

Converting Colors

`RYB(117, 77, 145)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(117, 77, 145) contains.

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Color

R_YB(117, 77, 145)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	754D91
RGB	117, 77, 145
RGB Percent	46%, 30%, 57%
CMY	0.5412, 0.6980, 0.4314
CMYK	0.19, 0.47, 0.00, 0.43
HSL	275°, 31%, 44%
HSV	275°, 47%, 57%
XYZ	15.1008, 11.1340, 28.1412
YIQ	96.7120, 2.0120, 29.6280

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

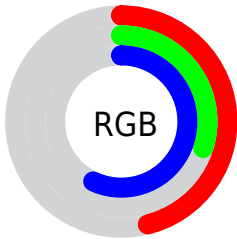
Format	Color
R _Y B	117, 77, 145
Decimal	7687569
CIE Lab	39.81, 30.27, -31.18
CIE LCh	40, 43.454, 314.147
Yxy	11.1340, 0.2777, 0.2048
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285877649 (0xFF754D91)
YUV	96.7120, 23.8060, 17.7926
Hunter-Lab	33.3676, 22.3884, -26.6460

Details

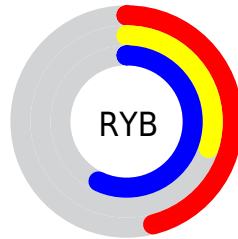
The RYB color **117, 77, 145** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663366**. A complement of this color would be **77, 145, 117**, and the grayscale version is **96, 96, 96**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **170, 127, 199**, and **67, 31, 94** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **111, 62, 145**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **123, 92, 145**.

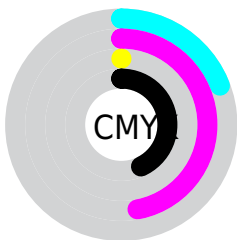
Distribution



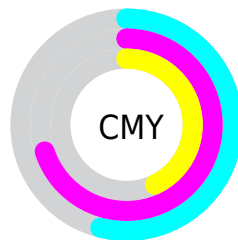
- Red (46%)
- Green (30%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (46%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Blue (57%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (43%)



- Cyan (54%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (43%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 117, 77, 145 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 117, 77, 145 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



117, 77, 145



117, 77, 145

255, 255, 255



91, 53, 119



170, 127, 199



67, 31, 94



198, 153, 227



42, 7, 70



227, 180, 255



25, 0, 48



255, 208, 255



0, 1, 26



255, 236, 255



0, 0, 0



117, 77, 145



117, 77, 145



111, 62, 145



123, 92, 145



105, 48, 145



129, 106, 145

■ 99, 33, 145

■ 135, 121, 145

■ 93, 19, 145

■ 141, 135, 145

■ 87, 4, 145

■ 145, 149, 147

■ 85, 0, 145

■ 145, 164, 156

■ 145, 179, 165

■ 145, 193, 173

■ 145, 208, 182

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



56, 83, 163



117, 77, 145



148, 63, 114

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



117, 77, 145



93, 128, 21



0, 56, 111

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



117, 77, 145



77, 145, 117

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 65, 109



117, 77, 145



16, 97, 17

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



117, 77, 145



150, 79, 46



40, 105, 89



0, 62, 142

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



117, 77, 145



157, 60, 90



40, 105, 89



0, 59, 111

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



117, 77, 145



178, 162, 189



77, 97, 145



88, 78, 94



222, 222, 222



94, 94, 94

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



117, 77, 145



145, 83, 189



145, 77, 139



68, 64, 71



79, 0, 135



4, 0, 8

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



145, 77, 105



189, 83, 127



77, 139, 145



71, 64, 67



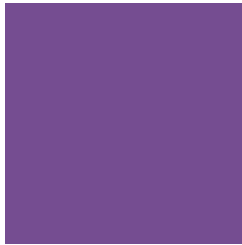
135, 0, 56



8, 0, 3

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 117, 77, 145 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 117, 77, 145 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

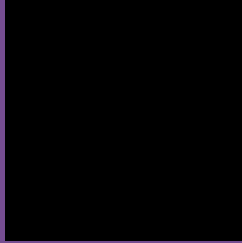
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 117, 77, 145 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 117, 77, 145.

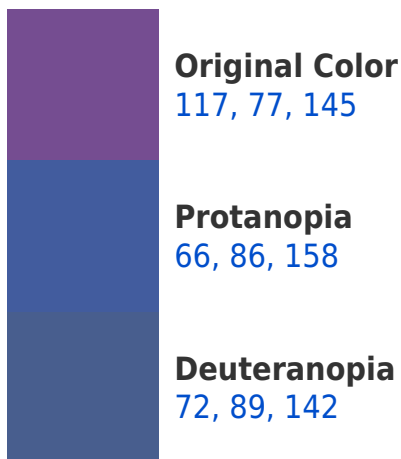



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 117, 77, 145.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
109, 89, 95

Trichromacy



Original Color

117, 77, 145

Protanomaly

85, 87, 153

Deuteranomaly

88, 88, 143

Tritanomaly

112, 85, 113

Monochromacy



Original Color

117, 77, 145

Achromatopsia

97, 97, 97

Achromatomaly

104, 90, 114

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 117, 77, 145 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(117, 77, 145)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(117, 77, 145)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(117, 77, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(117, 77, 145) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 117, 77, 145 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(117, 77, 145) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(117, 77, 145) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(117, 77, 145)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(117, 77, 145); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 77, 145);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 77,  
145) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 117, 77, 145 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(117, 77, 145) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(117, 77,  
145) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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