, 127, 152



152, 143, 113

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



114, 136, 111



113, 127, 152



153, 128, 118

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



113, 127, 152



150, 125, 139



147, 145, 112



112, 129, 138

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



113, 127, 152



135, 129, 150



147, 145, 112



114, 135, 121

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



113, 127, 152



181, 186, 196



113, 140, 152



90, 93, 99



227, 227, 227



99, 99, 99

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



113, 127, 152



135, 157, 196



113, 116, 152



69, 72, 77



0, 51, 140



0, 5, 13

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



152, 113, 135



196, 135, 170



116, 152, 113



77, 69, 73



140, 0, 79



13, 0, 7

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 113, 127, 152 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

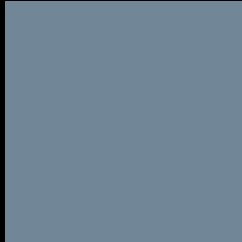
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 113, 127, 152 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

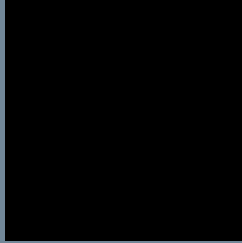
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

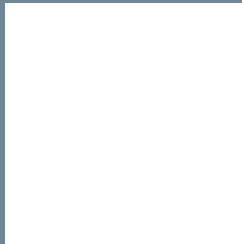
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 113, 127, 152 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 113, 127, 152.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 113, 127, 152.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
113, 127, 152

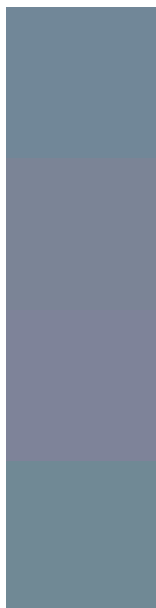
Protanopia
129, 131, 149

Deuteranopia
134, 129, 153



Tritanopia
112, 126, 147

Trichromacy



Original Color

113, 127, 152

Protanomaly

123, 130, 150

Deuteranomaly

126, 130, 153

Tritanomaly

112, 127, 149

Monochromacy



Original Color

113, 127, 152

Achromatopsia

130, 130, 130

Achromatomaly

124, 129, 138

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 113, 127, 152 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(113, 135, 152)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(113, 135, 152)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(113, 135, 152) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(113, 135, 152) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 113, 127, 152 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(113, 135, 152) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(113, 135, 152) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(113, 135, 152)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(113, 135, 152); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 135, 152);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 135,  
152) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 113, 127, 152 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(113, 135, 152) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(113,  
135, 152) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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