

Converting Colors

`RYB(117, 156, 201)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(117, 156, 201) contains.

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Color

R_YB(117, 156, 201)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	75BEC9
RGB	117, 190, 201
RGB Percent	46%, 75%, 79%
CMY	0.5412, 0.2557, 0.2118
CMYK	0.42, 0.06, 0.00, 0.21
HSL	188°, 44%, 62%
HSV	188°, 42%, 79%
XYZ	36.2489, 44.7393, 61.9834
YIQ	169.4270, -47.0390, -12.0550

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

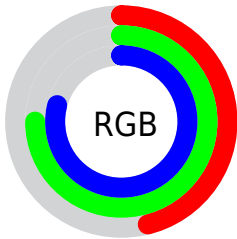
Format	Color
RYB	117, 156, 201
Decimal	7716553
CIELab	72.72, -19.82, -12.79
CIELCh	73, 23.587, 212.838
Yxy	44.7393, 0.2535, 0.3129
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285906633 (0xFF75BEC9)
YUV	169.4270, 15.5655, -45.9785
Hunter-Lab	66.8874, -20.3169, -8.1218

Details

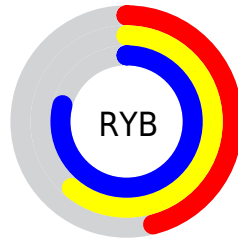
The RYB color **117, 156, 201** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **201, 130, 117**, and the grayscale version is **169, 169, 169**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **173, 212, 255**, and **61, 101, 147** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **97, 145, 201**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **137, 167, 201**.

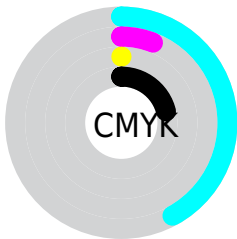
Distribution



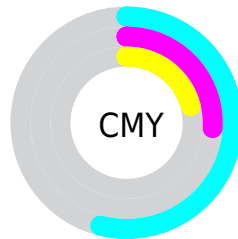
- Red (46%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (79%)



- Red (46%)
- Yellow (61%)
- Blue (79%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (21%)



- Cyan (54%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (21%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 117, 156, 201 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 117, 156, 201 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 117, 156, 201


255, 255, 255


 173, 212, 255

 201, 228, 255

 231, 243, 255

 117, 156, 201

 89, 129, 174


 61, 101, 147

 30, 73, 121

 0, 45, 96

 0, 34, 73

 0, 22, 50

 0, 11, 29

 0, 0, 1

 0, 0, 0

■ 117, 156, 201

■ 117, 156, 201

■ 97, 145, 201

■ 137, 167, 201

■ 77, 134, 201

■ 157, 177, 201

■ 57, 124, 201

■ 177, 188, 201

■ 37, 113, 201

■ 197, 199, 201

■ 17, 102, 201

■ 218, 203, 201

■ 0, 93, 201

■ 238, 207, 201

■ 255, 210, 201

■ 255, 213, 201

■ 255, 218, 201

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



124, 160, 191



117, 156, 201



129, 163, 216

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



117, 156, 201



208, 166, 199



155, 193, 135

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



117, 156, 201



201, 130, 117

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



211, 191, 141



117, 156, 201



221, 163, 177

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



117, 156, 201



185, 172, 215



222, 166, 156



142, 184, 157

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



117, 156, 201



146, 170, 221



222, 166, 156



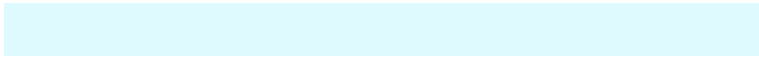
177, 200, 136

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



117, 156, 201



222, 237, 255



117, 191, 201



107, 117, 128



0, 0, 0



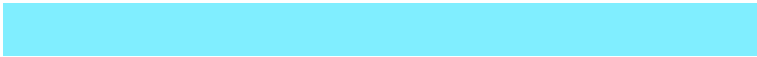
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



117, 156, 201



128, 187, 255



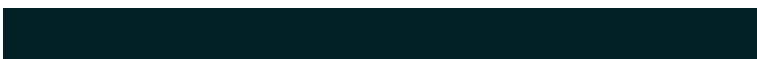
117, 140, 201



90, 94, 99



0, 76, 163



0, 17, 36

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



201, 117, 190



255, 128, 238



166, 201, 117



99, 90, 98



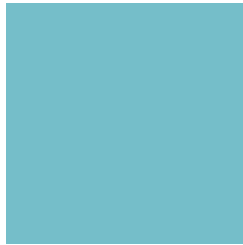
163, 0, 141



36, 0, 31

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 117, 156, 201 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

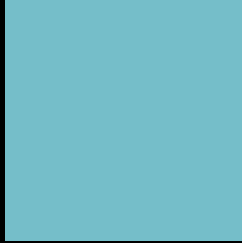
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 117, 156, 201 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

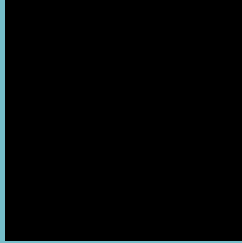
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 117, 156, 201 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 117, 156, 201.

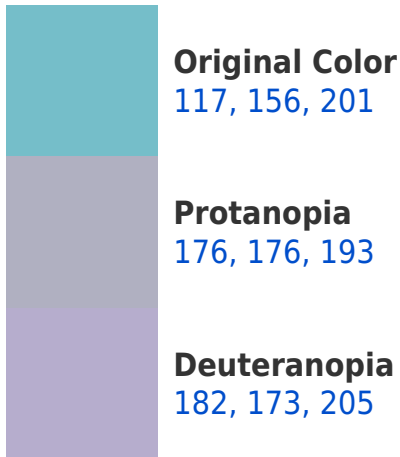


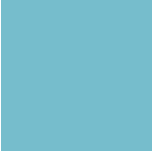
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 117, 156, 201.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
118, 157, 204

Trichromacy



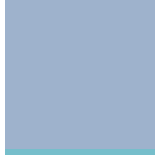
Original Color

117, 156, 201



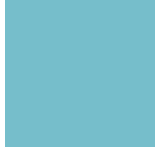
Protanomaly

155, 171, 196



Deuteranomaly

158, 172, 204



Tritanomaly

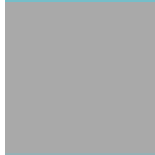
118, 157, 203

Monochromacy



Original Color

117, 156, 201



Achromatopsia

169, 169, 169



Achromatomaly

150, 164, 181

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 117, 156, 201 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(117, 190, 201)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(117, 190, 201)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(117, 190, 201) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(117, 190, 201) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 117, 156, 201 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(117, 190, 201) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(117, 190, 201) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(117, 190, 201)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(117, 190, 201); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 190, 201);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 190,  
201) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 117, 156, 201 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(117, 190, 201) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(117,  
190, 201) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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