

Converting Colors

`RYB(118, 145, 177)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(118, 145, 177) contains.

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Color

R_YB(118, 145, 177)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	76A8B1
RGB	118, 168, 177
RGB Percent	46%, 66%, 69%
CMY	0.5373, 0.3420, 0.3059
CMYK	0.33, 0.05, 0.00, 0.31
HSL	189°, 27%, 58%
HSV	189°, 33%, 69%
XYZ	29.3693, 34.9504, 46.7932
YIQ	154.0760, -32.6890, -7.8010

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

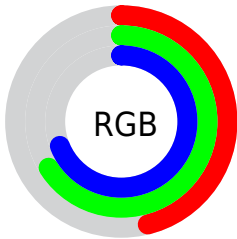
Format	Color
RYB	118, 145, 177
Decimal	7776433
CIELab	65.71, -14.17, -10.05
CIElCh	66, 17.370, 215.346
Yxy	34.9504, 0.2643, 0.3145
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285966513 (0xFF76A8B1)
YUV	154.0760, 11.3015, -31.6387
Hunter-Lab	59.1189, -14.7822, -5.5454

Details

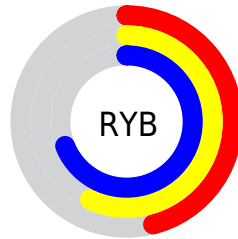
The RYB color **118, 145, 177** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **177, 129, 118**, and the grayscale version is **154, 154, 154**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **172, 200, 233**, and **66, 93, 124** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **100, 135, 177**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **136, 155, 177**.

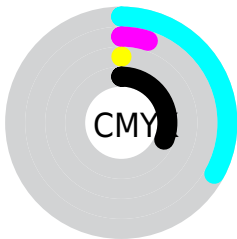
Distribution



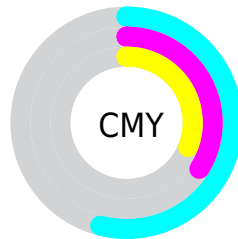
- Red (46%)
- Green (66%)
- Blue (69%)



- Red (46%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Blue (69%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (31%)



- Cyan (54%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (31%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 118, 145, 177 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 118, 145, 177 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 118, 145, 177


255, 255, 255

 172, 200, 233

 200, 227, 255

 229, 242, 255

 118, 145, 177

 92, 119, 150

 66, 93, 124

 40, 68, 100

 10, 41, 76

 0, 24, 53

 0, 14, 32

 0, 0, 6

 0, 0, 0

 118, 145, 177

 118, 145, 177

■ 100, 135, 177

■ 136, 155, 177

■ 83, 126, 177

■ 153, 164, 177

■ 65, 116, 177

■ 171, 174, 177

■ 47, 107, 177

■ 189, 179, 177

■ 30, 97, 177

■ 207, 183, 177

■ 12, 87, 177

■ 224, 185, 177

■ 0, 81, 177

■ 242, 189, 177

■ 255, 193, 177

■ 255, 197, 177

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



121, 147, 169



118, 145, 177



127, 150, 187

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



118, 145, 177



182, 150, 173



142, 169, 129

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



118, 145, 177



177, 129, 118

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



183, 171, 132



118, 145, 177



191, 149, 157

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



118, 145, 177



166, 155, 185



191, 152, 142



134, 164, 147

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



118, 145, 177



139, 155, 190



191, 152, 142



154, 174, 129

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



118, 145, 177



207, 217, 230



118, 169, 177



101, 107, 115



242, 242, 242



115, 115, 115

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



118, 145, 177



138, 180, 230



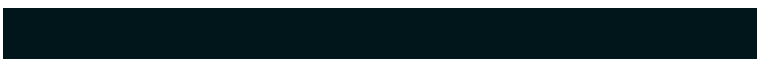
118, 133, 177



80, 84, 89



0, 70, 153



0, 12, 26

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



177, 118, 168



230, 138, 215



151, 177, 118



89, 80, 88



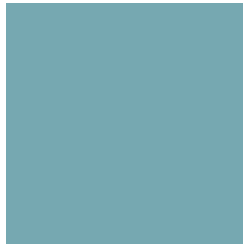
153, 0, 129



26, 0, 22

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 118, 145, 177 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

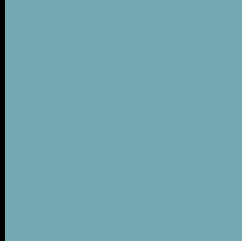
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 118, 145, 177 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

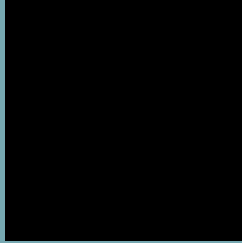
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 118, 145, 177 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 118, 145, 177.

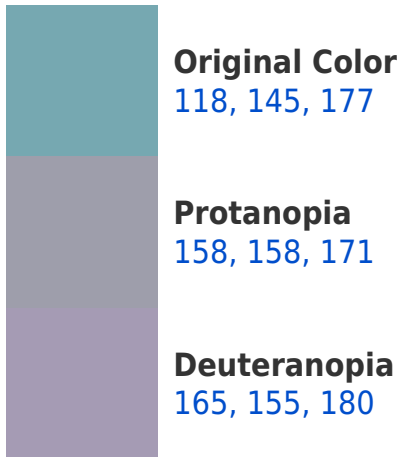


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 118, 145, 177.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
119, 146, 181

Trichromacy



Original Color

118, 145, 177

Protanomaly

143, 155, 173

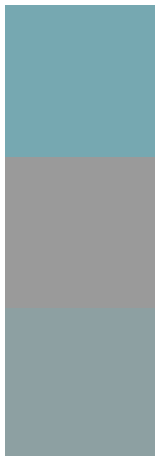
Deuteranomaly

148, 157, 179

Tritanomaly

119, 146, 180

Monochromacy



Original Color

118, 145, 177

Achromatopsia

154, 154, 154

Achromatomaly

141, 151, 162

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 118, 145, 177 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(118, 168, 177)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(118, 168, 177)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(118, 168, 177) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(118, 168, 177) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 118, 145, 177 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(118, 168, 177) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(118, 168, 177) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(118, 168, 177)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(118, 168, 177); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(118, 168, 177);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(118, 168,  
177) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 118, 145, 177 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(118, 168, 177) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(118,  
168, 177) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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