

Converting Colors

`RYB(115, 152, 132)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(115, 152, 132) contains.

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Color

R_YB(115, 152, 132)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	879873
RGB	135, 152, 115
RGB Percent	53%, 60%, 45%
CMY	0.4706, 0.4039, 0.5490
CMYK	0.11, 0.00, 0.24, 0.40
HSL	88°, 15%, 52%
HSV	88°, 24%, 60%
XYZ	24.3144, 28.8452, 20.5058
YIQ	142.6990, 1.7450, -15.1110

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

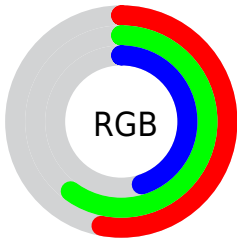
Format	Color
RYB	115, 152, 132
Decimal	8886387
CIELab	60.64, -12.96, 17.51
CIELCh	61, 21.782, 126.516
Yxy	28.8452, 0.3301, 0.3916
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287076467 (0xFF879873)
YUV	142.6990, -13.6556, -6.7520
Hunter-Lab	53.7077, -13.1784, 14.9582

Details

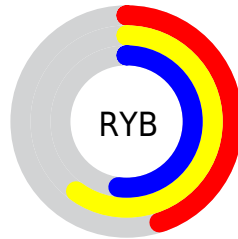
The RYB color **115, 152, 132** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **132, 115, 152**, and the grayscale version is **143, 143, 143**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **167, 206, 184**, and **67, 101, 83** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **100, 152, 124**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **130, 152, 140**.

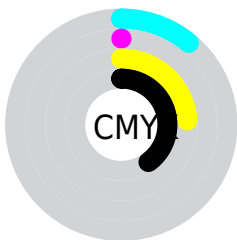
Distribution



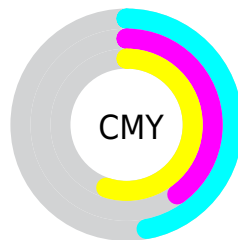
- Red (53%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (45%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (52%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (55%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 115, 152, 132 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 115, 152, 132 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 115, 152, 132

255, 255, 255

■ 167, 206, 184

■ 194, 235, 213

■ 222, 255, 232

■ 251, 255, 251

■ 115, 152, 132

■ 90, 126, 107

■ 67, 101, 83

■ 44, 77, 60

■ 23, 54, 38

■ 0, 33, 13

■ 0, 4, 4

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 115, 152, 132

■ 100, 152, 124

■ 115, 152, 132

■ 130, 152, 140

■ 85, 152, 116

■ 145, 152, 148

■ 69, 152, 107

■ 156, 152, 161

■ 54, 152, 99

■ 163, 152, 176

■ 39, 152, 91

■ 170, 152, 191

■ 24, 152, 83

■ 177, 152, 206

■ 9, 152, 75

■ 184, 152, 221

■ 0, 152, 70

■ 191, 152, 237

■ 198, 152, 252

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



121, 156, 108



115, 152, 132



113, 144, 156

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



115, 152, 132



104, 134, 181



185, 132, 143

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



115, 152, 132



132, 115, 152

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



175, 134, 162



115, 152, 132



129, 143, 184

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



115, 152, 132



91, 126, 168



155, 140, 177



184, 137, 124

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



115, 152, 132



101, 133, 157



155, 140, 177



183, 133, 149

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



115, 152, 132



183, 196, 189



152, 146, 115



91, 99, 94



227, 227, 227



99, 99, 99

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



115, 152, 132



139, 196, 165



115, 152, 150



69, 77, 73



0, 140, 64



0, 13, 6

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



132, 115, 152



166, 139, 196



150, 115, 152



72, 69, 77



64, 0, 140



6, 0, 13

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 115, 152, 132 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

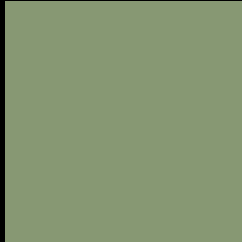
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 115, 152, 132 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

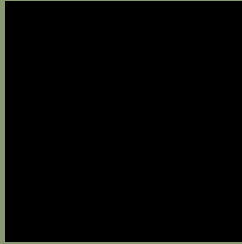
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 115, 152, 132 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 115, 152, 132.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 115, 152, 132.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia

141, 145, 158

Trichromacy



Original Color

115, 152, 132

Protanomaly

113, 148, 113

Deuteranomaly

135, 157, 116

Tritanomaly

139, 146, 148

Monochromacy



Original Color

115, 152, 132

Achromatopsia

143, 143, 143

Achromatomaly

133, 146, 139

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 115, 152, 132 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(135, 152, 115)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(135, 152, 115)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(135, 152, 115) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(135, 152, 115) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 115, 152, 132 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

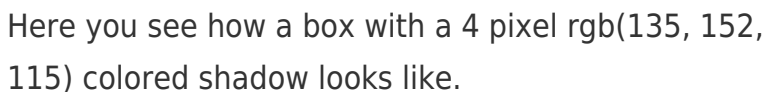
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(135, 152, 115) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(135, 152, 115) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(135, 152, 115)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 152, 115); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 152, 115); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 152, 115) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 115, 152, 132 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(135, 152, 115) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(135,  
152, 115) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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