

Converting Colors

`RYB(118, 99, 198)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(118, 99, 198) contains.

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Color

R_YB(118, 99, 198)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7663C6
RGB	118, 99, 198
RGB Percent	46%, 39%, 78%
CMY	0.5373, 0.6118, 0.2235
CMYK	0.40, 0.50, 0.00, 0.22
HSL	252°, 46%, 58%
HSV	252°, 50%, 78%
XYZ	22.1261, 16.8524, 55.5128
YIQ	115.9670, -20.4550, 34.8170

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

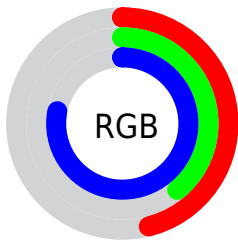
Format	Color
RYB	118, 99, 198
Decimal	7758790
CIELab	48.07, 31.40, -49.30
CIElCh	48, 58.453, 302.493
Yxy	16.8524, 0.2342, 0.1783
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285948870 (0xFF7663C6)
YUV	115.9670, 40.4423, 1.7829
Hunter-Lab	41.0517, 24.3675, -51.4395

Details

The RYB color **118, 99, 198** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6666CC**. A complement of this color would be **99, 198, 118**, and the grayscale version is **116, 116, 116**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **174, 150, 255**, and **63, 52, 143** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **102, 79, 198**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **134, 119, 198**.

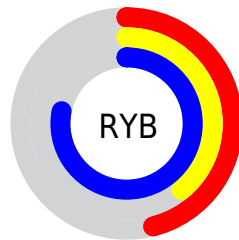
Distribution



Red (46%)

Green (39%)

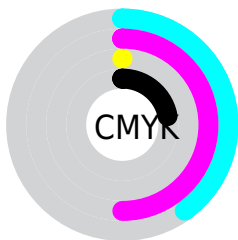
Blue (78%)



Red (46%)

Yellow (39%)

Blue (78%)

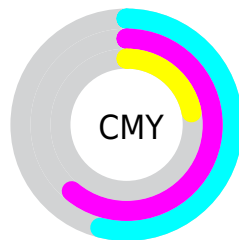


Cyan (40%)

Magenta (50%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (22%)



Cyan (54%)


Magenta (61%)

Yellow (22%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RYB color 118, 99, 198 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 118, 99, 198 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 118, 99, 198

 118, 99, 198

255, 255, 255

 91, 75, 170

 174, 150, 255

 63, 52, 143

 202, 177, 255

 33, 30, 117

 231, 205, 255

 0, 8, 92

 255, 233, 255


 0, 0, 68

 0, 3, 44

 0, 1, 23

 0, 0, 0

 118, 99, 198

 118, 99, 198

■ 102, 79, 198

■ 134, 119, 198

■ 86, 59, 198

■ 150, 139, 198

■ 70, 40, 198

■ 166, 158, 198

■ 54, 20, 198

■ 182, 178, 198

■ 38, 0, 198

■ 198, 198, 198

■ 198, 218, 202

■ 198, 238, 206

■ 198, 255, 207

■ 198, 255, 198

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 76, 213



118, 99, 198



176, 75, 161

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



118, 99, 198



172, 166, 19



0, 73, 136

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



118, 99, 198



99, 198, 118

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 89, 133



118, 99, 198



24, 133, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



118, 99, 198



197, 73, 64



15, 126, 58



0, 75, 166

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



118, 99, 198



195, 64, 129



15, 126, 58



0, 78, 136

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



118, 99, 198



224, 217, 255



99, 144, 198



109, 105, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



118, 99, 198



131, 102, 255



167, 99, 198



91, 90, 99



31, 0, 163



7, 0, 36

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



198, 99, 179



255, 102, 226



99, 198, 167



99, 90, 98



163, 0, 132



36, 0, 29

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 118, 99, 198 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 118, 99, 198 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

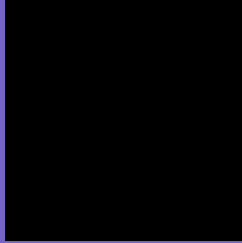
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 118, 99, 198 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 118, 99, 198.

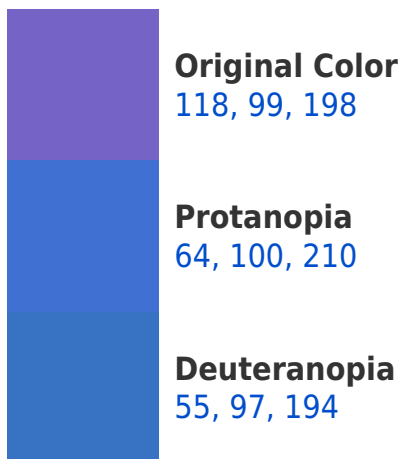


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 118, 99, 198.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
101, 110, 126

Trichromacy



Original Color
118, 99, 198

Protanomaly
84, 103, 206

Deuteranomaly
78, 103, 195

Tritanomaly
107, 110, 152

Monochromacy



Original Color
118, 99, 198

Achromatopsia
116, 116, 116

Achromatomaly
117, 110, 146

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 118, 99, 198 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(118, 99, 198)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(118, 99, 198)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(118, 99, 198) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(118, 99, 198) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 118, 99, 198 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(118, 99, 198) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(118, 99, 198) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(118, 99, 198)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(118, 99, 198); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(118, 99, 198);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(118, 99,  
198) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 118, 99, 198 is called "background".

The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(118, 99, 198) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(118, 99,  
198) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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