

Converting Colors

`RYB(114, 151, 167)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(114, 151, 167) contains.

RYB(114, 151, 167)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

R_YB(114, 151, 167)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	72A789
RGB	114, 167, 137
RGB Percent	45%, 65%, 54%
CMY	0.5529, 0.3451, 0.4631
CMYK	0.32, 0.00, 0.18, 0.35
HSL	146°, 23%, 55%
HSV	146°, 32%, 65%
XYZ	25.2677, 33.0187, 28.6779
YIQ	147.7330, -21.9580, -20.5660

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

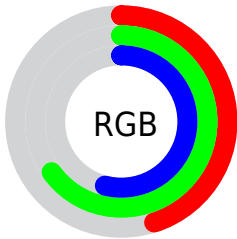
Format	Color
RYB	114, 151, 167
Decimal	7513993
CIELab	64.18, -24.09, 10.03
CIELCh	64, 26.094, 157.387
Yxy	33.0187, 0.2906, 0.3797
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285704073 (0xFF72A789)
YUV	147.7330, -5.2914, -29.5838
Hunter-Lab	57.4619, -22.0665, 10.6330

Details

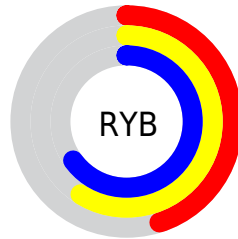
The RYB color **114, 151, 167** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **167, 114, 144**, and the grayscale version is **148, 148, 148**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **167, 206, 222**, and **64, 99, 115** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **97, 146, 167**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **131, 156, 167**.

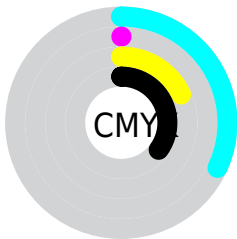
Distribution



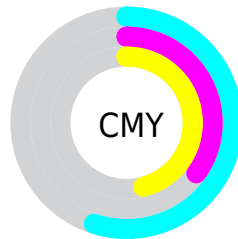
- Red (45%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (54%)



- Red (45%)
- Yellow (59%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Black (35%)



- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (46%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 114, 151, 167 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 114, 151, 167 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 114, 151, 167


255, 255, 255


 167, 206, 222

 195, 235, 251


 223, 241, 255

 252, 254, 255

 114, 151, 167

 88, 124, 140

 64, 99, 115

 39, 73, 90


 12, 47, 66


 0, 30, 44


 0, 23, 23

 0, 0, 0

 114, 151, 167

 97, 146, 167

 114, 151, 167

 131, 156, 167

■ 81, 141, 167

■ 147, 161, 167

■ 64, 136, 167

■ 164, 166, 167

■ 47, 131, 167

■ 181, 167, 175

■ 31, 126, 167

■ 197, 167, 184

■ 14, 121, 167

■ 214, 167, 194

■ 0, 117, 167

■ 231, 167, 203

■ 248, 167, 213

■ 255, 167, 222

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



118, 163, 140



114, 151, 167



91, 132, 169

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



114, 151, 167



134, 151, 201



200, 144, 128

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



114, 151, 167



167, 114, 144

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



202, 138, 151



114, 151, 167



166, 148, 193

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



114, 151, 167



102, 139, 198



190, 141, 174



187, 179, 113

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



114, 151, 167



84, 128, 176



190, 141, 174



202, 140, 135

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



114, 151, 167



195, 211, 217



114, 167, 136



96, 106, 110



237, 237, 237



110, 110, 110

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



114, 151, 167



134, 192, 217



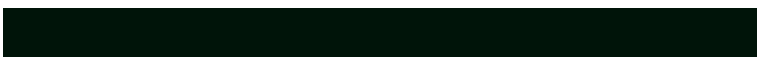
114, 142, 167



76, 82, 84



0, 103, 148



0, 14, 20

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



167, 114, 144



217, 134, 181



167, 114, 118



84, 76, 81



148, 0, 84



20, 0, 12

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 114, 151, 167 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

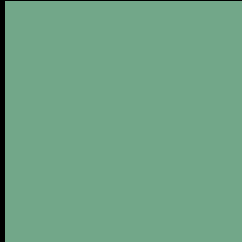
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 114, 151, 167 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

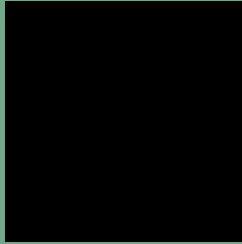
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

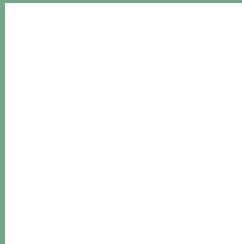
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 114, 151, 167 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 114, 151, 167.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 114, 151, 167.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
114, 151, 167

Protanopia
142, 163, 131

Deuteranopia
175, 151, 141



Tritanopia
122, 145, 175

Trichromacy



Original Color

114, 151, 167

Protanomaly

133, 159, 147

Deuteranomaly

140, 156, 143

Tritanomaly

119, 142, 164

Monochromacy



Original Color

114, 151, 167

Achromatopsia

148, 148, 148

Achromatomaly

136, 149, 155

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 114, 151, 167 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(114, 167, 137)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(114, 167, 137)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(114, 167, 137) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(114, 167, 137) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 114, 151, 167 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(114, 167, 137) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(114, 167, 137) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(114, 167, 137)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(114, 167, 137); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(114, 167, 137);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(114, 167,  
137) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 114, 151, 167 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(114, 167, 137) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(114,  
167, 137) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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