

# Converting Colors

`RYB(113, 187, 209)`

Have a look what the booklet for  
RYB(113, 187, 209) contains.

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# Color

**R<sub>Y</sub>B(113, 187, 209)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	71D18E
RGB	113, 209, 142
RGB Percent	44%, 82%, 56%
CMY	0.5569, 0.1804, 0.4449
CMYK	0.46, 0.00, 0.32, 0.18
HSL	138°, 51%, 63%
HSV	138°, 46%, 82%
XYZ	34.4586, 51.0509, 33.4483
YIQ	172.6580, -35.7090, -41.1890

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

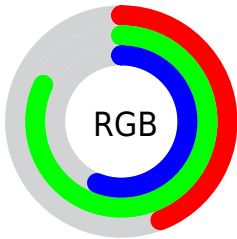
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	113, 187, 209
Decimal	7459214
CIELab	76.71, -43.09, 24.90
CIElCh	77, 49.762, 149.980
Yxy	51.0509, 0.2897, 0.4292
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285649294 (0xFF71D18E)
YUV	172.6580, -15.1144, -52.3201
Hunter-Lab	71.4499, -38.9510, 22.2591

# Details

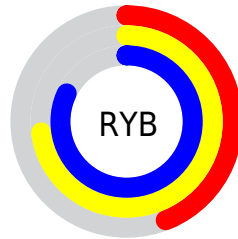
The RYB color **113, 187, 209** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CC99**. A complement of this color would be **209, 113, 180**, and the grayscale version is **173, 173, 173**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **169, 234, 255**, and **56, 128, 154** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **92, 182, 209**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **134, 192, 209**.

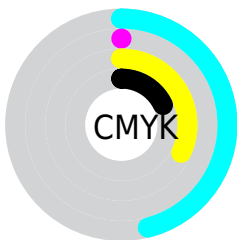
# Distribution



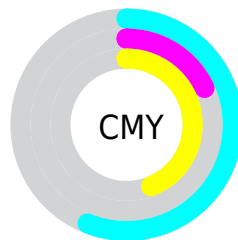
- Red (44%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Black (18%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (44%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 113, 187, 209 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 113, 187, 209 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 113, 187, 209


255, 255, 255


 169, 234, 255

 198, 237, 255

 227, 242, 255

 113, 187, 209

 85, 158, 181

 56, 128, 154

 20, 94, 127

 0, 71, 102

 0, 61, 77


 0, 53, 53

 0, 31, 31


 0, 0, 0

 113, 187, 209


 113, 187, 209

 92, 182, 209


 134, 192, 209

 71, 177, 209


 155, 197, 209

 50, 173, 209


 176, 201, 209

 29, 167, 209

 197, 207, 209

 9, 163, 209

 218, 209, 215

 0, 161, 209

 238, 209, 230

 255, 209, 244

 255, 209, 255

# Harmonies

## Analogous

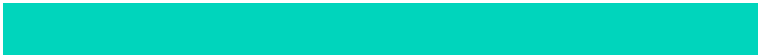
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



107, 200, 137



113, 187, 209



0, 113, 213

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



113, 187, 209



112, 164, 255



255, 157, 146

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



113, 187, 209



209, 113, 180

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 152, 191



113, 187, 209



193, 177, 255

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



113, 187, 209



0, 114, 255



246, 161, 236



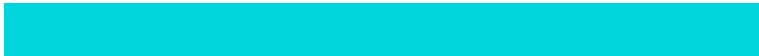
254, 213, 110

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



113, 187, 209



0, 108, 219



246, 161, 236



255, 153, 160

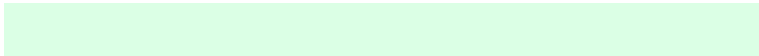


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



113, 187, 209



219, 247, 255



113, 209, 140



106, 123, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



113, 187, 209



115, 223, 255



113, 167, 209



94, 103, 105



0, 129, 168



0, 32, 41



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



209, 113, 180



255, 115, 213



209, 113, 134



105, 94, 101



168, 0, 118



41, 0, 29



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 113, 187, 209 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

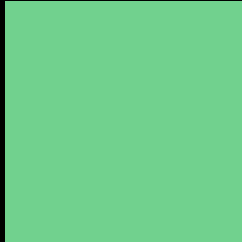
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 113, 187, 209 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RYB 113, 187, 209 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 113, 187, 209.

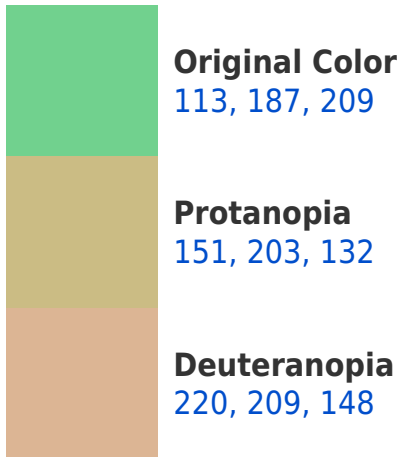


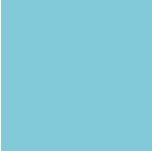
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 113, 187, 209.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
130, 169, 216

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

113, 187, 209



**Protanomaly**

135, 196, 161



**Deuteranomaly**

146, 191, 156



**Tritanomaly**

124, 167, 203

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

113, 187, 209



**Achromatopsia**

173, 173, 173



**Achromatomaly**

151, 178, 186

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 113, 187, 209 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(113, 209, 142)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(113, 209, 142)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(113, 209, 142) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(113, 209, 142) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 113, 187, 209 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(113, 209, 142) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(113, 209, 142) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(113, 209, 142)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(113, 209, 142); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 209, 142);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 209,  
142) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 113, 187, 209 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(113, 209, 142) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(113,  
209, 142) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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