

Converting Colors

`RYB(117, 189, 158)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(117, 189, 158) contains.

RYB(117, 189, 158)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

R_YB(117, 189, 158)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	94BD75
RGB	148, 189, 117
RGB Percent	58%, 74%, 46%
CMY	0.4196, 0.2588, 0.5412
CMYK	0.22, 0.00, 0.38, 0.26
HSL	94°, 35%, 60%
HSV	94°, 38%, 74%
XYZ	33.6212, 43.9754, 23.5457
YIQ	168.5330, -1.3240, -31.0840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

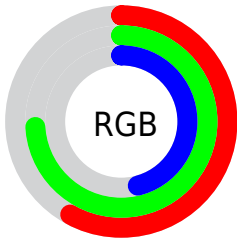
Format	Color
RYB	117, 189, 158
Decimal	9747829
CIELab	72.21, -26.61, 32.04
CIELCh	72, 41.653, 129.708
Yxy	43.9754, 0.3324, 0.4348
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287937909 (0xFF94BD75)
YUV	168.5330, -25.4058, -18.0074
Hunter-Lab	66.3140, -25.5499, 25.3680

Details

The RYB color **117, 189, 158** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC99**. A complement of this color would be **158, 117, 189**, and the grayscale version is **169, 169, 169**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **170, 245, 212**, and **67, 135, 106** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **98, 189, 150**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **136, 189, 166**.

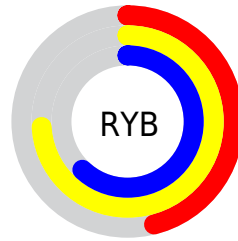
Distribution



Red (58%)

Green (74%)

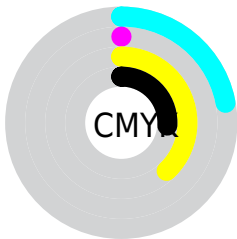
Blue (46%)



Red (46%)

Yellow (74%)

Blue (62%)

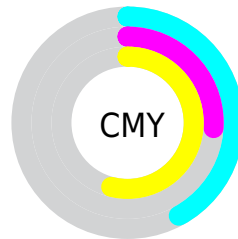


Cyan (22%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (38%)

Black (26%)



Cyan (42%)


Magenta (26%)

Yellow (54%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 117, 189, 158 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 117, 189, 158 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 117, 189, 158


255, 255, 255

 170, 245, 212


 197, 255, 220


 226, 255, 226


254, 255, 254

 117, 189, 158

 117, 189, 158

 92, 162, 133

 67, 135, 106

 44, 110, 83


 20, 85, 59

 0, 62, 40

 0, 40, 40

 0, 15, 15

 0, 0, 0

 117, 189, 158

■ 98, 189, 150

■ 136, 189, 166

■ 79, 189, 142

■ 155, 189, 174

■ 60, 189, 133

■ 174, 189, 183

■ 41, 189, 125

■ 191, 189, 193

■ 22, 189, 117

■ 202, 189, 212

■ 4, 189, 110

■ 213, 189, 230

■ 0, 189, 108

■ 223, 189, 249

■ 234, 189, 255

■ 245, 189, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



114, 190, 101



117, 189, 158



99, 162, 195

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



117, 189, 158



67, 140, 248



250, 147, 166

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



117, 189, 158



158, 117, 189

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



235, 151, 204



117, 189, 158



141, 168, 252

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



117, 189, 158



0, 104, 224



197, 163, 236



245, 159, 130

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



117, 189, 158



58, 133, 197



197, 163, 236



248, 147, 179

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



117, 189, 158



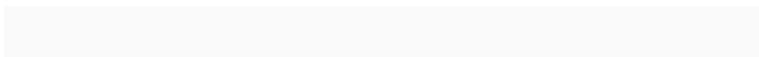
218, 245, 234



171, 189, 117



106, 122, 115



250, 250, 250



122, 122, 122

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



117, 189, 158



132, 245, 196



117, 184, 189



85, 94, 90



0, 158, 90



0, 31, 18

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



158, 117, 189



196, 132, 245



189, 117, 184



90, 85, 94



90, 0, 158



17, 0, 31

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 117, 189, 158 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 117, 189, 158 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 117, 189, 158 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 117, 189, 158.

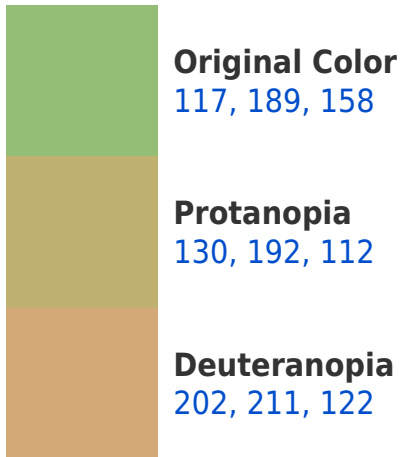


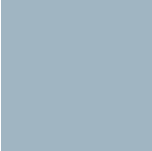
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 117, 189, 158.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
160, 173, 194

Trichromacy



Original Color
117, 189, 158

Protanomaly
114, 181, 119

Deuteranomaly
135, 188, 120

Tritanomaly
156, 176, 183

Monochromacy



Original Color
117, 189, 158

Achromatopsia
169, 169, 169

Achromatomaly
150, 176, 165

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 117, 189, 158 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(148, 189, 117)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(148, 189, 117)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(148, 189, 117) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(148, 189, 117) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 117, 189, 158 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(148, 189, 117) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(148, 189, 117) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(148, 189, 117)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(148, 189, 117); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 189, 117);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 189,  
117) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 117, 189, 158 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(148, 189, 117) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(148,  
189, 117) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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