

Converting Colors

`RYB(113, 152, 179)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(113, 152, 179) contains.

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Color

R_YB(113, 152, 179)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	71B39F
RGB	113, 179, 159
RGB Percent	44%, 70%, 62%
CMY	0.5569, 0.2980, 0.3777
CMYK	0.37, 0.00, 0.11, 0.30
HSL	162°, 30%, 57%
HSV	162°, 37%, 70%
XYZ	29.1615, 38.2434, 38.5058
YIQ	156.9860, -32.9160, -20.2120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

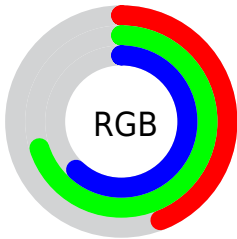
Format	Color
RYB	113, 152, 179
Decimal	7451551
CIELab	68.20, -25.70, 3.74
CIELCh	68, 25.969, 171.723
Yxy	38.2434, 0.2753, 0.3611
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285641631 (0xFF71B39F)
YUV	156.9860, 0.9929, -38.5757
Hunter-Lab	61.8413, -24.0499, 6.3716

Details

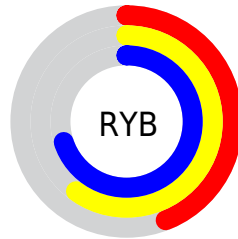
The RYB color **113, 152, 179** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **179, 113, 133**, and the grayscale version is **157, 157, 157**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **167, 207, 235**, and **61, 99, 126** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **95, 145, 179**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **131, 159, 179**.

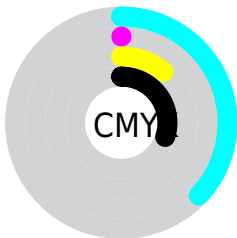
Distribution



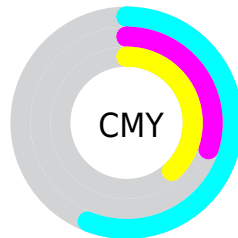
- Red (44%)
- Green (70%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (70%)



- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Black (30%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (38%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 113, 152, 179 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 113, 152, 179 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 113, 152, 179

255, 255, 255

■ 167, 208, 235

■ 195, 229, 255

■ 224, 240, 255

253, 254, 255

■ 113, 152, 179

■ 95, 145, 179

■ 113, 152, 179

■ 87, 125, 152

■ 61, 99, 126

■ 34, 73, 101

■ 0, 42, 76


■ 0, 31, 53

■ 0, 21, 33


■ 0, 0, 0

■ 113, 152, 179


■ 131, 159, 179

 77, 137, 179


 149, 167, 179

 59, 130, 179

 167, 174, 179


 41, 122, 179

 185, 179, 181

 23, 115, 179

 203, 179, 186

 6, 108, 179

 220, 179, 192

 0, 106, 179

 238, 179, 197

 255, 179, 203

 255, 179, 208

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



137, 176, 174



113, 152, 179



97, 139, 183

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



113, 152, 179



161, 163, 210



207, 167, 130

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



113, 152, 179



179, 113, 133

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



214, 150, 150



113, 152, 179



190, 155, 196

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



113, 152, 179



128, 156, 212



209, 150, 174



162, 189, 120

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



113, 152, 179



97, 142, 197



209, 150, 174



210, 158, 136

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



113, 152, 179



207, 222, 232



113, 179, 158



102, 111, 117



245, 245, 245



117, 117, 117

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



113, 152, 179



130, 190, 232



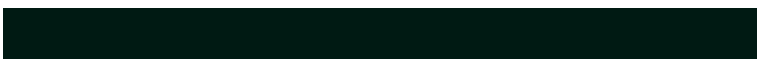
113, 143, 179



80, 85, 89



0, 90, 153



0, 15, 26

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



179, 113, 133



232, 130, 161



179, 128, 113



89, 80, 83



153, 0, 47



26, 0, 8

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 113, 152, 179 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

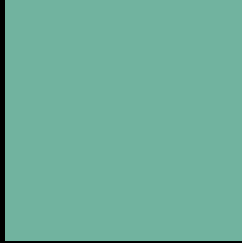
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 113, 152, 179 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

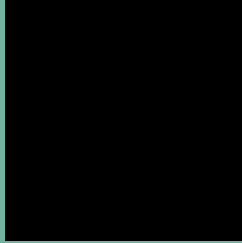
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 113, 152, 179 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 113, 152, 179.

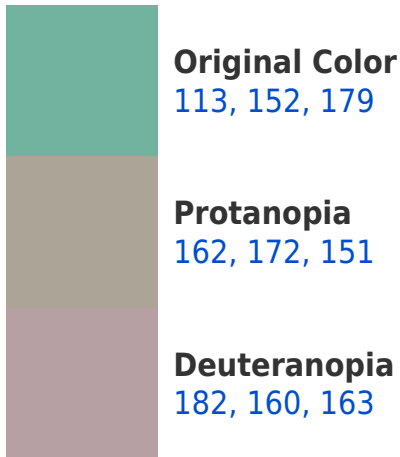


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 113, 152, 179.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

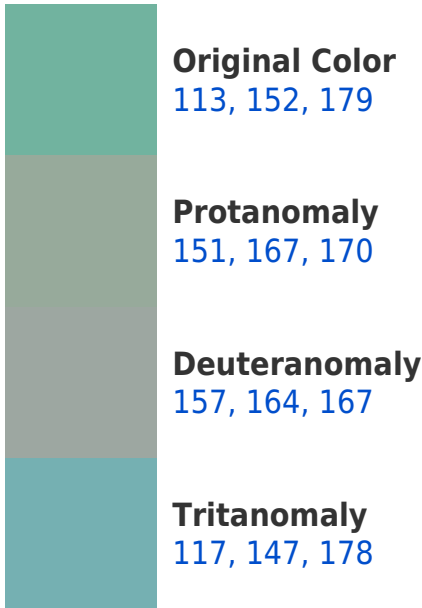
Dichromacy



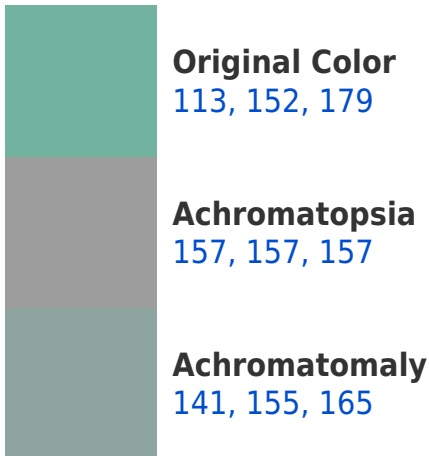


Tritanopia
120, 151, 189

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 113, 152, 179 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(113, 179, 159)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(113, 179, 159)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(113, 179, 159) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(113, 179, 159) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 113, 152, 179 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(113, 179, 159) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(113, 179, 159) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(113, 179, 159) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(113, 179, 159); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 179, 159);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 179,  
159) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 113, 152, 179 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(113, 179, 159) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(113,  
179, 159) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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