

# Converting Colors

`RYB(115, 170, 254)`

Have a look what the booklet for  
RYB(115, 170, 254) contains.

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# **Color**

**RYB(115, 170, 254)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	73CEFE
RGB	115, 206, 254
RGB Percent	45%, 81%, 100%
CMY	0.5490, 0.1921, 0.0039
CMYK	0.55, 0.19, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	201°, 99%, 72%
HSV	201°, 55%, 100%
XYZ	47.0338, 54.9489, 101.8932
YIQ	184.2630, -69.6440, -4.3640

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

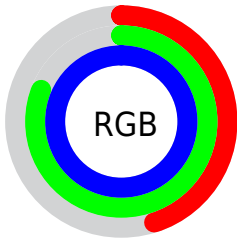
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	115, 170, 254
Decimal	7589630
CIE Lab	79.01, -14.05, -31.81
CIE LCh	79, 34.777, 246.169
Yxy	54.9489, 0.2307, 0.2695
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285779710 (0xFF73CEFE)
YUV	184.2630, 34.3803, -60.7437
Hunter-Lab	74.1276, -16.4653, -29.6087

# Details

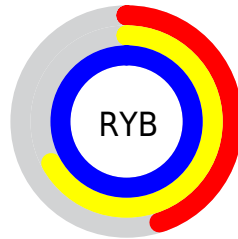
The RYB color **115, 170, 254** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **254, 188, 115**, and the grayscale version is **184, 184, 184**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **175, 215, 255**, and **48, 109, 197** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **90, 155, 254**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **140, 185, 254**.

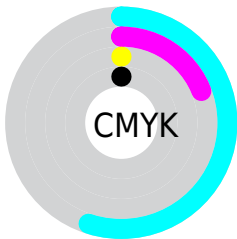
# Distribution



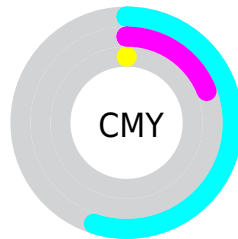
- Red (45%)
- Green (81%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (45%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 115, 170, 254 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 115, 170, 254 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 115, 170, 254


255, 255, 255


 175, 215, 255

 205, 230, 255

 235, 245, 255

 115, 170, 254


 84, 141, 225

 48, 109, 197

 0, 72, 170

 0, 59, 143

 0, 46, 117

 0, 34, 92

 0, 22, 69

 0, 4, 46

 0, 1, 25

■ 115, 170, 254

■ 115, 170, 254

■ 90, 155, 254

■ 140, 185, 254

■ 64, 139, 254

■ 166, 201, 254

■ 39, 124, 254

■ 191, 216, 254

■ 13, 108, 254

■ 217, 232, 254

■ 0, 100, 254

■ 242, 247, 254

254, 255, 254

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



88, 155, 233



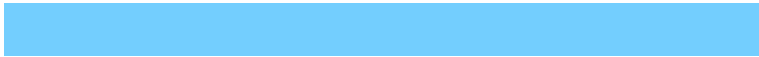
115, 170, 254



163, 187, 255

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



115, 170, 254



255, 171, 190



143, 205, 172

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



115, 170, 254



254, 188, 115

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



151, 212, 131



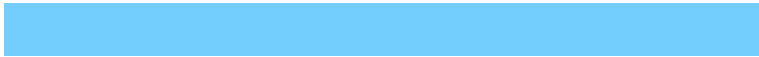
115, 170, 254



255, 178, 159

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



115, 170, 254



242, 175, 222



240, 227, 137



138, 190, 211

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



115, 170, 254



194, 189, 254



240, 227, 137

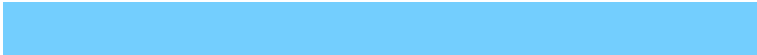


137, 202, 150

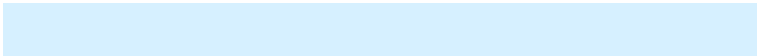


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



115, 170, 254



214, 230, 255



115, 219, 254



103, 113, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



115, 170, 254



87, 153, 255



115, 135, 254



115, 120, 128



0, 76, 191



0, 25, 64



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



254, 115, 206



255, 87, 197



143, 254, 115



128, 115, 123



191, 0, 125

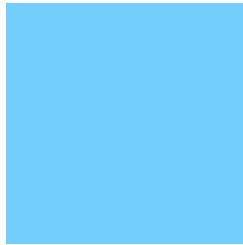


64, 0, 42



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 115, 170, 254 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

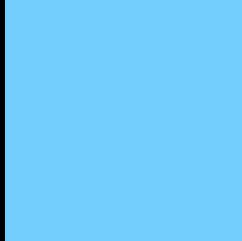
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 115, 170, 254 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

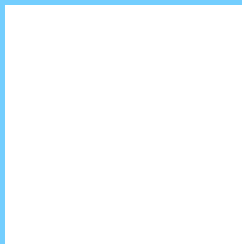
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## **RYB 115, 170, 254 Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 115, 170, 254.



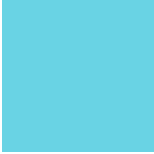
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 115, 170, 254.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

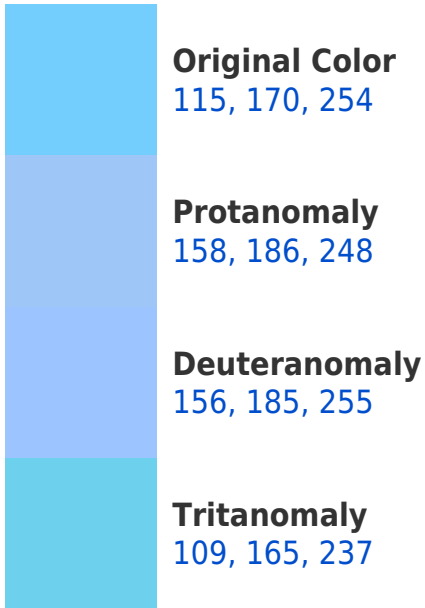
## Dichromacy



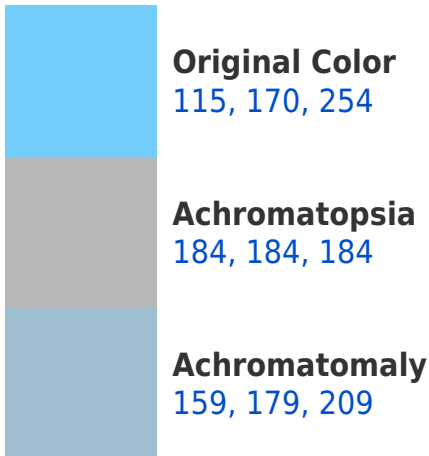


**Tritanopia**  
105, 162, 228

# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 115, 170, 254 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(115, 206, 254)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(115, 206, 254)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(115, 206, 254) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(115, 206, 254) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 115, 170, 254 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(115, 206, 254) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(115, 206, 254) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(115, 206, 254) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(115, 206, 254); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 206, 254);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 206,  
254) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 115, 170, 254 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(115, 206, 254) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(115,  
206, 254) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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