

# Converting Colors

`RYB(117, 182, 154)`

Have a look what the booklet for  
RYB(117, 182, 154) contains.

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# Color

**R<sub>Y</sub>B(117, 182, 154)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	91B675
RGB	145, 182, 117
RGB Percent	57%, 71%, 46%
CMY	0.4314, 0.2863, 0.5412
CMYK	0.20, 0.00, 0.36, 0.29
HSL	94°, 31%, 59%
HSV	94°, 36%, 71%
XYZ	31.6159, 40.7600, 23.0308
YIQ	163.5270, -1.1870, -28.0590

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

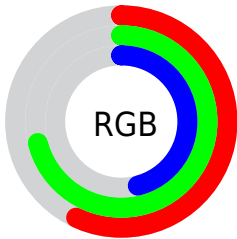
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">117, 182, 154</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">9549429</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">70.01, -24.28, 29.12</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">70, 37.920, 129.821</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">40.7600, 0.3314, 0.4272</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4287739509</a> ( <a href="#">0xFF91B675</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">163.5270, -22.9378, -16.2482</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">63.8436, -23.3315, 23.3024</a>

# Details

The RYB color **117, 182, 154** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC99**. A complement of this color would be **154, 117, 182**, and the grayscale version is **164, 164, 164**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **170, 238, 208**, and **68, 129, 104** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **99, 182, 146**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **135, 182, 162**.

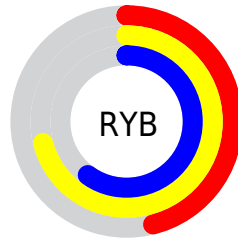
# Distribution



Red (57%)

Green (71%)

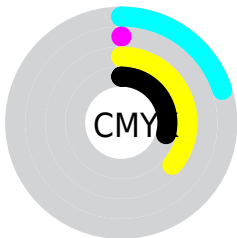
Blue (46%)



Red (46%)

Yellow (71%)

Blue (60%)

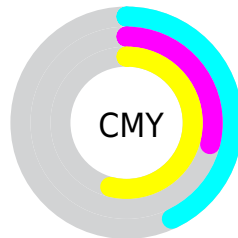


Cyan (20%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (36%)

Black (29%)



Cyan (43%)

Magenta (29%)


Yellow (54%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 117, 182, 154 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 117, 182, 154 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 117, 182, 154

255, 255, 255


 170, 238, 208

 197, 255, 224


 225, 255, 225


254, 255, 254


 117, 182, 154


 99, 182, 146

 117, 182, 154

 92, 155, 128

 68, 129, 104

 44, 104, 80


 21, 79, 56


 0, 56, 35

 0, 35, 35


 0, 0, 0


 117, 182, 154


 135, 182, 162

 81, 182, 139


 153, 182, 169

 62, 182, 130

 172, 182, 178

 44, 182, 122

 186, 182, 190

 26, 182, 115

 197, 182, 208

 8, 182, 107

 207, 182, 226

 0, 182, 104

 218, 182, 244

 228, 182, 255

 238, 182, 255

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



113, 183, 102



117, 182, 154



102, 159, 188

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



117, 182, 154



79, 141, 235



238, 144, 161

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



117, 182, 154



154, 117, 182

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



223, 148, 196



117, 182, 154



140, 164, 239

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



117, 182, 154



20, 110, 214



190, 158, 224



234, 155, 129

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



117, 182, 154



70, 135, 189



190, 158, 224



235, 144, 173

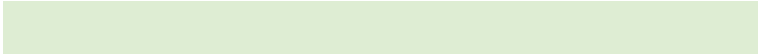


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



117, 182, 154



211, 237, 226



166, 182, 117



104, 120, 113



247, 247, 247



120, 120, 120



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



117, 182, 154



135, 237, 193



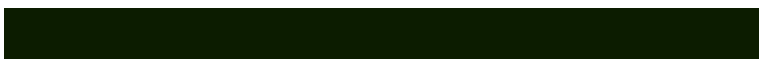
117, 178, 182



83, 92, 88



0, 156, 89



0, 28, 16



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



154, 117, 182



193, 135, 237



182, 117, 178



88, 83, 92



89, 0, 156



16, 0, 28



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 117, 182, 154 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 117, 182, 154 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## R Y B 117, 182, 154 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 117, 182, 154.

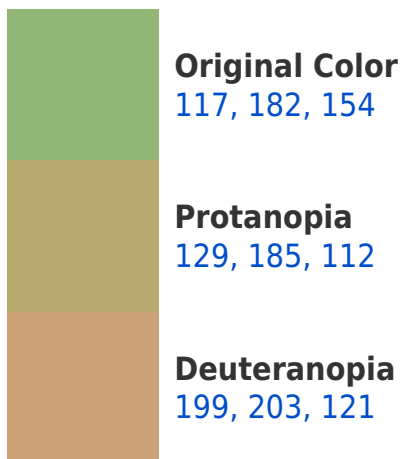


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 117, 182, 154.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
156, 167, 187

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
117, 182, 154

**Protanomaly**  
114, 175, 119

**Deuteranomaly**  
135, 182, 120

**Tritanomaly**  
152, 169, 176

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
117, 182, 154

**Achromatopsia**  
164, 164, 164

**Achromatomaly**  
147, 171, 161

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 117, 182, 154 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(145, 182, 117) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(145, 182, 117)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(145, 182, 117) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(145, 182, 117) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 117, 182, 154 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(145, 182, 117) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(145, 182, 117) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(145, 182, 117)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(145, 182, 117); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 182, 117);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 182,  
117) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 117, 182, 154 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(145, 182, 117) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(145,  
182, 117) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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