

Converting Colors

`RYB(113, 96, 111)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(113, 96, 111) contains.

RYB(113, 96, 111)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

R_YB(113, 96, 111)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	71606F
RGB	113, 96, 111
RGB Percent	44%, 38%, 44%
CMY	0.5569, 0.6235, 0.5647
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.02, 0.56
HSL	307°, 8%, 41%
HSV	307°, 15%, 44%
XYZ	13.8622, 13.0241, 16.8222
YIQ	102.7930, 5.3170, 8.2690

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

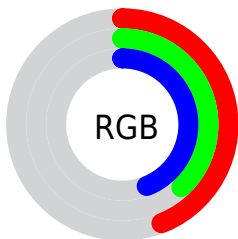
Format	Color
R_{YB}	113, 96, 111
Decimal	7430255
CIE Lab	42.80, 9.74, -5.94
CIE LCh	43, 11.410, 328.633
Yxy	13.0241, 0.3172, 0.2980
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285620335 (0xFF71606F)
YUV	102.7930, 4.0461, 8.9515
Hunter-Lab	36.0890, 5.4080, -2.3747

Details

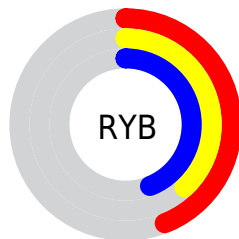
The RYB color **113, 96, 111** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **96, 111, 113**, and the grayscale version is **103, 103, 103**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **165, 147, 163**, and **65, 50, 63** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **113, 85, 110**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **113, 107, 112**.

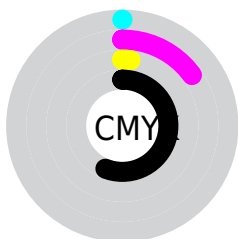
Distribution



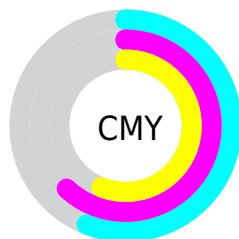
- Red (44%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (56%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 113, 96, 111 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 113, 96, 111 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



113, 96, 111



113, 96, 111

255, 255, 255



88, 72, 87



165, 147, 163



65, 50, 63



192, 173, 190



43, 29, 41



220, 201, 217



23, 3, 21



248, 229, 246



0, 0, 0



113, 96, 111



113, 96, 111



113, 85, 110



113, 107, 112



113, 73, 108



113, 118, 119



113, 62, 107



113, 128, 130

■ 113, 51, 106

■ 113, 138, 141

■ 113, 39, 104

■ 113, 149, 153

■ 113, 28, 103

■ 113, 159, 164

■ 113, 17, 102

■ 113, 169, 175

■ 113, 6, 100

■ 113, 178, 186

■ 113, 0, 100

■ 113, 189, 198

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



102, 99, 118



113, 96, 111



120, 95, 102

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



113, 96, 111



96, 109, 82



76, 92, 110

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



113, 96, 111



96, 111, 113

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



79, 95, 107



113, 96, 111



84, 103, 88

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



113, 96, 111



117, 104, 85



88, 102, 105



80, 95, 117

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



113, 96, 111



121, 95, 95



88, 102, 105



76, 92, 107

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



113, 96, 111



148, 141, 147



98, 96, 113



74, 70, 73



201, 201, 201



74, 74, 74

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



113, 96, 111



148, 121, 145



113, 96, 103



56, 50, 55



120, 0, 106



247, 0, 218

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



113, 96, 111



148, 121, 145



96, 107, 113



56, 50, 55



120, 0, 106



247, 0, 218

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 113, 96, 111 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 113, 96, 111 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

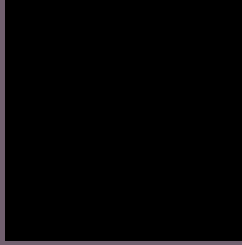
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 113, 96, 111 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 113, 96, 111.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 113, 96, 111.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

[113](#), [96](#), [111](#)

Protanopia

[99](#), [100](#), [114](#)

Deuteranopia

[107](#), [98](#), [111](#)



Tritanopia
112, 97, 105

Trichromacy



Original Color

113, 96, 111

Protanomaly

104, 99, 113

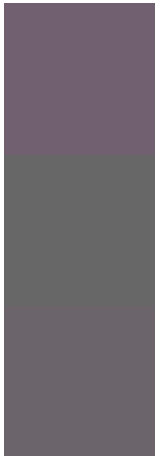
Deuteranomaly

109, 97, 111

Tritanomaly

112, 97, 107

Monochromacy



Original Color

113, 96, 111

Achromatopsia

103, 103, 103

Achromatomaly

107, 100, 106

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 113, 96, 111 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(113, 96, 111)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(113, 96, 111)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(113, 96, 111) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(113, 96, 111) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 113, 96, 111 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(113, 96, 111) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(113, 96, 111) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(113, 96, 111)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(113, 96, 111); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 96, 111);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 96,  
111) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 113, 96, 111 is called "background".

The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(113, 96, 111) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(113, 96,  
111) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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