

Converting Colors

`RYB(116, 200, 242)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(116, 200, 242) contains.

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Color

R_YB(116, 200, 242)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	74F2B3
RGB	116, 242, 179
RGB Percent	45%, 95%, 70%
CMY	0.5451, 0.0510, 0.2980
CMYK	0.52, 0.00, 0.26, 0.05
HSL	150°, 83%, 70%
HSV	150°, 52%, 95%
XYZ	47.0913, 70.4719, 53.7683
YIQ	197.1440, -54.8730, -46.3050

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

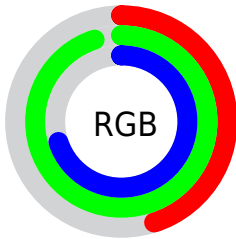
Format	Color
RYB	116, 200, 242
Decimal	7664307
CIELab	87.23, -49.30, 19.90
CIELCh	87, 53.167, 158.024
Yxy	70.4719, 0.2749, 0.4113
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285854387 (0xFF74F2B3)
YUV	197.1440, -8.9450, -71.1633
Hunter-Lab	83.9476, -46.7768, 20.7881

Details

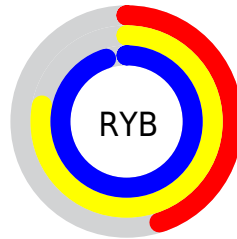
The RYB color **116, 200, 242** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66FFCC**. A complement of this color would be **242, 116, 179**, and the grayscale version is **197, 197, 197**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **175, 221, 255**, and **52, 137, 185** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **92, 192, 242**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **140, 208, 242**.

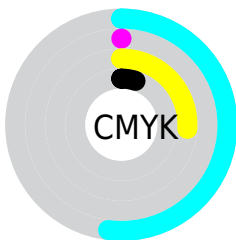
Distribution



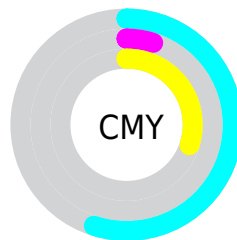
- Red (45%)
- Green (95%)
- Blue (70%)



- Red (45%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Blue (95%)



- Cyan (52%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (30%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 116, 200, 242 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 116, 200, 242 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 116, 200, 242


255, 255, 255


 175, 221, 255

 205, 230, 255

 235, 245, 255

 116, 200, 242

 86, 170, 213

 52, 137, 185


 0, 96, 157

 0, 83, 131

 0, 70, 105

 0, 57, 79

 0, 47, 55

 0, 33, 33

 0, 0, 0

■ 116, 200, 242

■ 116, 200, 242

■ 92, 192, 242

■ 140, 208, 242

■ 68, 184, 242

■ 164, 216, 242

■ 43, 175, 242

■ 189, 225, 242

■ 19, 167, 242

■ 213, 233, 242

■ 0, 161, 242

■ 237, 241, 242

■ 255, 242, 252

■ 255, 242, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



137, 234, 188



116, 200, 242



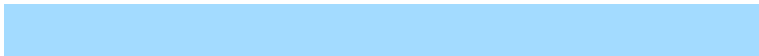
0, 126, 245

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



116, 200, 242



163, 198, 255



255, 197, 159

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



116, 200, 242



242, 116, 179

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 177, 207



116, 200, 242



241, 200, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



116, 200, 242



29, 136, 255



255, 183, 255



212, 255, 125

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



116, 200, 242



0, 125, 255



255, 183, 255



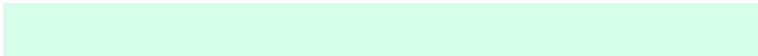
255, 183, 174

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



116, 200, 242



214, 241, 255



116, 242, 179



103, 120, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



116, 200, 242



97, 202, 255



116, 179, 242



108, 116, 120



0, 123, 184



0, 37, 56

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



242, 116, 179



255, 97, 176



242, 116, 116



120, 108, 114



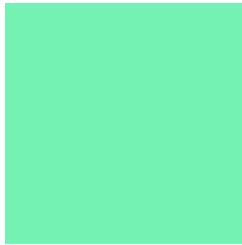
184, 0, 92



56, 0, 28

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 116, 200, 242 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 116, 200, 242 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 116, 200, 242 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 116, 200, 242.

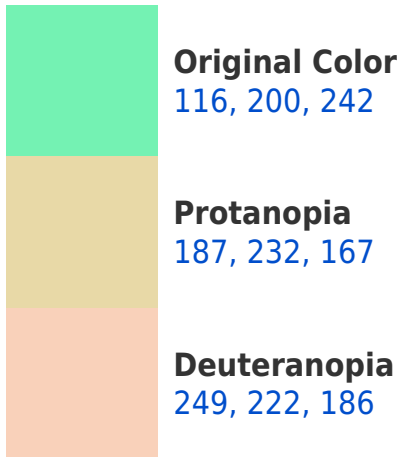


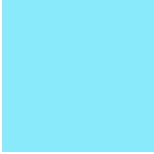
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 116, 200, 242.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
136, 189, 251

Trichromacy



Original Color

116, 200, 242



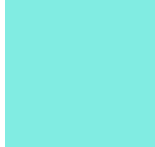
Protanomaly

171, 226, 207



Deuteranomaly

183, 221, 203



Tritanomaly

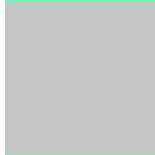
129, 185, 236

Monochromacy



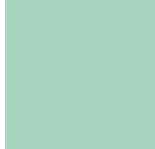
Original Color

116, 200, 242



Achromatopsia

197, 197, 197



Achromatomaly

168, 198, 213

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 116, 200, 242 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(116, 242, 179)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(116, 242, 179)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(116, 242, 179) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(116, 242, 179) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 116, 200, 242 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(116, 242, 179) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(116, 242, 179) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(116, 242, 179)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(116, 242, 179); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 242, 179);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 242,  
179) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 116, 200, 242 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(116, 242, 179) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(116,  
242, 179) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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