

Converting Colors

`RYB(113, 95, 126)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(113, 95, 126) contains.

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Color

R_YB(113, 95, 126)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	715F7E
RGB	113, 95, 126
RGB Percent	44%, 37%, 49%
CMY	0.5569, 0.6275, 0.5059
CMYK	0.10, 0.25, 0.00, 0.51
HSL	275°, 14%, 43%
HSV	275°, 25%, 49%
XYZ	14.6682, 13.2015, 21.5137
YIQ	103.9160, 0.7770, 13.4570

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

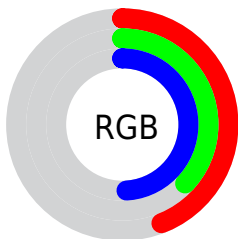
Format	Color
R_{YB}	113, 95, 126
Decimal	7430014
CIE Lab	43.07, 13.60, -14.65
CIE LCh	43, 19.992, 312.873
Yxy	13.2015, 0.2970, 0.2673
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285620094 (0xFF715F7E)
YUV	103.9160, 10.8874, 7.9667
Hunter-Lab	36.3339, 8.4771, -9.6726

Details


The RYB color **113, 95, 126** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. A complement of this color would be **95, 126, 113**, and the grayscale version is **104, 104, 104**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **165, 146, 179**, and **65, 49, 77** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **108, 82, 126**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **118, 108, 126**.

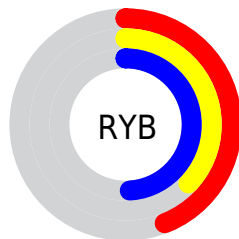
Distribution



 Red (44%)

 Green (37%)

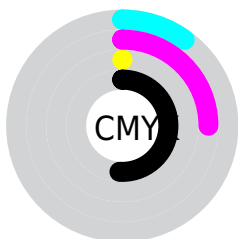
 Blue (49%)





 Red (44%)

 Yellow (37%)

 Blue (49%)

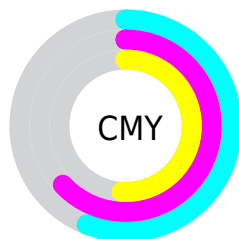



 Cyan (10%)


 Magenta (25%)

 Yellow (0%)

 Black (51%)



 Cyan (56%)

 Magenta (63%)

 Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 113, 95, 126 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 113, 95, 126 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



113, 95, 126



113, 95, 126

255, 255, 255



88, 71, 101



165, 146, 179



65, 49, 77



192, 172, 206



42, 28, 54



220, 199, 234



23, 2, 33



249, 228, 255



0, 0, 7



0, 0, 0



113, 95, 126



113, 95, 126



108, 82, 126



118, 108, 126



102, 70, 126



124, 120, 126

■ 97, 57, 126

■ 126, 133, 130

■ 92, 45, 126

■ 126, 145, 137

■ 87, 32, 126

■ 126, 158, 145

■ 81, 19, 126

■ 126, 171, 152

■ 76, 7, 126

■ 126, 183, 159

■ 73, 0, 126

■ 126, 196, 167

■ 126, 208, 173

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



91, 99, 134



113, 95, 126



128, 91, 112

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



113, 95, 126



118, 122, 70



53, 83, 111

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



113, 95, 126



95, 126, 113

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



69, 96, 110



113, 95, 126



72, 106, 69

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



113, 95, 126



132, 96, 80



77, 107, 96



51, 84, 124

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



113, 95, 126



134, 89, 101



77, 107, 96



57, 86, 111

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



113, 95, 126



158, 152, 163



95, 104, 126



79, 75, 82



209, 209, 209



82, 82, 82

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



113, 95, 126



143, 114, 163



126, 95, 124



61, 57, 64



74, 0, 128



0, 0, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



126, 95, 108



163, 114, 135



95, 124, 126



64, 57, 60



128, 0, 53



0, 0, 0

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 113, 95, 126 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 113, 95, 126 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

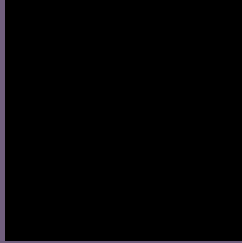
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 113, 95, 126 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 113, 95, 126.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 113, 95, 126.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

113, 95, 126

Protanopia

94, 100, 130

Deuteranopia

100, 100, 125



Tritanopia
110, 99, 106

Trichromacy



Original Color

113, 95, 126

Protanomaly

101, 99, 129

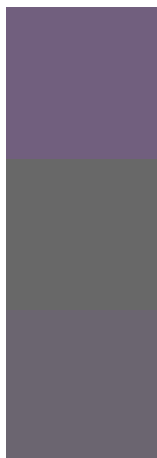
Deuteranomaly

105, 98, 125

Tritanomaly

111, 98, 113

Monochromacy



Original Color

113, 95, 126

Achromatopsia

104, 104, 104

Achromatomaly

107, 101, 112

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 113, 95, 126 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(113, 95, 126) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(113, 95, 126)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(113, 95, 126) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(113, 95, 126) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 113, 95, 126 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(113, 95, 126) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(113, 95, 126) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(113, 95, 126)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(113, 95, 126); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 95, 126);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 95,  
126) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 113, 95, 126 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(113, 95, 126) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(113, 95,  
126) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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