

Converting Colors

`RYB(115, 167, 219)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(115, 167, 219) contains.

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Color

R_YB(115, 167, 219)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	73DBDB
RGB	115, 219, 219
RGB Percent	45%, 86%, 86%
CMY	0.5490, 0.1412, 0.1412
CMYK	0.47, 0.00, 0.00, 0.14
HSL	180°, 59%, 65%
HSV	180°, 47%, 86%
XYZ	45.1879, 59.4223, 76.1058
YIQ	187.9040, -61.9840, -22.0480

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

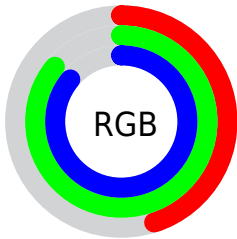
Format	Color
R _Y B	115, 167, 219
Decimal	7592923
CIE Lab	81.52, -30.12, -9.35
CIE LCh	82, 31.537, 197.246
Yxy	59.4223, 0.2500, 0.3288
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285783003 (0xFF73DBDB)
YUV	187.9040, 15.3303, -63.9368
Hunter-Lab	77.0859, -30.2632, -4.5761

Details

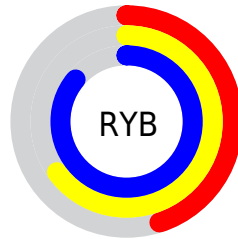
The RYB color **115, 167, 219** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **219, 115, 115**, and the grayscale version is **188, 188, 188**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **173, 214, 255**, and **53, 109, 164** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **93, 156, 219**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **137, 178, 219**.

Distribution



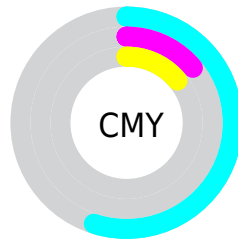
- Red (45%)
- Green (86%)
- Blue (86%)



- Red (45%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (86%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (14%)



- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (14%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 115, 167, 219 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 115, 167, 219 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 115, 167, 219


255, 255, 255

 173, 214, 255

 203, 229, 255

 233, 244, 255

 115, 167, 219


 85, 138, 191

 53, 109, 164

 0, 69, 138

 0, 56, 112


 0, 43, 88

 0, 32, 65


 0, 21, 43

 0, 8, 23


 0, 0, 0

 115, 167, 219


 115, 167, 219

 93, 156, 219


 137, 178, 219

 71, 145, 219

 159, 189, 219

 49, 134, 219

 181, 200, 219

 27, 123, 219

 203, 211, 219

 6, 113, 219

 225, 219, 219

 0, 110, 219

 246, 219, 219

 255, 219, 219

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



139, 187, 218



115, 167, 219



116, 172, 245

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



115, 167, 219



228, 189, 243



214, 235, 145

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



115, 167, 219



219, 115, 115

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 198, 160



115, 167, 219



253, 182, 216

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



115, 167, 219



190, 198, 255



255, 181, 186



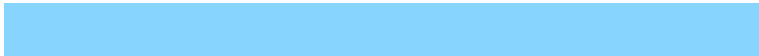
146, 206, 146

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



115, 167, 219



135, 182, 255



255, 181, 186



243, 232, 149

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



115, 167, 219



219, 237, 255



115, 219, 219



106, 117, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



115, 167, 219



110, 183, 255



115, 150, 219



99, 105, 110



0, 87, 173



0, 23, 46

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



219, 115, 219



255, 110, 255



219, 219, 115



110, 99, 110



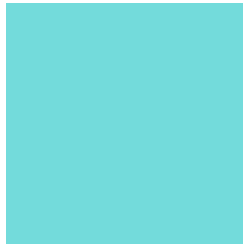
173, 0, 173



46, 0, 46

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 115, 167, 219 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

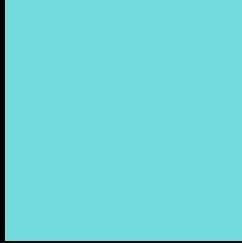
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 115, 167, 219 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

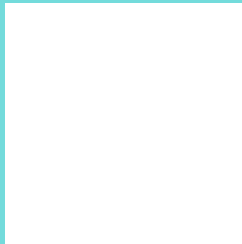
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 115, 167, 219 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 115, 167, 219.

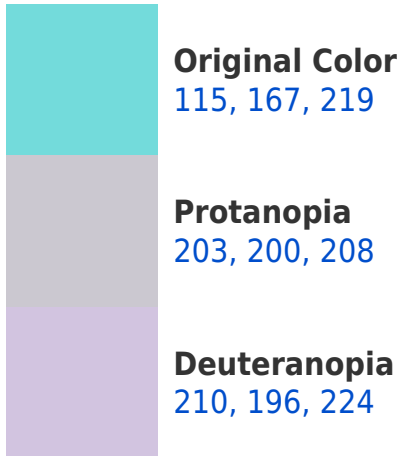


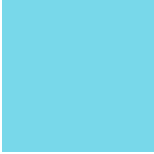
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 115, 167, 219.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
120, 172, 234

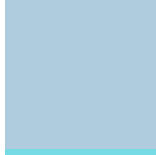
Trichromacy



Original Color
115, 167, 219



Protanomaly
171, 190, 212



Deuteranomaly
175, 193, 222

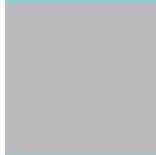


Tritanomaly
118, 171, 229

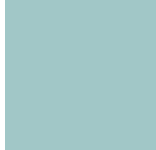
Monochromacy



Original Color
115, 167, 219



Achromatopsia
188, 188, 188



Achromatomaly
161, 180, 199

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 115, 167, 219 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(115, 219, 219)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(115, 219, 219)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(115, 219, 219) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(115, 219, 219) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 115, 167, 219 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

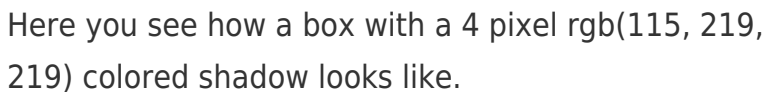
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(115, 219, 219) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(115, 219, 219) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(115, 219, 219)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 219, 219); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 219, 219); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 219, 219) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 115, 167, 219 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(115, 219, 219) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(115,  
219, 219) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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