

Converting Colors

`RYB(114, 88, 101)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(114, 88, 101) contains.

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Color

R_YB(114, 88, 101)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	725865
RGB	114, 88, 101
RGB Percent	45%, 35%, 40%
CMY	0.5529, 0.6549, 0.6039
CMYK	0.00, 0.23, 0.11, 0.55
HSL	330°, 13%, 40%
HSV	330°, 23%, 45%
XYZ	12.7781, 11.4964, 13.8575
YIQ	97.2560, 11.3230, 9.5550

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

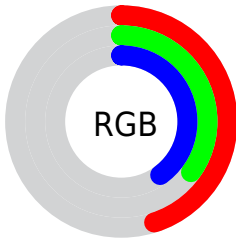
Format	Color
R_{YB}	114, 88, 101
Decimal	7493733
CIE Lab	40.40, 13.02, -3.35
CIE LCh	40, 13.444, 345.559
Yxy	11.4964, 0.3351, 0.3015
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285683813 (0xFF725865)
YUV	97.2560, 1.8458, 14.6845
Hunter-Lab	33.9064, 7.9341, -0.4972

Details

The RYB color **114, 88, 101** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **88, 105, 114**, and the grayscale version is **97, 97, 97**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **166, 138, 152**, and **66, 42, 54** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **114, 77, 95**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **114, 99, 107**.

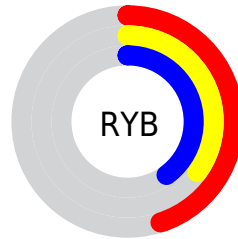
Distribution



Red (45%)

Green (35%)

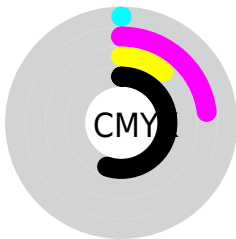
Blue (40%)



Red (45%)

Yellow (35%)

Blue (40%)

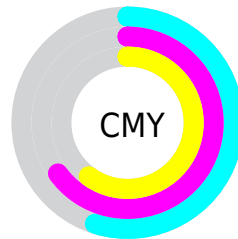


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (23%)

Yellow (11%)

Black (55%)



Cyan (55%)

Magenta (65%)

Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 114, 88, 101 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 114, 88, 101 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



114, 88, 101



114, 88, 101

255, 255, 255



89, 65, 77



166, 138, 152



66, 42, 54



193, 164, 179



43, 21, 33



221, 192, 206



25, 0, 10



250, 219, 234



0, 0, 0



255, 248, 255



114, 88, 101



114, 88, 101



114, 77, 95



114, 99, 107



114, 65, 90



114, 111, 112

■ 114, 54, 84

■ 114, 119, 122

■ 114, 42, 78

■ 114, 127, 134

■ 114, 31, 73

■ 114, 134, 145

■ 114, 20, 67

■ 114, 142, 156

■ 114, 8, 61

■ 114, 150, 168

■ 114, 0, 57

■ 114, 157, 179

■ 114, 166, 191

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



104, 91, 111



114, 88, 101



118, 88, 90

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



114, 88, 101



76, 98, 74



66, 85, 110

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



114, 88, 101



88, 105, 114

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



66, 84, 102



114, 88, 101



80, 99, 94

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



114, 88, 101



103, 109, 74



73, 91, 101



76, 90, 116

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



114, 88, 101



117, 90, 83



73, 91, 101



65, 85, 108

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



114, 88, 101



148, 138, 143



101, 88, 114



74, 68, 71



201, 201, 201



74, 74, 74

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



114, 88, 101



148, 108, 128



114, 88, 88



56, 50, 53



120, 0, 60



247, 0, 124

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



114, 88, 101



148, 108, 128



88, 101, 114



56, 50, 53



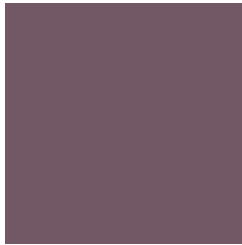
120, 0, 60



247, 0, 124

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 114, 88, 101 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

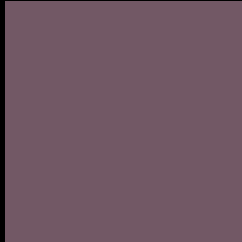
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 114, 88, 101 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

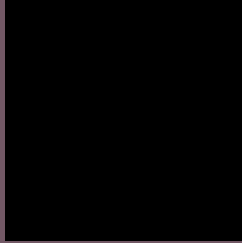
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 114, 88, 101 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 114, 88, 101.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 114, 88, 101.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


114, 88, 101

Protanopia

94, 95, 105

Deuteranopia

103, 93, 100



Tritanopia
113, 89, 96

Trichromacy



Original Color

114, 88, 101

Protanomaly

101, 92, 104

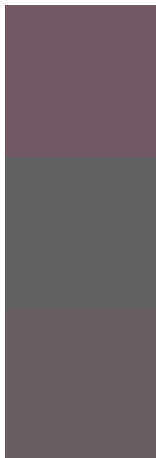
Deuteranomaly

107, 91, 100

Tritanomaly

113, 89, 98

Monochromacy



Original Color

114, 88, 101

Achromatopsia

97, 97, 97

Achromatomaly

103, 94, 98

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 114, 88, 101 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(114, 88, 101) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(114, 88, 101)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(114, 88, 101) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(114, 88, 101) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 114, 88, 101 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(114, 88, 101) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(114, 88, 101) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(114, 88, 101)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(114, 88, 101); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(114, 88, 101);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(114, 88,  
101) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 114, 88, 101 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(114, 88, 101) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(114, 88,  
101) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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