

Converting Colors

`RYB(118, 71, 128)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(118, 71, 128) contains.

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Color

R_YB(118, 71, 128)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	764780
RGB	118, 71, 128
RGB Percent	46%, 28%, 50%
CMY	0.5373, 0.7216, 0.4980
CMYK	0.08, 0.45, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	289°, 29%, 39%
HSV	289°, 45%, 50%
XYZ	13.6207, 9.9165, 21.6183
YIQ	91.5510, 9.7150, 27.6910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

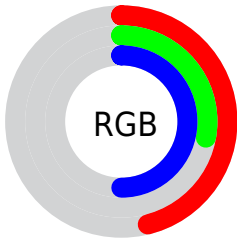
Format	Color
R_{YB}	118, 71, 128
Decimal	7751552
CIE Lab	37.69, 30.22, -24.10
CIE LCh	38, 38.655, 321.424
Yxy	9.9165, 0.3016, 0.2196
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285941632 (0xFF764780)
YUV	91.5510, 17.9694, 23.1958
Hunter-Lab	31.4905, 22.0989, -18.6592




Details

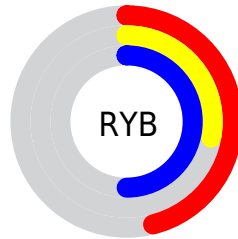
The RYB color **118, 71, 128** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663366**. A complement of this color would be **71, 128, 118**, and the grayscale version is **91, 91, 91**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **171, 121, 181**, and **68, 24, 78** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **116, 58, 128**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **120, 84, 128**.

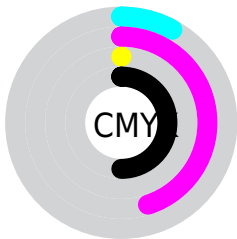
Distribution







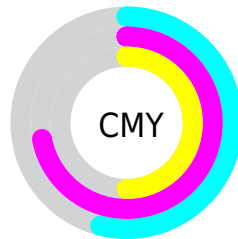
-  Red (46%)
-  Green (28%)
-  Blue (50%)






-  Red (46%)
-  Yellow (28%)
-  Blue (50%)



-  Cyan (8%)
-  Magenta (45%)
-  Yellow (0%)
-  Black (50%)



-  Cyan (54%)
-  Magenta (72%)
-  Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 118, 71, 128 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 118, 71, 128 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



118, 71, 128



118, 71, 128

255, 255, 255



93, 47, 103



171, 121, 181



68, 24, 78



199, 147, 209



44, 1, 55



227, 174, 237



23, 0, 34



255, 201, 255



0, 0, 7



255, 230, 255



0, 0, 0



118, 71, 128



118, 71, 128



116, 58, 128



120, 84, 128



114, 45, 128



122, 97, 128

■ 111, 33, 128

■ 125, 109, 128

■ 109, 20, 128

■ 127, 122, 128

■ 107, 7, 128

■ 128, 135, 134

■ 106, 0, 128

■ 128, 148, 145

■ 128, 161, 155

■ 128, 173, 165

■ 128, 186, 176

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



74, 83, 147



118, 71, 128



141, 61, 99

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



118, 71, 128



66, 113, 23



0, 54, 111

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



118, 71, 128



71, 128, 118

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 59, 103



118, 71, 128



26, 94, 36

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



118, 71, 128



135, 87, 41



45, 97, 100



0, 58, 137

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



118, 71, 128



146, 60, 78



45, 97, 100



0, 53, 104

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



118, 71, 128



162, 144, 166



71, 80, 128



82, 71, 84



212, 212, 212



84, 84, 84

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



118, 71, 128



150, 78, 166



128, 71, 110



63, 57, 64



105, 0, 128



0, 0, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



128, 71, 81



166, 78, 93



71, 114, 128



64, 57, 58



128, 0, 22



0, 0, 0

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 118, 71, 128 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

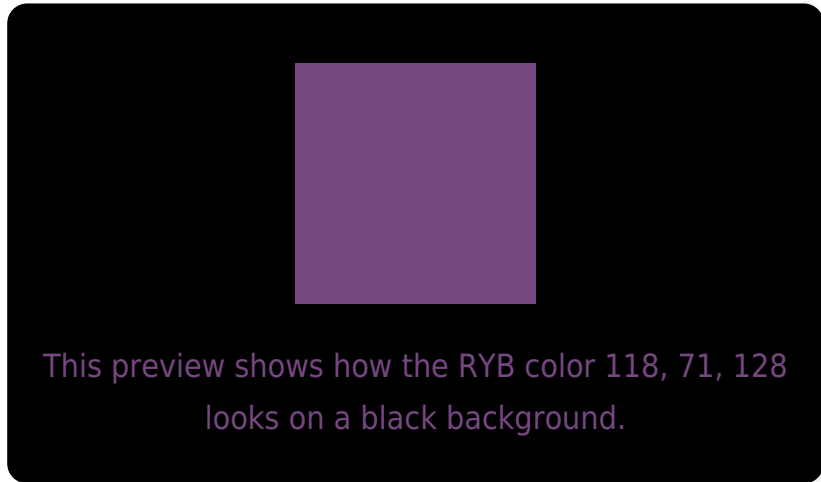
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

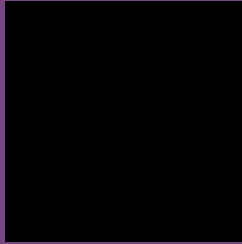
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 118, 71, 128 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 118, 71, 128.

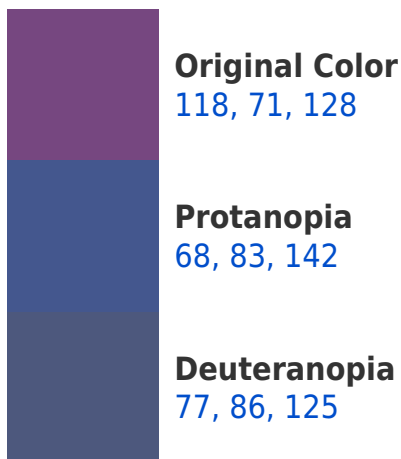


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 118, 71, 128.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
112, 80, 87

Trichromacy



Original Color
118, 71, 128

Protanomaly
86, 81, 137

Deuteranomaly
92, 82, 126

Tritanomaly
114, 77, 102

Monochromacy



Original Color
118, 71, 128

Achromatopsia
92, 92, 92

Achromatomaly
101, 84, 105

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 118, 71, 128 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(118, 71, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(118, 71, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(118, 71, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(118, 71, 128) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 118, 71, 128 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(118, 71, 128) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(118, 71, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(118, 71, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(118, 71, 128); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(118, 71, 128);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(118, 71,  
128) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 118, 71, 128 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(118, 71, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(118, 71,  
128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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